Civil Engineers · Environmental Engineering · Land Surveying · Wetlands · Transportation · Permitting

February 12, 2016

Tina Heath District Wetlands Ecologist Watershed Management Division 1 National Life Drive, Main 2 Montpelier VT 05620-3522

RE:

Miller property, Spruce Lane, Williston

Wetland General Permit application

Dear Tina:

On behalf of the applicant, Tim Miller, we are submitting a General Permit application to allow the construction of a driveway to the site of a proposed single-family home on Spruce Lane in Williston. You met with Mr. Miller and myself on October 1, 2015 to view the wetland and discuss regulations. We met again at your office on December 23, 2015 to discuss a preliminary site plan.

The applicant proposes to make use of an existing, culverted equipment access road for the driveway to one of three proposed house sites on this 41-acre property. The proposed driveway would impact 2,901 sq ft of wetland buffer.

Enclosed are the application, check for the application fee, supporting documentation, and the project plans. If you have any questions or need additional information, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Brian Tremback

Certified Professional Soil Scientist

Licensed Designer, Class B

Wetland Scientist

brian@LDengineering.com

cc:

Tim Miller

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#### Page 18

# Vermont Wetland Section Wetland Application Database Form (AFFIX TO THE FRONT OF THE APPLICATION)

REGEIVED FEB 1 7 2016

Representative Name: Brian Tremback **Applicant Name: Tim Miller** County: Chittenden Town where project is located: Williston Project Location Description: 186 Spruce Lane 911 Street Address or direction from nearest intersection Project Summary:Construction of a driveway and utilities through wetland buffer to serve a new singleamily home on Lot 2 Permit Type Requested (check all that apply) ☐ Wetland Determination ☐ Vermont Wetland Permit Impact Calculations: Total up proposed impacts from wetland tables listed below Total Wetland Impact Osquare feet (s.f.) Total Buffer Zone Impact 2901square feet (s.f.) **Total Wetland Clearing** Osquare feet (s.f.) Total Buffer Zone Clearing Osquare feet (s.f.) (qualified linear projects only) (qualified linear projects only) Permit Fees: Make check payable to - State of Vermont Wetland Impact Fee: (\$0.75/sf) \$0.00 \$240 Administrative Fee: Buffer Impact Fee: (\$0.25/sf) \$725.25 Total Check Amount: \$965.25 Clearing Fee: (\$0.25/sf) \$0.00 **Existing Land Use Type:** Forestry Residential (Subdivision) ☐ Industrial/ commercial (check all that apply) Agriculture Transportation ☐ Parks/Rec/Trail Residential (Single ☐ Institutional □ Undeveloped Family) ⊠ Residential **Proposed Land Use Type:** ☐ Forestry Industrial/ commercial (Subdivision) (check all that apply) ☐ Agriculture Transportation Parks/Rec/Trail ☐ Residential (Single Institutional ☐ No Change Family) Proposed Impact Type: ☐ Buildings ☐ Utilities ☐ Parking ☐ Septic/Well Stormwater (check all that apply) Driveway ☐ Road ☐ Parks/Path ☐ Agriculture ☐ Pond ☐ Lawn ☐ Dry Hydrant ☐ Beaver dam alteration ☐ Silviculture ☐ Aesthetics ☐ Other ☐ No Impact Location: Lot 2 Wetland 1: (Label using Wetland ID from application if applicable, use supplemental sheets if more than one wetland is being impacted) Wetland Type: PEM - Emergent WetlarWL Size Class: <1 acre **Proposed Alterations** Wetland Alteration: **Buffer Zone Alteration:** Wetland Alteration Type (check all that apply) Wetland Fill: 0s.f. Dredge □ Drain Temporary: 0s.f. Temporary: ☐Cut Vegetation ☐Stormwater 0 s.f Permanent: : 0s.f. Permanent: : 2901 s.f ⊠Trench/Fill ☐ Other Mitigation Buffer Zone **Avoidance and Minimization** Wetland: s.f. s f (s.f. of wetland NOT impacted): Wetland Mitigation: (s.f. Gained) **Buffer Zone Mitigation (s.f. Gained):** Restoration s.f. Enhancement s.f. Restoration s.f. Enhancement s.f Creation s.f. Conservation s f Creation s f Conservation s.f Reason for Mitigation: Correction of Violation Mitigation to offset permit ☐ Voluntary impacts

### All Applications Should be Mailed To:

Vermont Wetlands Program Watershed Management Division One National Life Drive, Main 2 Montpelier, VT 05620-3522

	S	taff To Complete		
Wetland Project Number	r:			
Wetland Project Name:		DEC ID#:		
<b>Date Application Receive</b>	ed:			
Request for Information Date:		Information Re	eceived Date:	
Request for Information Date:		Information Re	eceived Date:	
Date Application Complete:		Distribution Co	omplete Date:	
Notice Begin Date:		Notice End Dat	Notice End Date:	
Final Action Date:		Public Meeting	Date:	
Check#	Check Am	ount	Date Check Received	
Check#	Check Am	ount	Date Check Received	

# **Vermont Wetland Permit Application/Determination Petition**

QUESTION	INSTRUCTIONS AND APPLICANT ANSWER	STAFF NOTE
1. Applicant	If the applicant is someone other than the landowner, the landowner information must also be included below.	
1.1. Applicant Name	Timothy Miller	
1.2. Applicant Address	186 Spruce Lane Williston, VT 05495	11.00
1.3. Applicant Phone Number	802-233-1497	
1.4. Applicant Email	tmiller@rem-development.com	
1.5. Applicant Signature (original signature requi	red)   contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge.   Date:   2-/2-//	
2. Representative	Consultant, engineer, or other representative that is responsible for filling out this application, if other than the applicant or landowner	
2.1. Representative Na		
2.2. Representative Add	VT 05452	
2.3. Representative Pho Number	one 802-878-4450	
2.4. Applicant Email	brian@LDengineering.com	
2.5. Representative Signature (original signature requir	By signing this application you are certifying that all the information contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge.  Date:  X Muau X Muau X 2-12-16	
3. Landowner	Landowner must sign the application. Use this space if landowner is different from the applicant	
3.1. Landowner Name	Tim Miller	
3.2. Landowner Address	s 186 Spruce Lane Williston, VT 05495	
3.3. Landowner Phone Number	802-233-1497	
3.4. Landowner Email	tmiller@rem-development.com	
3.5. Landowner Easeme	Attach copies of any easements, agreements or other documents conveying permission, and agreement with the landowner stating who will be responsible for meeting the terms and conditions of the permit. List the attachment for this information in this section.  Not applicable	
3.6. Landowner Signatu (original signature require	ed) contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge.  Date:  2-12-16	
Location of Wetland and Project	Location description should include the road the wetland is located on, the compass direction of the wetland in relation to the road, 911 street address if available, and any other distinguishing geographic features.	

· K	/P Application 07/15/15	Page 2 186 Spruce Lane, Williston		
5.	Site Visit Date and Attendees	Date of visit with District Wetlands Ecologist	List people present for site visits including Ecologist, landowner, and representatives.	
		October 1, 2015	Tina Heath, Tim Miller	
6.	Wetland Classification	The wetland is a Class II we The wetland meets the pres	etland because (Choose one): sumption of significance	
7.	Description of Entire Wetland or Wetland Complex	complex. A wetland comple	ons regarding the entire wetland or wetland ex is generally defined as two or more wetland and interrelated. Specific questions about the will follow.	
	7.1. Size of Wetland Complex in Acres	Can be obtained from the E wetlands 0.46 acres	nvironmental Interest Locator Map for mapped	
	7.2. Natural Community Types Present			
	7.3. Landscape Position	basin, edge of a stream, sh	ed on the landscape? Examples: bottom of a core of a lake, etc. with groundwater seeps and artificial swales	
	7.4. Wetland Hydrology	Describe the main source of any river, streams, lakes an Precipitation and groundwa		
		Include answers to the follo	wing where appropriate:	
	7.4.1. Direction of flow	For example: stream flows Surface water flows from ea	from north to south through the wetland complex.	
	7.4.2. Influence of	L	ides flood water to the wetland in the spring.	
	hydrology on wetland complex	hardpan (dense basal till). ( times of high precipitation a where subsurface flow is slo overlying hardpan is at its the concentrate surface and gro	nallow groundwater table that is perched on Broundwater is discharged to the surface during and snow melt. Groundwater seeps are located by lessening slope or where permeable soil ninnest. The artificial swales intercept and bundwater flows, creating localized soil saturation	
<del></del>	7.4.3. Relation to the	and ponding.  Distance between the proje	ct area and any nearby surface waters.	
	project area		it 1,200 ft from a tributary of Allen Brook.	
	7.4.4. Hydroperiod		ition of flooding, ponding, and/or soil saturation. shallow ponding in the wetland in the spring and precipiation.	
	7.5. Surrounding Landuse of the Wetland Complex	Rural residential	al and forested; agricultural and undeveloped,	
. —	7.6. Relation to Other Nearby Wetlands	enough to contribute to the The wetland drains via ditch	wetlands or wetland complexes that are close overall function of the wetland in question.  and swale to a tributary of Allen Brook. VSWI ands associated with the floodplains of the	
	7.7. Pre-project Cumulative Impacts to the Wetland	influence the wetland. Exan encroachments off the subje- the wetland, or developmen	ping impacts outside of the project that may apples include but are not limited to wetland ect property, land management in or surrounding that influences hydrology or water quality. Eacted to mowing since the swales were dug in the	

VVVP Application 07/15/15	Page 3	
8. Description of Subject Wetland	Subject Wetland is defined as the area of wetland in the project area, but not limited to the portion of the wetland to be directly impacted by the project. For the purposes of this application, the subject wetland should encompass any portion of the larger wetland or wetland complex that could be directly or indirectly impacted by the project, as defined by hydrology, vegetation and/or physical characteristics.	
8.1. Context of Subject Wetland	Describe where the subject wetland is in the context of the larger wetland or wetland complex described above.  Because of its small size, the subject wetland is considered the same as the wetland complex.	
8.2. Wetland Landuse	For example: mowed lawn; old field; naturally vegetated. Describe any previous and ongoing disturbance in the subject wetland.  Mowed field	
8.3. Wetland Vegetation	List dominant wetland community type and associated dominant plant species. Reed canary grass, redtop, common buttercup, sedges, and rushes	
8.4. Wetland Soils	Use USDA NRCS information where possible and use the ACOE Delineation Manual soil description Cabot silt loam, Depleted Below Dark Surface	
8.5. Wetland Hydrology	Use descriptions from the ACOE Delineation Manual. High Water Table, Saturation, Drainage Patterns, Geomorphic Position	
8.6. Buffer Zone	Describe the buffer zone of the subject wetland including:	
8.6.1. General landuse	For example: mowed road shoulder; forested; old field; paved road and residential lawns etc. Describe any previous and ongoing disturbance in the buffer zone.  Mowed field, residential lawn, driveway	
8.6.2. Buffer vegetation	List community type and dominant plant species Red fescue, timothy, red clover, white clover, dandelion, sugar maple, white ash	
8.6.3. Buffer soils	Use USDA NRCS information where possible, and the ACOE Delineation Manual soil description Peru fine sandy loam	

9. Wetland Determination	If the application involves a wetland determination please answer the following. If not, skip to Section 10.	
9.1. Reason for Petition	Please choose one from the dropdown menu:  Add a Section 4.6 presumed wetland to the VSWI map	
9.2. Previous Decisions	Please list all determinations and decisions, if any, issued by the Secretary, Panel or former Water Resources Board, pertaining to the wetland or buffer at issue:	
9.3. Narrative	Please provide any narrative to support the petition for a wetland determination here. This section is not required for petitions to add a Section 4.6 presumed wetland to the VSWI map, but is required for all other petitions.	

10. Project Description	
10.1.Overall Project	Description of the project. For example: six-lot residential subdivision; expansion of an existing commercial building, access drive to a single family residence.

VWP Application 07/15/15 Page 4 Three new single family homes are proposed. For example: To construct a residential subdivision, upgrade existing road to 10.2. Project Purpose improve access, extend a trail system To construct a residential subdivision Acreage of subject property. 10.3. Acres Owned by **Applicant** 41.21 acres 10.4. Acres Involved in the Acreage of area involved in the project. 41.21 acres Project 11. Project Details Provide details regarding specific impacts to the wetland and buffer zone List portions of the project that will specifically impact the wetland or buffer 11.1. Specific Impacts to Wetland and Buffer Construction of a driveway and utilities for the single family home on Lot 2 Zone 11.2.Dimension Details Square footage of buildings, dimension of roads including fill footprint. A 12 feet wide gravel driveway is proposed. The utilities will be installed on the shoulders of the driveway. A 14' wide fill footprint is proposed. Culvert circumference, length, placement and shapes, or bridge details. 11.3. Bridges and Culverts The driveway will utilize an existing culvert that presently links the wetland on each side of the proposed driveway. A new culvert may also be installed outside the wetland and buffer to maintain existing drainage patterns. Describe any details pertaining to the worked planned in the wetland and 11.4. Construction Sequence buffer in terms of sequence or phasing that is relevant The utilities will be installed first, followed by driveway construction. List any stormwater permits obtained or applied for. Describe any 11.5.Stormwater Design stormwater and/or erosion controls proposed to prevent discharges to the wetland and buffer zone. Stormwater runoff from the driveway and homesite will flow overland across vegetated terrain. Temporary silt fence will be installed along the downslope edge of the limits of disturbance prior to construction, and removed after final stabilization. 11.6 Permanent Describe any plantings, fencing, signage, or other memorialization that provides permanent on-the-ground boundaries for the limits of disturbance **Demarcation of Limits** for ongoing uses. of Impact The proposed driveway will be staked prior to construction. The constructed driveway will be 12 feet wide. 12. Wetland and Buffer Zone **Impacts** Summarize the square footage of impact in the appropriate category. If 12.1.Wetland Impacts more than one wetland is impacted, provide that information and use the supplemental wetland sheets. **Totals** Wetland Fill 0 s.f. Temporary Wetland Impact 0 s.f. Other Permanent Wetland Impact 0 s.f. Describe in detail the proposed impact.

VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 5 Summarize the square footage of impact in the appropriate category. If		
12.2.Buffer Zone Impacts	more than one wetland is impacted, provide that information and use the supplemental wetland sheets.		
	Totals		
	Temporary Buffer Impact 0 s.f.		
	Permanent Buffer Impact 2901 s.f.		
	Describe in detail the proposed impact.		
	Construction of a driveway and utilities for the single family home on Lot 2. The proposed driveway follows an old farm drive and will utilize the existing culvert installed for the farm drive.		
12.3.Cumulative Impacts	List any potential cumulative or ongoing, direct and indirect impacts on the functions of the wetland that could result from the proposed project.  Higher density of residential use		
12.4.Avoidance and Minimization	Please refer to Section 9.5b of the rules on Mitigation Sequencing for this section.		
12.4.1. Avoidance	Can the proposed activity be practicably located outside the wetland/buffer zone, or on another site owned or controlled by the applicant or reasonably available to satisfy the basic project purpose? If not, indicate why. This answer should include any examination of alternatives that you have explored including using other properties, requesting easements, and altering the project design.  The driveway will follow an old farm drive through the wetland buffer, avoiding impacts to the wetland. The driveway is necessary to access the upland portion of the site for construction of a single family home.		
12.4.2. Minimization	If the proposed activity cannot practicably be located outside the wetland/buffer zone, have all practicable measures have been taken to avoid adverse impacts on protected functions? Please include any information on on-site alternatives that have been examined; minimizing the size and scope of the project to avoid impacts; or relocating portions of the project to avoid impacts  The installation of the forcemain for Lot 4 will avoid wetland and buffer impacts by using a trenchless method.		
12.4.3. Mitigation	If avoidance of adverse effects on protected functions cannot be practically achieved, has the proposed activity has been planned to minimize adverse impacts on the protected functions and a plan has been developed for the prompt restoration of any adverse impacts on protected functions? Include any information on best management practices to be used for the project both for the initial construction and ongoing use. Also include any proposed restoration of temporary impacts, previously disturbed wetland or buffer zones or proposed conservation that are being used to offset the proposed impacts.  Trees will be planted on Lots 2 and 4 to demarcate the edge of the wetland		
12.4.4. Compensation	buffer.  Please refer to Section 9.5c of the rules for compensation, which is appropriate when the project will result in an undue adverse impact. If compensation is proposed please include a summary here.  The project will not result in an undue adverse impact. No compensation is proposed.		
13. Supporting materials	Where appropriate list the accompanying material by title, author, date and last revision date. Submit these documents and plans with the application.		
13.1.Location map	Provide a project location map that is 8 ½" x 11" and reproducible in black and white. An Environmental Interest Locator Map is appropriate using the USGS topography map base layer, roads, and VSWI wetlands at minimum.		

VWP Application 07/15/15	The ANR Natu	Page ral Resour		ap is attached.			
13.2.Site Plans	List by title, author, date and last revision date. Plans should include wetland delineation and buffer zones, limits of disturbance, erosion controls, building envelopes and permanent memorialization.  Plan Sheet 1, Overall Site Plan, 1-11-2016, last revised 2-8-2016  Plan Sheet 3, Site & EPSC Plan, 1-11-2016  Plan Sheet 5, Details and Specifications, 1-11-2016  (all plans by Lamoureux & Dickinson)						
13.3.ACOE Delineation Forms				equired only for l	ndividual P	ermits.	
13.4.Other Supporting Documents		asements; tal for dete	agreement	t supports the aps; may include a etc.			
13.5.List of Abutters (Neighbors with land adjoining wetland or	document.		J	esses or submit		ailing	
buffer zone) 13.5.1. Newspaper Notification	notice, list the informediately required for the directly by the	newspaper  adjacent  clist of Ab  newspap  ne notice p  r.	to be used landowners utters. ***N er you list period, depe	ce requirement of here. A list of not (500 foot radius) OTE: The applicate. Use of needing on where.	ames and a of the procant will be wspaper i	addresses ject area is e billed notification	
	Wetland Fu supplemental v		eets)	(if more than on	e wetland ı		
	Functions & Values	Subject Wetland	Wetland Complex	Functions & Values	Subject Wetland	Wetland Complex	
14. Check Which Functions are	Flood/Storm Storage			RTE Species			
Present in the Subject Wetland and in the Wetland	Surface & Groundwater Protection		$\boxtimes$	Education & Research			
Complex.	Fish Habitat			Recreation/ Economic			
	Wildlife Habitat			Open Space/ Aesthetics			
	Exemplary Natural Community			Erosion Control			
15.Coverage under Vermont General Wetland Permit	If applying to Determination the remaining of the If applying to the I	on, plea ng applic for Cove rmit, ple	se procee cation que rage unde ase comp	Vermont Wetled to number estions.  er the Vermonlete question	16 and a	answer	

15.1.VWP Vermont General Permit eligibility

checklist

If applying for coverage under the Vermont General Wetland Permit, please verify the following to complete the application:

☑The activity qualifies as an eligible activity for coverage under the Vermont General Wetland Permit

VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 7	
	proposed project in the Vermont Wetland General Permit	
	⊠The activity does not qualify as an Allowed Use under Section 6 of the Vermont Wetland Rules.	
	☑The activity will not result in an undue adverse impact on protected wetland functions and values, nor does it need additional conditions to protect functions and values.	
	☑ All impacts have been avoided and minimized to the greatest extent possible.	
	☑The wetland complex is not significant for Function 5.5 Exemplary Wetland Natural Community or 5.6 Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Habitat.	
	⊠The activity is not located in or adjacent to a vernal pool, fen, or bog.	
	☑The wetland is not at or above 2,500' in elevation (headwaters wetland).	
	☑The project is not located in a Class I wetland or associated buffer zone.	
	☑The activity is not an as-built project that constitutes a violation of the Vermont Wetland Rules.	
Stop here if applying for Covera	age under the Vermont General Wetland Permit	

Complete the following Functions and Values checklist if applying for an Individual Wetland Permit and/or a Wetland Determination			
Functions and Values	For each Function and Value, first evaluate the entire wetland or <b>wetland complex</b> and check all that apply. Secondly, evaluate how the wetland in the project area contributes to that function. Thirdly explain how the project will not result in adverse impacts to this function. Include any information on specific avoidance and minimization measures.  If more than one wetland complex is involved, use the Supplemental Wetland Forms.		
16. Storage for Flood Water and Storm Runoff	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.		
	Constricted outlet or no outlet and an unconstricted inlet.		
	Physical space for floodwater expansion and dense, persistent, emergent vegetation or dense woody vegetation that slows down flood waters or stormwater runoff during peak flows and facilitates water removal by evaporation and transpiration.		
	If a stream is present, its course is sinuous and there is sufficient woody vegetation to intercept surface flows in the portion of the wetland that floods.		
	Physical evidence of seasonal flooding or ponding such as water stained leaves, water marks on trees, drift rows, debris deposits, or standing water.		
	Hydrologic or hydraulic study indicates wetland attenuates flooding.		
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this		

VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 8	
	function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.	
	Significant flood storage capacity upstream of the wetland, and the wetland in question provides this function at a negligible level in comparison to upstream storage (unless the upstream storage is temporary such as a beaver impoundment).	
	Wetland is contiguous to a major lake or pond that provides storage benefits independently of the wetland.	
	Wetland's storage capacity is created primarily by recent beaver dams or other temporary structures.	
	Wetland is very small in size, not contiguous to a stream, and not part of a collection of small wetlands in the landscape that provide this function cumulatively.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.	
	History of downstream flood damage to public or private property.	
	Any of the following conditions present downstream of the wetland, but upstream of a major lake or pond, could be impacted by a loss or reduction of the water storage function.	
	1. Developed public or private property.	
	2. Stream banks susceptible to scouring and erosion.	
	3. Important habitat for aquatic life.	
	☐ The wetland is large in size and naturally vegetated.	
	Any of the following conditions present upstream of the wetland may indicate a large volume of runoff may reach the wetland.	
	1. A large amount of impervious surface in urbanized areas.	
	2. Relatively impervious soils.	
	3. Steep slopes in the adjacent areas.	
16.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
16.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
17. Surface and Ground Water	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the	

Protection 07/15/15	following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.
	Constricted or no outlets.
	Low water velocity through dense, persistent vegetation.
	☐ Hydroperiod permanently flooded or saturated.
	Wetlands in depositional environments with persistent vegetation wider than 20 feet.
	Wetlands with persistent vegetation comprising a defined delta, island, bar or peninsula.
	Presence of seeps or springs.
	Wetland contains a high amount of microtopography that helps slow and filter surface water.
	Position in the landscape indicates the wetland is a headwaters area.
	☐ Wetland is adjacent to surface waters.
	☐ Wetland recharges a drinking water source.
	Water sampling indicates removal of pollutants or nutrients.
	Water sampling indicates retention of sediments or organic matter.
	Fine mineral soils and alkalinity not low.
	The wetland provides an obvious filter between surface water or ground water and land uses that may contribute point or nonpoint sources of sediments, toxic substances or nutrients to the wetland, such as: steep erodible slopes; row crops; dumps; areas of pesticide, herbicide or fertilizer application; feed lots; parking lots or heavily traveled road; and septic systems.
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.
	Presence of dead forest or shrub areas in sufficient amounts to result in diminished nutrient uptake.
	Presence of ditches or channels that confine water and restrict contact of water with vegetation.
	Wetland is very small in size, not contiguous to a stream, and not part of a collection of small wetlands in the landscape that provide this function cumulatively.
	Current use in the wetland results in disturbance that

compromises this function.

Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may

VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 10	
	indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.	
	The wetland is adjacent to a well head or source protection area, and provides ground water recharge.	
	☐ The wetland provides flows to Class A surface waters.	
	The wetland contributes to the protection or improvement of water quality of any impaired waters.	
	☐ The wetland is large in size and naturally vegetated.	
17.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
17.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
18.Fish Habitat	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Contains woody vegetation that overhangs the banks of a stream or river and provides any of the following: shading that controls summer water temperature; cover including refuges created by overhanging branches or undercut banks; source of terrestrial insects as fish food; or streambank stability.	
	Provides spawning, nursery, feeding or cover habitat for fish (documented or professionally judged). Common habitat includes deep marsh and shallow marsh associates with lakes and streams, and seasonally flooded wetlands associated with streams and rivers.	
	Documented or professionally judged spawning habitat for northern pike.	
	Provides cold spring discharge that lowers the temperature of receiving waters and creates summer habitat for salmonoid species.	
	The wetland is located along a tributary that does not support fish, but contributes to a larger body of water that does support fish. The tributary supports downstream fish by providing cooler water, and food sources.	
18.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
18.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
19. Wildlife Habitat	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	

VVVP Application 07/15/15	 Page 11	
	Provides resting, feeding staging or roosting habitat to support waterfowl migration, and feeding habitat for wading birds. Good habitats for these species include open water wetlands.	
	Habitat to support one or more breeding pairs or broods of waterfowl including all species of ducks, geese, and swans. Good habitats for these species include open water habitats adjacent shallow marsh, deep marsh, shrub wetland, forested wetland, or naturally vegetated buffer zone.	
	Provides a nest site, a buffer for a nest site or feeding habitat for wading birds including but not limited to: great blue heron, black-crowned night heron, green-backed heron, cattle egret, or snowy egret. Good habitats for these species include open water or deep marsh adjacent to forested wetlands, or standing dead trees.	
	Supports or has the habitat to support one or more breeding pairs of any migratory bird that requires wetland habitat for breeding, nesting, rearing of young, feeding, staging roosting, or migration, including: Virginia rail, common snipe, marsh wren, American bittern, northern water thrush, northern harrier, spruce grouse, Cerulean warbler, and common loon.	
	Supports winter habitat for white-tailed deer. Good habitats for these species include softwood swamps. Evidence of use includes deer browsing, bark stripping, worn trails, or pellet piles.	
	Provides important feeding habitat for black bear, bobcat, or moose based on an assessment of use. Good habitat for these types of species includes wetlands located in a forested mosaic.	
	Has the habitat to support muskrat, otter or mink. Good habitats for these species include deep marshes, wetlands adjacent to bodies of water including lakes, ponds, rivers and streams.	
	Supports an active beaver dam, one or more lodges, or evidence of use in two or more consecutive years by an adult beaver population.	
	Provides the following habitats that support the reproduction of Uncommon Vermont amphibian species including:	
	1. Wood Frog, Jefferson Salamander, Blue-spotted Salamander, or Spotted Salamander. Breeding habitat for these species includes vernal pools and small ponds.	
	2. Northern Dusky Salamander and the Spring Salamander. Habitat for these species includes headwater seeps, springs, and streams.	
	3. The Four-toed salamander; Fowler's Toad; Western or Boreal Chorus frog, or other amphibians found in	

VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 13	
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.	
	The wetland is small in size for its type and does not represent fugitive habitat in developed areas (vernal pools and seeps are generally small in size, so this does not apply).	
	The surrounding land use is densely developed enough to limit use by wildlife species (with the exception of wetlands with open water habitat). Can be negated by evidence of use.	
	The current use in the wetland results in frequent cutting, mowing or other disturbance.	
	The wetland hydrology and character is at a drier end of the scale and does not support wetland dependent species.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.	
	☐ The wetland complex is large in size and high in quality.	
	The habitat has the potential to support several species based on the assessment above.	
	☐ Wetland is associated with an important wildlife corridor.	
	The wetland has been identified as a locally important wildlife habitat by an ANR Wildlife Biologist.	
19.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
19.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
20. Exemplary Wetland Natural Community	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Wetlands that are identified as high quality examples of Vermont's natural community types recognized by the Natural Heritage Information Project of the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department, including rare types such as dwarf shrub bogs, rich fens, alpine peatlands, red maple-black gum swamps and the more common types including deep bulrush marshes, cattail marshes, northern white cedar swamps, spruce-fir-tamarack swamps, and red maple-black ash seepage swamps are automatically significant for this function.	
	The wetland is also likely to be significant if any of the following	

VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 14	
	conditions are met:	
	Is an example of a wetland natural community type that has been identified and mapped by, or meets the ranking and mapping standards of, the Natural Heritage Information Project of the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department.	
	Contains ecological features that contribute to Vermont's natural heritage, including, but not limited to:	
	Deep peat accumulation reflecting a long history of wetland formation;	
	Forested wetlands displaying very old trees and other old growth characteristics;	
	A wetland natural community that is at the edge of the normal range for that type;	
	A wetland mosaic containing examples of several to many wetland community types; or	
	A large wetland complex containing examples of several wetland community types.	
	List species or communities of concern:	
20.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
20.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
21. Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species Habitat	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Wetlands that contain one or more species on the federal or state threatened or endangered lists, as well as species that are rare in Vermont, are automatically significant for this function.	
	The wetland is also likely to be significant if any of the following apply:	
	There is creditable documentation that the wetland provides important habitat for any species on the federal or state threatened or endangered species lists;	
	There is creditable documentation that threatened or endangered species have been present in past 10 years;	
	There is creditable documentation that the wetland provides important habitat for any species listed as rare in Vermont (S1 or S2 ranks), state historic (SH rank), or rare to uncommon globally (G1, G2, or G3 ranks) by the Natural Heritage Information Project of the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department;	
	There is creditable documentation that the wetland provides	

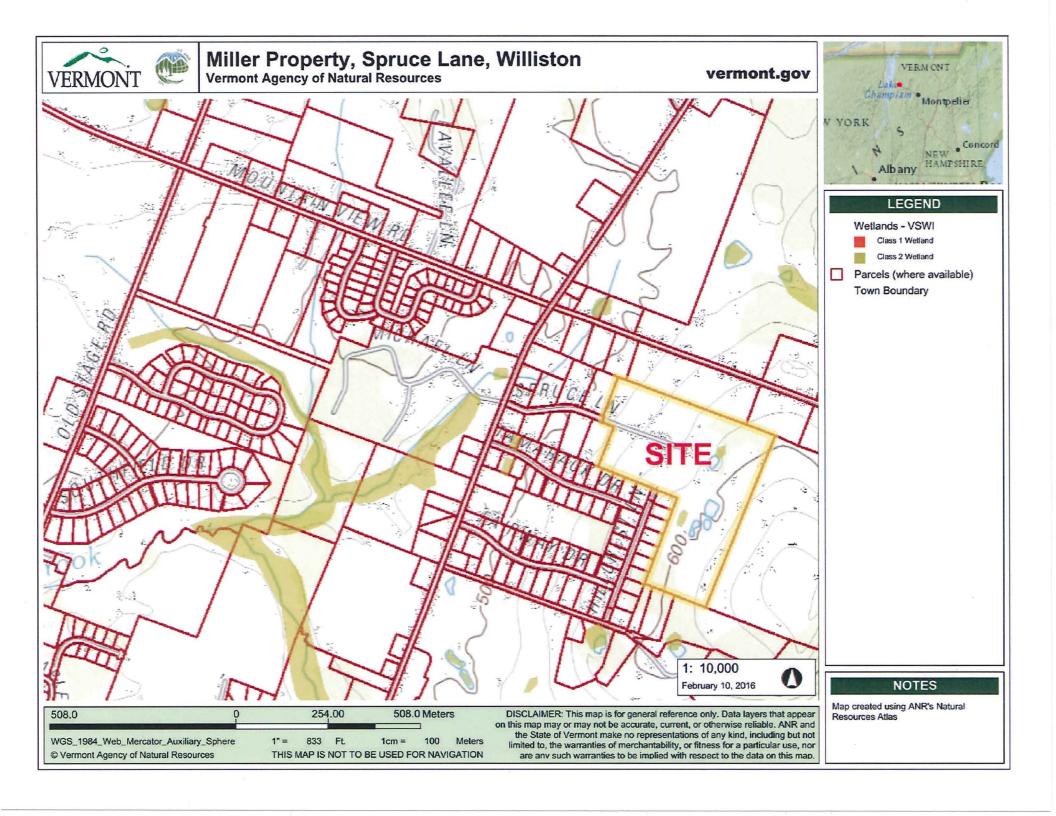
VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 15	
	habitat for multiple uncommon species of plants or animals (S3 rank).	
	List name of species and ranking:	
21.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
21.2.Statement of no adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
22. Education and Research in Natural Sciences	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Owned by or leased to a public entity dedicated to education or research.	
	History of use for education or research.	
	Has one or more characteristics making it valuable for education or research.	
22.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
22.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
23. Recreational Value and Economic Benefits	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Used for, or contributes to, recreational activities.	
	Provides economic benefits.	
	Provides important habitat for fish or wildlife which can be fished, hunted or trapped under applicable state law.	
	Used for harvesting of wild foods.	
	Comments:	
23.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
23.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
24. Open Space and Aesthetics	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	

VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 16	
	Can be readily observed by the public; and	
	Possesses special or unique aesthetic qualities; or	
	Has prominence as a distinct feature in the surrounding landscape;	
	Has been identified as important open space in a municipal, regional or state plan.	
	Comments:	
24.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
24.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
25.Erosion Control through Binding and Stabilizing the Soil	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Erosive forces such as wave or current energy are present and any of the following are present as well:  Dense, persistent vegetation along a shoreline or stream bank that reduces an adjacent erosive force.	
	Good interspersion of persistent emergent vegetation and water along course of water flow.  Studies show that wetlands of similar size, vegetation type, and hydrology are important for erosion control.	
	What type of erosive forces are present:	
	Lake fetch and waves	
	High current velocities:	
	Water level influenced by upstream impoundment	
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.	
	The stream is artificially channelized and/or lacks vegetation that contributes to controlling the erosive force.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.	
	☐ The stream contains high sinuosity.	
	Has been identified through fluvial geomorphic assessment to be important in maintaining the natural condition of the	

VWP Application 07/15/15

Page 17

	stream or river corridor.	
25.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
25.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	

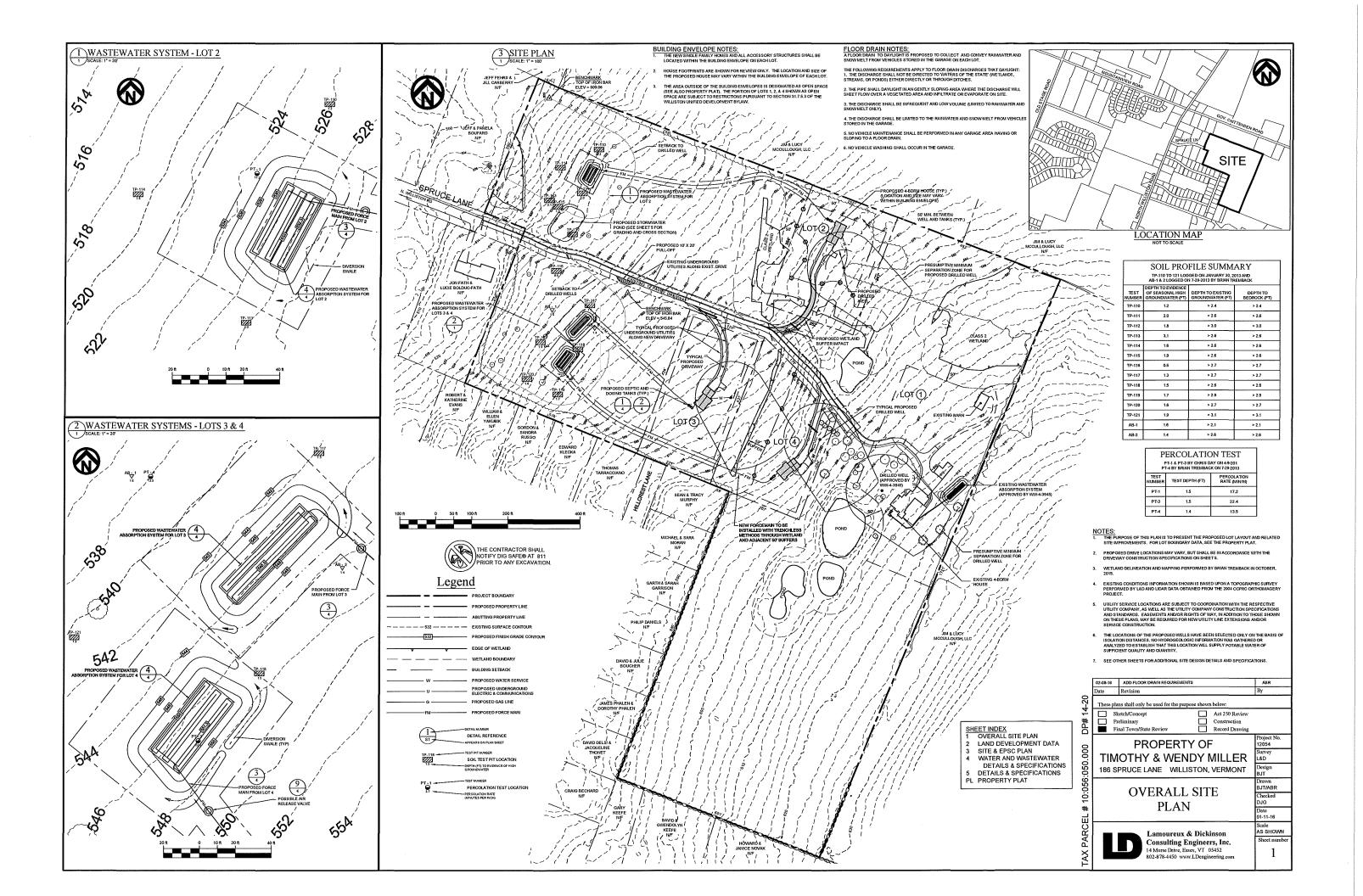




**Photo 1.** View from near the existing driveway looking north along the route of the proposed driveway near the middle of the photo. (October 16, 2015)



**Photo 2.** View from near the pond looking west. Existing driveway is at left edge of photo. Route of proposed driveway is perpendicular to the existing driveway and in the middle of the photo.



#### EROSION PREVENTION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

EROSION PREVENTION. THE MALEOWINE HAS SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL GOTIAN COVERAGE UNION GENERAL PERIOD TO CONSTRUCTION.

PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, THE HAMEOWINER AND SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL GOTIAN COVERAGE UNION GENERAL PERIOT 3-9020 WHICH REGULATES I SHOWNING THE REPORT THE PROJECT ON GUILDY AS HAWING A LOW BISK FOR IMPACTS TO VANTER COALLY. ASSESS DUPON THE FOLLOWING: ONE CONTRACTOR COMPANY AT A TIME, WITH ALL WORK ON THAT LOT CONSTRUCTION OF PRIOR SETS OF THE PROJECT OF THE FIRST LOTHOWS.

- AN ANXIMAM OF 2 ACRES TORRIST LOST LOST LOST LOST CASCALATED WITH EACH LOTHOW.

- A MAXIMAM OF 14 CONSECUTIVE DAYS BEFORE DISTURBED EARTH IS TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

THESE CRITERIA FORM THE BASIS FOR THE LOWRISK DETERMINATION. THE SPECIFIC LOT DEVELOPMENT PLANS SHALL BE EVALUATED TO COMPRIM THE LOW RISK DETERMINATION. CHANGES TO THE CRITERIA LISTED MAY AFFECT THE POTENTIAL WATER CUALITY, AND CHANGE THE RELATED PERMITTMS RECURRENTS.

WATER CAULITY, AND CHANGE. ITER RELATED PERMATINAS RECORDEMENTS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO THE LOW RISK STIFE HALDOOK, FOR EROSION PREVENTION AND SEDMENT CON
MEASURES TO BE IMPLEMENTED ON THE SITE. AT A MINIMAN, THESE SHALL INCLUDE:

-MARKINS THE LIMITS OF DISTURBED AREA TO PRESERVE EXISTING VEGETATION OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF
CONSTRUCTION

-LIMITING THE DISTURBED AREA TO THAT WHICH IS ACTIVELY BEING WORKED

-INSTALLATION OF STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT

-INSTALLATION OF STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT

-INSTALLATION OF SILT FENCE ALONG THE DOWNSLOPE PERIMETER OF THE DISTURBED AREA AND AROUND
ALL SOI, STOCKPIES

-PLACEMENT OF EROSION MATTING ON ALL SLOPES SHILT OR STEEPER, AND MULCHING ALL OTHER
DISTURBED AREAS

#### EPSC / SITE MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

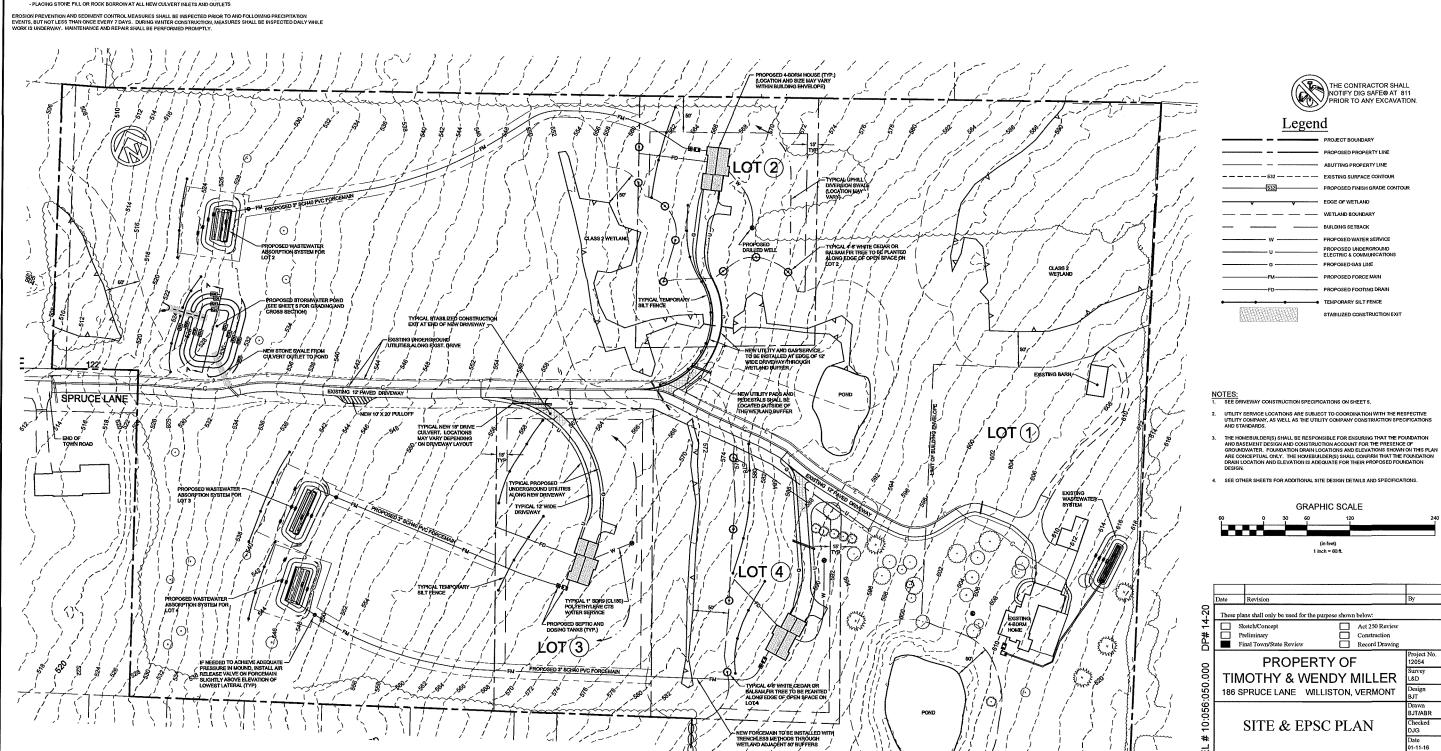
ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE PERMAUENTLY STABILIZED WITH A YIGOROUS GROWTH OF VECETATION OF THE REPORT OF SHED RUNGER AND AVOID RILLS AND RUTTING. ADD GRAVEL AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN CROWN. MAINTAIN DOVERSION DITCH UPSLOPE OF BUILDING ENVELOPES TO DAVERT UPSLOPE RUNGER AWAY FROM HOMES A YARDS DIRECT ROOFTOP GUTTER DOWNSPOUTS TO RELATIVELY FLAT VEGETATED TERRAIN TO

DIRECT ROOF IOP GUT IER MOVIND-MAIS TO RECURRENT THAT A SHARP GUT IN BUSINESS THAT IS A SHARP GUT IN BUSINESS AND A SHARP GUT IN BUSINESS AND

DEPTH IS 6" OR GRATERY

DEPTH IS 6" OR GRATERY

CULVERT INLETS/OUTLETS SHALL BE STABLE WITH NO EROSION. IF EROSION OCCURS, PLACE STONE FILL OR ROCK BORROW



Scale AS SHOWN

3

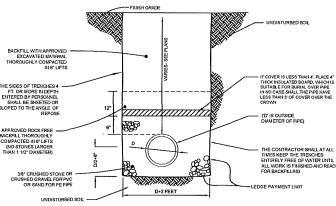
Lamoureux & Dickinson Consulting Engineers, Inc. 14 Morse Drive, Essex, VT 05452 802-878-4450 www.LDengineering.com

#### GENERAL NOTES

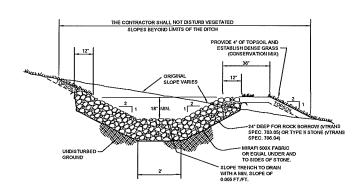
- 1. ALL WORK AND MATERIALS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST VERMONT AGENCY OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION, THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTRO DEVICES, THE TOWN OF WILLISTON PUBLIC WORKS SPECOFATIONS, AND THESE PLAYS
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT ALL UTILITIES BEFORE EXCAVATION TO VERIFY THE LOCATION OF ANY UNIDERGROUND LINES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "DISSAFE" AT 1-888-DIS-SAFE PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVA
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEMOLITION AND REMOVAL OF ALL EXISTING SURFACES, SOLS, VEGETATION, PAVELENT AND STRUCTURES HECESSARY TO CONSTRUCT THIS PROJECT UNLESS OTHERWISE MOTED ON THESE PLAIS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL EXCESS MATERIAL, DERRIS AND TRASH FROM THE SITE UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 8. ANY SURFACES, LINES, OR STRUCTURES WHICH HAVE BEEN DAWAGED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS SHALL BE RESTORED TO THE CONDITION AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT INVAICH THEY WERE FOUND INVEDIATELY PRIOR TO THE ECONTRIO OF CHARGING.
- 7. CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATION AND CERTIFICATION IS OFTEN REQUIRED BY STATE AND LOCAL PERMITS. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT CONSTRUCTION OF THE IMPROVEMENTS DETAILED ON THESE PLANS BE OBSERVED BY RECOMMENDED THAT CONSTRUCTION OF THE IMPROVEMENTS DETAILED ON THESE PLAYIS BE OSESSIVED BY LAWOURDEW, A DOCUSION CONSULTING BEIGNERS BY G. (LBD) TO DETERMINE IT THE WORK IS BEIGN PERFORMED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAYS AND SPECIFICATIONS. LBOYMARS ANY AND ALL RESPONSELTY AND LIBBLITY FOR PROBLEMS THAT MAY ARRISE FROM FAULURE TO PLOUT THESE PLAYS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND THE PLAYS AND SPECIFICATIONS ON IT THE AND THE DESIGN INTENT THAT THEY CONVEY, ANY CHANGES UNDER THE PLAYS AND SPECIFICATIONS ON IT THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS WITHOUT LOSS POR KNOWLEDGE AND AND CANSENT, ANDOR
- 8 FOR AIN WORK WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY A MINIMUM OF ONE-WAY TRAFFIC SHALL BE MANTANED AT ALL TIMES. CONTINUOUS TWO-WAY TRAFFIC WILL BE REQUIRED AT NIGHT, EURNIG FEAK-HOURS, ANDWHEIEVER POSSIBLE DURRIG ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. I SERVORARY CONSTRUCTION SIGHTS AND TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGHTS AND TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGHTS SIGHT AT APPLY.
- 9. TO ASSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE PLANIS), THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER 24 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF STARTING ANY WORK, BEGINNING INSTALLATION OF ANY UTILITIES, STARTING CONSTRUCTION, OF THE WASTEVANTER SYSTEMS, AND FRAIL INSPECTION
- 10. THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL SEPARATION FOR SEVER AND WATER LINES SHALL BE RISTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "TEN STATE STANDARDS RECOMMENCED STANDARDS F
- 11. TOPSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED, SEEDED, AND MULCHED UNTIL REUSED. SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED AND STAKED CONTINUOUSLY AROUND THE DOWNSLOPE PERIMETER OF THE TOPSOIL PILES.
- 12. HEALTHY EXISTING TREES AS SHOWN ON THE SITE PLAN TO BE SAVED SHALL BE PROTECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 13. OPEN CUT AREAS SHALL BE MULCHED OUTSIDE OF ACTUAL WORK AREAS, AND SLT FENCE SHALL BE EMPLOYED TO CONFINE SHEET WASH AND RUNOFF TO THE IMMEDIATE OPEN AREA AS ORDERED BY THE ENGINEER
- 14. AT COMPLETION OF GRADING, SLOPES, DITCHES, AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE SMOOTH AND FREE OF POCKETS WITH SUFFICIENT SLOPE TO BISURE DRAWAGE.

#### SANITARY & STORM SPECIFICATIONS

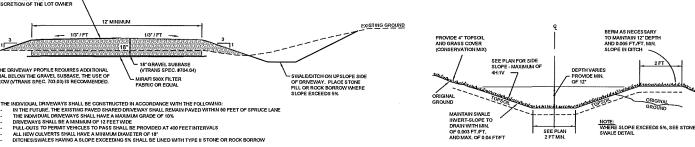
- ALL GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER PIPE SHALL BE PVC SDR 35 CONFORMING TO ASTM D-3034, ASTM D-3212, AND ASTM F-477. FORCEMAIN SEWER PIPE SHALL BE PVC SCH. 40.
- S. PIPELINE MATERIALS, METHODS, AND TESTING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE PLANS AND ANY APPLICABLE TOWN OR STATE STANDARDS



#### TYPICAL SANITARY SEWER, WATER & STORM TRENCH

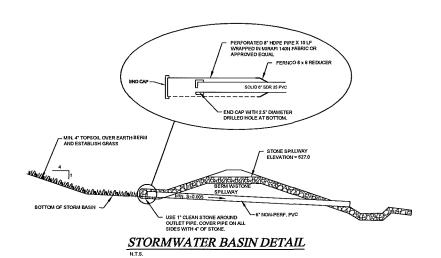


TYPICAL STONE SWALE & SPILLWAY DETAIL

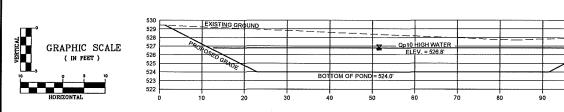


DRIVEWAY CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

## TYPICAL GRASS SWALE

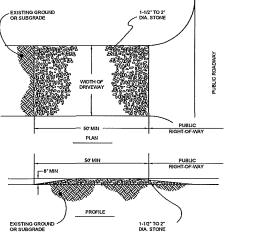


POND CROSS SECTION A-A



ROOF TOP LENGTH SLOPE 5% OR LESS SLOPE 5% OR LESS SLOPE LAND AWAY FROM BUILDING AT 5% OR LESS.
 LENGTH OF 5% OR LESS, 13 TO BE COULD. TO TO OR GREATER THAN THE CONTRIBUTING ROOFFOR LENGTH (0)
 SLOPED LAND IS TO BE VEGETATED.
 SLOPED LAND IS TO BE VEGETATED.
 WITH GUTTERS. THE ROOFFOP ARE CONTRIBUTING TO AINY ONE DOWNSPOUT LOCATION SHALL NOT EXCEED 1000 SF.
 DOWNSPOUTS MUST BE 10 FEET AWAY FROM THE NEAREST IMPERVIOUS SURFACE.

ROOFTOP DISCONNECTION



NOTES:

1. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC
RIGHTS-OF-WAY, THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND
REPAIR ANDOR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT, ALL SEDIMENT TRACKED, SPILLED, OR
WASHED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY, SHALL BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY BY THE CONTRACTOR.

- 2. THE USE OF CALCIUM CHLORIDE OR WATER MAY BE NECESSARY TO CONTROL DUST DURING THE SUMMER
- 3. PROVIDE APPROPRIATE TRANSITION BETWEEN STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.

#### STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT

SEE NOTE 1 FOR REINFORCING WHERE SILT FENCE IS LOCATED WITHIN 100 FEET OF A WETLAND, STREAM, OR RECEIVING WATER TOP VIEW OF JOINT

NOTES

1) SILT FENCE INSTALLED WITHIN 100 FEET OF A WETLAND, STREAM, OR RECEIVING WATER SHALL BE REINFORCED WITH WIRE FENCE (MIN. 14 GAUGE WIRE WITH 6" MAX, MESH SPACINGS)

2) USE ONLY MARIAL METHODS OF INSTALLATION AND CLEANING WITHIN WETLAND AND BUFFER ZONE.

3) PRIOR TO BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION OR EARTHMOVING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL A CONTRE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE SHOWN ON THE SITE PLAN.

4) FROZEN MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE USED TO KEY IN THE BOTTOM OF THE SILT FENCE. IF NECESSARY, GRANULAR BORROW SHALL BE USED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO KEY IN THE SILT FENCE RATHER THAN FROZEN NATIVE MATERIAL.

5) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL SILT FENCE AROUND THE PERIMETER OF TOPSOL STOCKPILES AND AT OTHER LOCATIONS AS NEEDED.

#### TEMPORARY SILT FENCE

