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Vermont Wetland Section

Wetland Application Database Form (AFFIX TO THE FRONT OF THE APPLICATION)

Applicant Name: Vermont Agency of TransportationRepresentative Name: DuBois & King, Inc., c/o Charlotte Brodie				
Town where project is located: Ferrisburgh County: Addison				
Project Location Description: The wetland is immediately adjacent to the VT Railway line in the Town of Ferrisburgh, south of Monkton Road and west of South Middlebrook Road, as shown on the attached NRA location map. 911 Street Address or direction from nearest intersection				
Project Summary: The project includes the installation of a new culvert using jacking techniques,				
routing of 60' of existing damaged culvert, installation of headwalls and wingwalls and placing of stone ill.				
Permit Type Requested (check all that apply)				
□ Vermont General Permit Coverage □ Wetland Determination □ Vermont Wetland Permit				
Impact Calculations: Total up proposed impacts from wetland tables listed below				
Total Wetland Impact684square feet (s.f.)Total Buffer Zone Impact3,517square feet (s.f.)				
Total Wetland Clearing (qualified linear projects only)Osquare feet (s.f.)Total Buffer Zone Clearing (qualified linear projects only)Osquare feet (s.f.)				
Permit Fees: Make check payable to - State of Vermont				
Wetland Impact Fee: (\$0.75/sf) \$513.00 Administrative Fee: \$240 Buffer Impact Fee: (\$0.25/sf) \$879.25 Total Check Amount: \$1.632.25				
Buffer Impact Fee: (\$0.25/sf) \$879.25 Total Check Amount: \$1,632.25 Clearing Fee: (\$0.25/sf) \$0.00 \$1,632.25				
Existing Land Use Type: Image: Protection Forestry Image: Residential (Subdivision) Image: Industrial/ commercial				
(check all that apply) ☐ Agriculture ☐ Transportation ☐ Parks/Rec/Trail ☐ Residential (Single ☐ Institutional ☐ Undeveloped Family)				
Proposed Land Use Type: Forestry Residential Industrial/ commercial				
(check all that apply) (Subdivision) Agriculture Transportation Parks/Rec/Trail Residential (Single Institutional No Change Family)				
Proposed Impact Type: Buildings Utilities Parking Septic/Well Stormwater				
(check all that apply) Driveway Road Parks/Path Agriculture Pond Lawn				
Dry Hydrant 🗌 Beaver dam alteration 🗌 Silviculture 🗌 Aesthetics 🛛 🖾 Other 🗌 No Impact				
Wetland 1: A(Label using Wetland ID from application if applicable, use supplemental sheets if more than one wetland is being impacted)				
Wetland Type: PEM - Emergent WetlaiWL Size Class : 1-5 acres				
Proposed Alterations				
Wetland Alteration: Buffer Zone Alteration: Wetland Alteration Type (check all that apply)				
Wetland Fill: 40s.f. Dredge Drain				
Temporary: 644s.f. Temporary: 3459 s.f Cut Vegetation Stormwater				
Permanent: : 0s.f. Permanent: : 58 s.f				
Avoidance and Minimization Wetland: 0s.f. Buffer Zone 0s.f.				
(s.f. of wetland NOT impacted):				
Wetland Mitigation: (s.f. Gained)Buffer Zone Mitigation (s.f. Gained):Restoration0s.f.Enhancement0s.f.Restoration0 s.f.Enhancement0s.f.				

vermont wetland Permit Application/Determination Petition

QUESTION	INSTRUCTIONS AND APPLICANT ANSWER				
1. Applicant	If the applicant is someone other than the landowner, the landowner information must also be included below.				
1.1. Applicant Name	VT Agency of Transportation (c/o Glenn Gingras)				
1.2. Applicant Address	One National Life Drive, Montpelier, VT 05633				
1.3. Applicant Phone Number	802.279-0583				
1.4. Applicant Email	glenn.gingras@ vermont, gov	and an international statement of the second			
1.5. Applicant Signature (original signature required)	By signing this application you are certifying that all the information contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge.				
	x Alen Divigos	Date:			
2. Representative	Consultant, engineer, or other representative that is rest this application, if other than the applicant or landowner				
2.1. Representative Name	DuBois & King, Inc.				
2.2. Representative Address	6 Green Tree Drive, South Burlington, VT 05403				
2.3. Representative Phone Number	802-728-7202				
2.4. Applicant Email	cbrodie@dubois-king.com				
2.5. Representative Signature (original signature required)	By signing this application you are certifying that all the information contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge. X Charberto The second				
3. Landowner	Landowner must sign the application. Use this space if landowner is different from the applicant				
3.1. Landowner Name	Most of the work will be completed within the State of V There will be some minor work completed outside that F require temporary construction easements to be obtained Vermont.	ROW which will			
3.2. Landowner Address	One National Life Drive				
3.3. Landowner Phone Number	(802) 279-0583				
3.4. Landowner Email	glenn. gingras @ Vermont, gov	(representative)			
3.5. Landowner Easement	Attach copies of any easements, agreements or other documents conveying permission, and agreement with the landowner stating who will be responsible for meeting the terms and conditions of the permit. List the attachment for this information in this section. All landowner easements to be obtained will state that the State of Vermont and Vermont Railway (lessee) will be responsible for all conditions of the State Wetlands Permit.				
3.6. Landowner Signature (original signature required)	By signing this application you are certifying that all the contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the t knowledge.				
X X 11/10/15 Location of Wetland and Project Location description should include the road the wetland is located on, the compass direction of the wetland in relation to the road, 911 street address if available, and any other distinguishing geographic features.					

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		adjacent to the VT Railway line in the Town of ton Road and west of South Middlebrook Road, NRA location map.
5. Site Visit Date and Attendees	Date of visit with District Wetlands Ecologist	List people present for site visits including Ecologist, landowner, and representatives.
	April 2015	Julie Foley (District Ecologist) and Charlotte Brodie (D&K Biologist)
6. Wetland Classification		etland because (Choose one):
	The wetland meets the pres	
7. Description of Entire Wetland or Wetland Complex	complex. A wetland comple	ons regarding the entire wetland or wetland ex is generally defined as two or more wetland nd interrelated. Specific questions about the will follow.
7.1. Size of Wetland Complex in Acres	Can be obtained from the E wetlands 2-5 ac.	Environmental Interest Locator Map for mapped
7.2. Natural Community Types Present		
7.3. Landscape Position	Where is the wetland locate basin, edge of a stream, sh Hillslope, Champlain Valley	
7.4. Wetland Hydrology	any river, streams, lakes ar	d minor overflow of unnamed tributary to Mud
7.4.1. Direction of flow	For example: stream flows Northerly	from north to south through the wetland complex.
7.4.2. Influence of	For example: The river prov	vides flood water to the wetland in the spring.
hydrology on wetland complex		pported by a high groundwater table, with some outary to Mud Creek during spring highwater and
7.4.3. Relation to the		ect area and any nearby surface waters.
project area	Stream flows through wetla	
7.4.4. Hydroperiod		ation of flooding, ponding, and/or soil saturation. , flooding is likely to be of fairly short duration d high rainfall events.
7.5. Surrounding Landuse of	For example: rural resident	ial and forested; agricultural and undeveloped,
the Wetland Complex	Agricultural and undevelope	
7.6. Relation to Other Nearby Wetlands		wetlands or wetland complexes that are close overall function of the wetland in question.
7.7. Pre-project Cumulative Impacts to the Wetland	influence the wetland. Exar encroachments off the subj	poing impacts outside of the project that may nples include but are not limited to wetland ect property, land management in or surrounding nt that influences hydrology or water quality. line.
8. Description of Subject Wetland	limited to the portion of the	as the area of wetland in the project area, but not wetland to be directly impacted by the project. plication, the subject wetland should encompass

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	any portion of the larger wetland or wetland complex that could be directly or indirectly impacted by the project, as defined by hydrology, vegetation and/or physical characteristics.	
8.1. Context of Subject Wetland	Describe where the subject wetland is in the context of the larger wetland or wetland complex described above. The subject wetland is at the upper end of the larger wetland complex.	
8.2. Wetland Landuse	For example: mowed lawn; old field; naturally vegetated. Describe any previous and ongoing disturbance in the subject wetland. Old field, undergoing succession.	
8.3. Wetland Vegetation	List dominant wetland community type and associated dominant plant species. The dominant vegetation includes reed canary grass and sedges, with a minor component of greystem dogwood and elm.	
8.4. Wetland Soils	Use USDA NRCS information where possible and use the ACOE Delineation Manual soil description Vergennes Clay. Soil investigations showed presence of silty loams. Depleted below dark surface (A11).	
8.5. Wetland Hydrology	Use descriptions from the ACOE Delineation Manual. Saturation (A3)	
8.6. Buffer Zone	Describe the buffer zone of the subject wetland including:	
8.6.1. General landuse	For example: mowed road shoulder; forested; old field; paved road and residential lawns etc. Describe any previous and ongoing disturbance in the buffer zone. Old field, agricultural.	
8.6.2. Buffer vegetation	List community type and dominant plant species Agricultural grasses, e.g., timothy, bluegrass	
8.6.3. Buffer soils	Use USDA NRCS information where possible, and the ACOE Delineation Manual soil description Vergennes clay. Soil investigations indicated presence of non-hydric soils.	

9. Wetland Determination	If the application involves a wetland determination please answer the following. If not, skip to Section 10.	
9.1. Reason for Petition	Please choose one from the dropdown menu:	
	Add a Section 4.6 presumed wetland to the VSWI map	
9.2. Previous Decisions	Please list all determinations and decisions, if any, issued by the Secretary, Panel or former Water Resources Board, pertaining to the wetland or buffer at issue:	
9.3. Narrative	Please provide any narrative to support the petition for a wetland determination here. This section is not required for petitions to add a Section 4.6 presumed wetland to the VSWI map, but is required for all other petitions.	

If the application is only for a Wetland Determination only, skip to Section 13

10. Project Description		
10.1.Overall Project	Description of the project. For example: six-lot residential subdivision; expansion of an existing commercial building, access drive to a single family residence.	
	The project includes the installation of a new culvert using jacking techniques, grouting of 60' of existing damaged culvert, installation of headwalls and wingwalls and placing of stone fill.	

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10.2.Project Purpose	For example: To construct a residential sub- improve access, extend a trail system			
	A large volume of water and an inadequately sized hydraulic opening, combined with surface water run-off, appears to have caused the soil directly above the outlet of the culvert to wash out. The proposed project will replace			
	the damaged culvert with a new one sized ad standards, and will stabilize the surrounding			
10.3.Acres Owned by	Acreage of subject property.	provised ROW		
Applicant 10.4.Acres Involved in the	The applicant owns the entire rail line and as Acreage of area involved in the project.			
	Less than one acre.			
Project				
11. Project Details	Provide details regarding specific impacts to	the wetland and buffer zone		
11.1.Specific Impacts to Wetland and Buffer	List portions of the project that will specifical zone.	y impact the wetland or buffer		
Zone	Permanent impacts to wetland will be limited			
20110	culvert inlet. Temporary wetland impacts are equipment and materials. Permanent impact			
	SF of of stone fill at the culvert outlet. Temp			
	associated with staging of equipment and ma	aterials.		
11.2.Dimension Details	Square footage of buildings, dimension of ro			
	Staging areas of 40' X 60' are provided on ei			
11.3.Bridges and Culverts	Culvert circumference, length, placement an Existing 4'X4' concrete pipe to be replaced w			
	steel jacked casing with 5/8" thick cement m			
11.4.Construction Sequence	Describe any details pertaining to the worked buffer in terms of sequence or phasing that is	d planned in the wetland and		
	Drainage water that is present will continue t during construction. During the jacking oper and a staging area will be temporarily installe stone fill) to allow equipment access. The ne underneath the rail line, then cement grouted wingwalls and placement of stone fill. The w the new culvert following curing of the cemen	ation, the area will be isolated ed (likely filter fabric and clean ew pipe will be jacked d, followed by construction of rater will then be re-routed into		
	grout and left in place.	it. The old pipe will be filled with		
11.5.Stormwater Design	List any stormwater permits obtained or appl stormwater and/or erosion controls proposed wetland and buffer zone.			
	Appropriate erosion and sediment control fea	atures will be in place according		
	to the low risk handbook. Features will inclu			
11.0.0	demarcation fence to isolate the work area.			
11.6.Permanent	Describe any plantings, fencing, signage, or provides permanent on-the-ground boundari			
Demarcation of Limits of Impact	for ongoing uses. None.			
12. Wetland and Buffer Zone				
Impacts				
12.1.Wetland Impacts	Summarize the square footage of impact in t more than one wetland is impacted, provide supplemental wetland sheets.			
	Totals			
	Wetland Fill	40 s.f.		
	Temporary Wetland Impact	644 s.f.		
	Other Permanent Wetland Impact	0 s.f.		

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	Describe in detail the proposed impact.
	The permanent impact is associated with stone fill at the inlet of the culvert. The temporary impact is associated with staging of materials and equipment.
12.2.Buffer Zone Impacts	Summarize the square footage of impact in the appropriate category. If more than one wetland is impacted, provide that information and use the supplemental wetland sheets.
	TotalsTemporary Buffer Impact3459 s.f.Permanent Buffer Impact58 s.f.
	Describe in detail the proposed impact.
	The permanent impact is associated with stone fill at the culvert outlet. The temporary impact is associated with the staging of equipment and materials.
12.3.Cumulative Impacts	List any potential cumulative or ongoing, direct and indirect impacts on the functions of the wetland that could result from the proposed project. None
12.4.Avoidance and Minimization	Please refer to Section 9.5b of the rules on Mitigation Sequencing for this section.
12.4.1. Avoidance	Can the proposed activity be practicably located outside the wetland/buffer zone, or on another site owned or controlled by the applicant or reasonably available to satisfy the basic project purpose? If not, indicate why. This answer should include any examination of alternatives that you have explored including using other properties, requesting easements, and altering the project design. This project involves the replacement of an existing culvert, and so impacts cannot be completely avoided.
12.4.2. Minimization	If the proposed activity cannot practicably be located outside the wetland/buffer zone, have all practicable measures have been taken to avoid adverse impacts on protected functions? Please include any information on on-site alternatives that have been examined; minimizing the size and scope of the project to avoid impacts; or relocating portions of the project to avoid impacts Minimization efforts include: Construction of a new culvert sized according to modern hydraulic standards; use of best management practices for erosion and sediment control; use of VTrans Standard Specifications for Construction; prompt removal of temporary fills and re-establishment of vegetation in disturbed areas. All equipment will be visually inspected and algorithm of a new function of and buffere
12.4.3. Mitigation	cleaned of soils prior to entering wetlands and buffers.If avoidance of adverse effects on protected functions cannot be practically achieved, has the proposed activity has been planned to minimize adverse impacts on the protected functions and a plan has been developed for the prompt restoration of any adverse impacts on protected functions? Include any information on best management practices to be used for the project both for the initial construction and ongoing use. Also include any proposed restoration of temporary impacts, previously disturbed wetland or buffer zones or proposed conservation that are being used to offset the proposed impacts.All areas that are to be temporarily disturbed will be restored to original grade and seeded and mulched.
12.4.4. Compensation	Please refer to Section 9.5c of the rules for compensation, which is appropriate when the project will result in an undue adverse impact. If compensation is proposed please include a summary here.

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13. Supporting materials	Where appropriate list the accompanying material by title, author, date and last revision date. Submit these documents and plans with the application.						
13.1.Location map	and white. An	Provide a project location map that is 8 ½" x 11" and reproducible in black and white. An Environmental Interest Locator Map is appropriate using the USGS topography map base layer, roads, and VSWI wetlands at minimum. See attached					
13.2.Site Plans	delineation and envelopes and	List by title, author, date and last revision date. Plans should include wetland delineation and buffer zones, limits of disturbance, erosion controls, building envelopes and permanent memorialization. "Ferrisburgh Culvert 99.10, Wetland Impact Sheet," designed by P. Bero, dated 11/13/15.					
13.3.ACOE Delineation	-			equired only for I		ermits.	
Forms 13.4.Other Supporting Documents	Provide any oth	her docume asements; tal for dete	entation that agreement	ulvert 99.10, 4/1 t supports the ap s; may include a etc.	oplication. I		
13.5.List of Abutters (Neighbors with land adjoining wetland or buffer zone)	Attach list of names and mailing addresses or submit as word mailing document. 1) Francis X. Moloughney 135 Windy Lane Vergennes, VT 05491 2) Peter and C. Elizabeth Markowski 462 Monkton Road						
13.5.1. Newspaper Notification	Vergennes, VT 05491 If choosing the option to fulfill the notice requirement with a newspaper notice, list the newspaper to be used here. A list of names and addresses for immediately adjacent landowners (500 foot radius) of the project area is required for the List of Abutters. ***NOTE: The applicant will be billed directly by the newspaper you list here. Use of newspaper notification may extend the notice period, depending on when the notice posts in the newspaper.						
				(if more than on	e wetland ι	ise	
	supplemental v Functions	Subject	Wetland	Functions	Subject	Wetland	
	& Values Flood/Storm	Wetland	Complex	& Values RTE Species	Wetland	Complex	
14. Check Which Functions are Present in the Subject Wetland and in the Wetland	Storage Surface & Groundwater Protection			Education & Research			
Complex.	Fish Habitat			Recreation/ Economic			
	Wildlife Habitat		\boxtimes	Open Space/ Aesthetics			
	Exemplary Natural Community			Erosion Control			
15.Coverage under Vermont General Wetland Permit		on, plea	se procee	/ermont Wet ed to number estions.			

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	If applying for Coverage under the Vermont General Wetland Permit, please complete question 15.1 prior to submitting application.	
15.1.VWP Vermont General Permit eligibility	If applying for coverage under the Vermont General Wetland Permit, please verify the following to complete the application:	
checklist	The activity qualifies as an eligible activity for coverage under the Vermont General Wetland Permit	
	The proposed project will meet the conditions applicable to the proposed project in the Vermont Wetland General Permit	
	The activity does not qualify as an Allowed Use under Section 6 of the Vermont Wetland Rules.	
	The activity will not result in an undue adverse impact on protected wetland functions and values, nor does it need additional conditions to protect functions and values.	
	All impacts have been avoided and minimized to the greatest extent possible.	
	The wetland complex is not significant for Function 5.5 Exemplary Wetland Natural Community or 5.6 Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species Habitat.	
	The activity is not located in or adjacent to a vernal pool, fen, or bog.	
	The wetland is not at or above 2,500' in elevation (headwaters wetland).	
	The project is not located in a Class I wetland or associated buffer zone.	
	The activity is not an as-built project that constitutes a violation of the Vermont Wetland Rules.	
Stop here if applying for Covera	age under the Vermont General Wetland Permit	

Complete the following Functions and Values checklist if applying for an Individual Wetland Permit and/or a Wetland Determination For each Function and Value, first evaluate the entire wetland or wetland Functions and Values **complex** and check all that apply. Secondly, evaluate how the wetland in the project area contributes to that function. Thirdly explain how the project will not result in adverse impacts to this function. Include any information on specific avoidance and minimization measures. If more than one wetland complex is involved, use the Supplemental Wetland Forms. 16. Storage for Flood Water and Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the Storm Runoff wetland provides this function. Constricted outlet or no outlet and an unconstricted inlet. \square Physical space for floodwater expansion and dense,

persistent, emergent vegetation or dense woody vegetation that slows down flood waters or stormwater runoff during peak flows and facilitates water removal by evaporation and

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			transpiration.
	[If a stream is present, its course is sinuous and there is sufficient woody vegetation to intercept surface flows in the portion of the wetland that floods.
	[Physical evidence of seasonal flooding or ponding such as water stained leaves, water marks on trees, drift rows, debris deposits, or standing water.
	[Hydrologic or hydraulic study indicates wetland attenuates flooding.
	f I C	funct provi of the	y of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this tion. Complete the following to determine if the wetland ides this function above or below a moderate level. If none e following apply, the wetland provides this function at a erate level.
			k box if any of the following conditions apply that may ate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.
	[Significant flood storage capacity upstream of the wetland, and the wetland in question provides this function at a negligible level in comparison to upstream storage (unless the upstream storage is temporary such as a beaver impoundment).
	[Wetland is contiguous to a major lake or pond that provides storage benefits independently of the wetland.
	[Wetland's storage capacity is created primarily by recent beaver dams or other temporary structures.
	[Wetland is very small in size, not contiguous to a stream, and not part of a collection of small wetlands in the landscape that provide this function cumulatively.
			k box if any of the following conditions apply that may ate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.
	[\boxtimes	History of downstream flood damage to public or private property.
	[\boxtimes	Any of the following conditions present downstream of the wetland, but upstream of a major lake or pond, could be impacted by a loss or reduction of the water storage function.
			1. Developed public or private property.
			2. Stream banks susceptible to scouring and erosion.
			3. Important habitat for aquatic life.
	[The wetland is large in size and naturally vegetated.
	[Any of the following conditions present upstream of the wetland may indicate a large volume of runoff may reach the wetland.
			 1. A large amount of impervious surface in urbanized areas.

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	2. Relatively impervious soils.			
	3. Steep slopes in the adjacent areas.			
16.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above			
	The outlet is currently quite restricted, being an undersized culvert.			
16.2.Statement of no undue	Floodwaters can spread out into dense herbaceous vegetation. Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue,			
adverse impact	adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.			
	The permanent impact to wetland and buffer totals only 98 SF. The project will replace an undersized culvert which was damaged by floodwaters. The larger, new culvert should be able to pass floodwaters without causing undue erosion as currently occurs. Floodwaters will continue to have the opportunity to spread out into dense, herbaceous vegetation.			
17. Surface and Ground Water	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the			
Protection	following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.			
	Constricted or no outlets.			
	Low water velocity through dense, persistent vegetation.			
	Hydroperiod permanently flooded or saturated.			
	Wetlands in depositional environments with persistent vegetation wider than 20 feet.			
	Wetlands with persistent vegetation comprising a defined delta, island, bar or peninsula.			
	Presence of seeps or springs.			
	Wetland contains a high amount of microtopography that helps slow and filter surface water.			
	Position in the landscape indicates the wetland is a headwaters area.			
	Wetland is adjacent to surface waters.			
	Wetland recharges a drinking water source.			
	Water sampling indicates removal of pollutants or nutrients.			
	Water sampling indicates retention of sediments or organic matter.			
	Fine mineral soils and alkalinity not low.			
	The wetland provides an obvious filter between surface water or ground water and land uses that may contribute point or nonpoint sources of sediments, toxic substances or nutrients to the wetland, such as: steep erodible slopes; row crops; dumps; areas of pesticide, herbicide or fertilizer application; feed lots; parking lots or heavily traveled road; and septic systems.			
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a			

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	moderate level.
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.
	Presence of dead forest or shrub areas in sufficient amounts to result in diminished nutrient uptake.
	Presence of ditches or channels that confine water and restrict contact of water with vegetation.
	Wetland is very small in size, not contiguous to a stream, and not part of a collection of small wetlands in the landscape that provide this function cumulatively.
	Current use in the wetland results in disturbance that compromises this function.
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.
	The wetland is adjacent to a well head or source protection area, and provides ground water recharge.
	The wetland provides flows to Class A surface waters.
	The wetland contributes to the protection or improvement of water quality of any impaired waters.
	The wetland is large in size and naturally vegetated.
17.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above
	The current outlet is constricted, and floodwaters can spread out into dense herbaceous vegetation.
17.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.The proposed culvert will be much less restricted, which should help to
	prevent erosion and sedimentation into surface waters. Floodwaters will continue to have the opportunity to spread out into dense, herbaceous vegetation.
18. Fish Habitat	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.
	Contains woody vegetation that overhangs the banks of a stream or river and provides any of the following: shading that controls summer water temperature; cover including refuges created by overhanging branches or undercut banks; source of terrestrial insects as fish food; or streambank stability.
	Provides spawning, nursery, feeding or cover habitat for fish (documented or professionally judged). Common habitat includes deep marsh and shallow marsh associates with lakes and streams, and seasonally flooded wetlands associated with streams and rivers.
	Documented or professionally judged spawning habitat for northern pike.
	Provides cold spring discharge that lowers the temperature

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	of receiving waters and creates summer habitat for salmonoid species.
	The wetland is located along a tributary that does not support fish, but contributes to a larger body of water that does support fish. The tributary supports downstream fish by providing cooler water, and food sources.
18.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above
18.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.
19. Wildlife Habitat	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.
	Provides resting, feeding staging or roosting habitat to support waterfowl migration, and feeding habitat for wading birds. Good habitats for these species include open water wetlands.
	Habitat to support one or more breeding pairs or broods of waterfowl including all species of ducks, geese, and swans. Good habitats for these species include open water habitats adjacent shallow marsh, deep marsh, shrub wetland, forested wetland, or naturally vegetated buffer zone.
	Provides a nest site, a buffer for a nest site or feeding habitat for wading birds including but not limited to: great blue heron, black-crowned night heron, green-backed heron, cattle egret, or snowy egret. Good habitats for these species include open water or deep marsh adjacent to forested wetlands, or standing dead trees.
	Supports or has the habitat to support one or more breeding pairs of any migratory bird that requires wetland habitat for breeding, nesting, rearing of young, feeding, staging roosting, or migration, including: Virginia rail, common snipe, marsh wren, American bittern, northern water thrush, northern harrier, spruce grouse, Cerulean warbler, and common loon.
	Supports winter habitat for white-tailed deer. Good habitats for these species include softwood swamps. Evidence of use includes deer browsing, bark stripping, worn trails, or pellet piles.
	Provides important feeding habitat for black bear, bobcat, or moose based on an assessment of use. Good habitat for these types of species includes wetlands located in a forested mosaic.
	Has the habitat to support muskrat, otter or mink. Good habitats for these species include deep marshes, wetlands adjacent to bodies of water including lakes, ponds, rivers

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	and streams.
	Supports an active beaver dam, one or more lodges, or evidence of use in two or more consecutive years by an adult beaver population.
	Provides the following habitats that support the reproduction of Uncommon Vermont amphibian species including:
	1. Wood Frog, Jefferson Salamander, Blue-spotted Salamander, or Spotted Salamander. Breeding habitat for these species includes vernal pools and small ponds.
	2. Northern Dusky Salamander and the Spring Salamander. Habitat for these species includes headwater seeps, springs, and streams.
	3. The Four-toed salamander; Fowler's Toad; Western or Boreal Chorus frog, or other amphibians found in Vermont of similar significance.
	Supports or has the habitat to support significant populations of Vermont amphibian species including, but not limited to Pickerel Frog, Northern Leopard Frog, Mink Frog, and others found in Vermont of similar significance. Good habitat for these types of species includes large marsh systems with open water components.
	Supports or has the habitat to support populations of uncommon Vermont reptile species including: Wood Turtle, Northern Map Turtle, Eastern Musk Turtle, Spotted Turtle, Spiny Softshell, Eastern Ribbonsnake, Northern Watersnake, and others found in Vermont of similar significance.
	Supports or has the habitat to support significant populations of Vermont reptile species, including Smooth Greensnake, DeKay's Brownsnake, or other more common wetland-associated species.
	Meets four or more of the following conditions indicative of wildlife habitat diversity:
	1. Three or more wetland vegetation classes (greater than 1/2 acre) present including but not limited to: open water contiguous to, but not necessarily part of, the wetland, deep marsh, shallow marsh, shrub swamp, forested swamp, fen, or bog;
	 2. The dominant vegetation class is one of the following types: deep marsh, shallow marsh, shrub swamp or, forested swamp;
	3. Located adjacent to a lake, pond, river or stream;
	 Fifty percent or more of surrounding habitat type is one or more of the following: forest, agricultural land, old field or open land;
	5. Emergent or woody vegetation occupies 26 to 75 percent of wetland, the rest is open water;

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	6. One of the following:
	 i. hydrologically connected to other wetlands of different dominant classes or open water within 1 mile;
	ii. hydrologically connected to other wetlands of same dominant class within 1/2 mile;
	iii. within 1/4 mile of other wetlands of different dominant classes or open water, but not hydrologically connected;
	Wetland or wetland complex is owned in whole or in part by state or federal government and managed for wildlife and habitat conservation; and
	Contains evidence that it is used by wetland dependent wildlife species.
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.
	The wetland is small in size for its type and does not represent fugitive habitat in developed areas (vernal pools and seeps are generally small in size, so this does not apply).
	The surrounding land use is densely developed enough to limit use by wildlife species (with the exception of wetlands with open water habitat). Can be negated by evidence of use.
	The current use in the wetland results in frequent cutting, mowing or other disturbance.
	The wetland hydrology and character is at a drier end of the scale and does not support wetland dependent species.
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.
	The wetland complex is large in size and high in quality.
	The habitat has the potential to support several species based on the assessment above.
	Wetland is associated with an important wildlife corridor.
	The wetland has been identified as a locally important wildlife habitat by an ANR Wildlife Biologist.
19.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed
	above The wetland complex provides minor wildlife habitat, in terms of feeding habitat for great blue herons and habitat for greensnakes and DeKay's Browsnakes. The subject wetland's wildlife habitat is less valuable than the remaining wetland's habitat due to its proximity to an active rail line.

19.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.				
	The permanent impacts to wetland and buffer are small, 98 SF total. The proposed larger culvert will provide more opportunity for aquatic organism passage.				
20. Exemplary Wetland Natural Community	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.				
	Wetlands that are identified as high quality examples of Vermont's natural community types recognized by the Natural Heritage Information Project of the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department, including rare types such as dwarf shrub bogs, rich fens, alpine peatlands, red maple-black gum swamps and the more common types including deep bulrush marshes, cattail marshes, northern white cedar swamps, spruce-fir-tamarack swamps, and red maple-black ash seepage swamps are automatically significant for this function.				
	The wetland is also likely to be significant if any of the following conditions are met:				
	Is an example of a wetland natural community type that has been identified and mapped by, or meets the ranking and mapping standards of, the Natural Heritage Information Project of the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department.				
	Contains ecological features that contribute to Vermont's natural heritage, including, but not limited to:				
	 Deep peat accumulation reflecting a long history of wetland formation; 				
	 Forested wetlands displaying very old trees and other old growth characteristics; 				
	A wetland natural community that is at the edge of the normal range for that type;				
	A wetland mosaic containing examples of several to many wetland community types; or				
	A large wetland complex containing examples of several wetland community types.				
	List species or communities of concern:				
	None.				
20.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above N/A				
20.2.Statement of no undue	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization				
adverse impact	measures relevant to this function. N/A				
21. Rare, Threatened, and	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the				
Endangered Species Habitat	following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the				

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	wetland provides this function.					
	Wetlands that contain one or more species on the federal or state threatened or endangered lists, as well as species that are rare in Vermont, are automatically significant for this function.					
	The wetland is also likely to be significant if any of the following apply:					
	There is creditable documentation that the wetland provides important habitat for any species on the federal or state threatened or endangered species lists;					
	There is creditable documentation that threatened or endangered species have been present in past 10 years;					
	There is creditable documentation that the wetland provides important habitat for any species listed as rare in Vermont (S1 or S2 ranks), state historic (SH rank), or rare to uncommon globally (G1, G2, or G3 ranks) by the Natural Heritage Information Project of the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department;					
	There is creditable documentation that the wetland provides habitat for multiple uncommon species of plants or animals (S3 rank).					
	List name of species and ranking:					
	The Town of Ferrisburgh is mapped as Indiana bat summer range. Correspondence with the USFWS indicates that trees to be cut for the project should be cut outside of the USFWS Time of Year restriction period of April 15 through October 31 for both Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat (see attached July 30, 2015 email from Susi VonOettingen).					
21.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above N/A					
21.2.Statement of no adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function. N/A					
22. Education and Research in Natural Sciences	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.					
	Owned by or leased to a public entity dedicated to education or research.					
	History of use for education or research.					
	Has one or more characteristics making it valuable for education or research.					
22.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above					
22.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.					

23. Recreational Value and Economic Benefits	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Used for, or contributes to, recreational activities.	
	Provides economic benefits.	
	Provides important habitat for fish or wildlife which can be fished, hunted or trapped under applicable state law.	
	Used for harvesting of wild foods.	
	Comments:	
23.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
23.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
24. Open Space and Aesthetics	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Can be readily observed by the public; and	
	Possesses special or unique aesthetic qualities; or	
	Has prominence as a distinct feature in the surrounding landscape;	
	Has been identified as important open space in a municipal, regional or state plan.	
	Comments:	
24.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
24.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
25. Erosion Control through Binding and Stabilizing the Soil	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	 Erosive forces such as wave or current energy are present and any of the following are present as well: Dense, persistent vegetation along a shoreline or stream bank that reduces an adjacent erosive force. 	
	Good interspersion of persistent emergent vegetation	

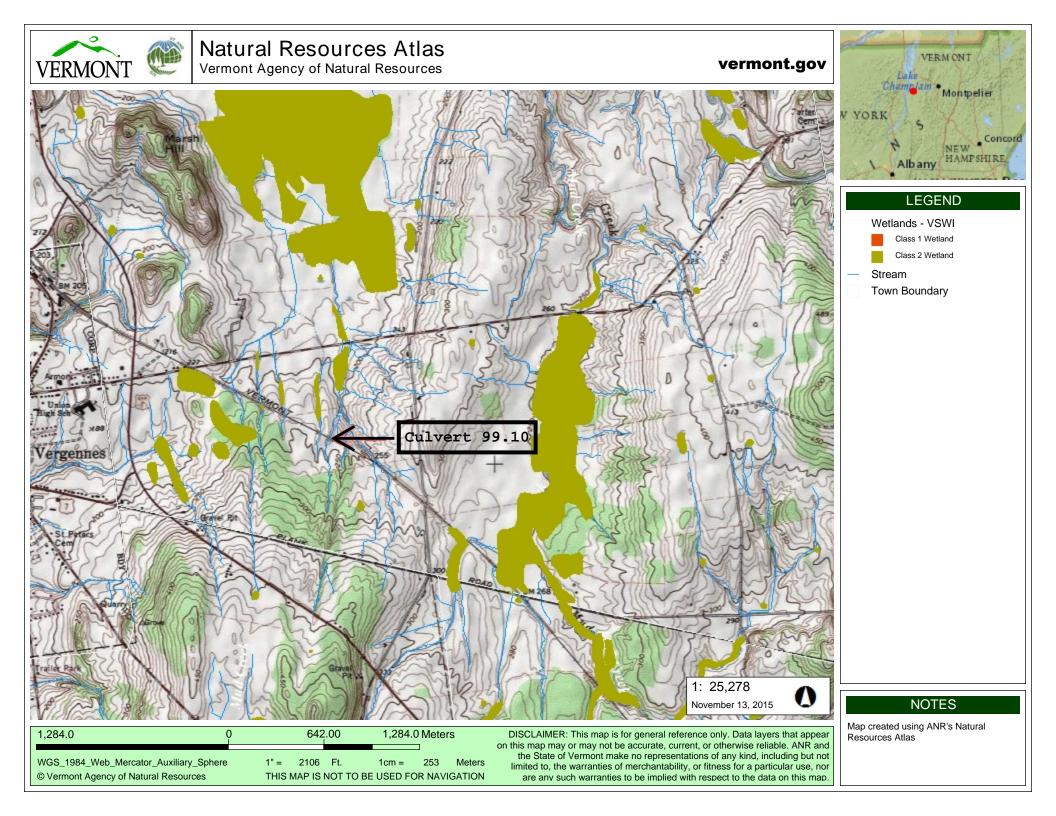
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	 and water along course of water flow. Studies show that wetlands of similar size, vegetation type, and hydrology are important for erosion control. 	
	What type of erosive forces are present:	
	Lake fetch and waves	
	High current velocities:	
	Water level influenced by upstream impoundment	
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.	
	The stream is artificially channelized and/or lacks vegetation that contributes to controlling the erosive force.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.	
	The stream contains high sinuosity.	
	Has been identified through fluvial geomorphic assessment to be important in maintaining the natural condition of the stream or river corridor.	
25.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
	The dense herbaceous vegetation along the length of the stream anchors the soil and minimizes the potential for erosion.	
25.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
	The new, larger culvert will not concentrate the flow of water as severely as the existing culvert, and therefore, the erosive forces of the stream should diminish. The permanent impacts to wetland and buffer are minimal (98 SF total). Flood flows will continue to have access to the dense, herbaceous vegetation along the riparian corridor, which will continue to slow the water and diminish erosive forces.	

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Creation	0s.f.	Conservation	0s.f	Creation	0s.f	Conservation	0s.f
Reason for Mitigation: □ Correction of Violation		of Violation	Mitigation impacts	to offset permit	Uvoluntary		

All Applications Should be Mailed To:

Vermont Wetlands Program Watershed Management Division One National Life Drive, Main 2 Montpelier, VT 05620-3522

Staff To Complete				
Wetland Project Number:				
Wetland Project Name:		DEC ID#:		
Date Application Received:				
Request for Information Date:		Information Received Date:		
Request for Information Date:		Information Received Date:		
Date Application Complete:		Distribution Complete Date:		
Notice Begin Date:		Notice End Date:		
Final Action Date:		Public Meeting Date:		
Check#	Check Amount	t	Date Check Received	
Check#	Check Amount	t Date Check Received		



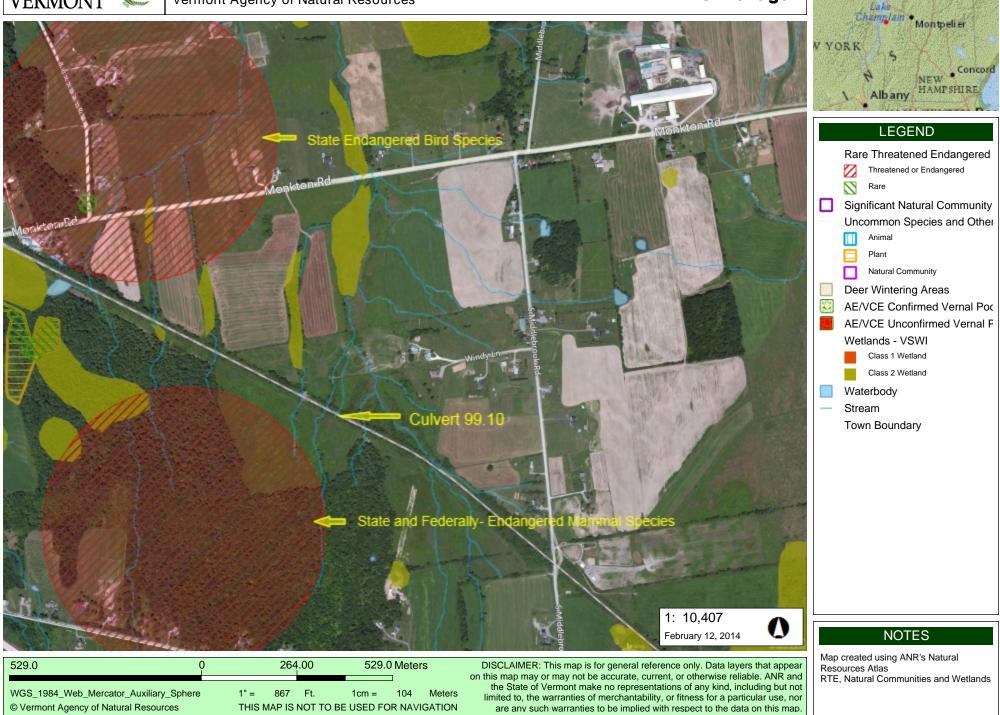


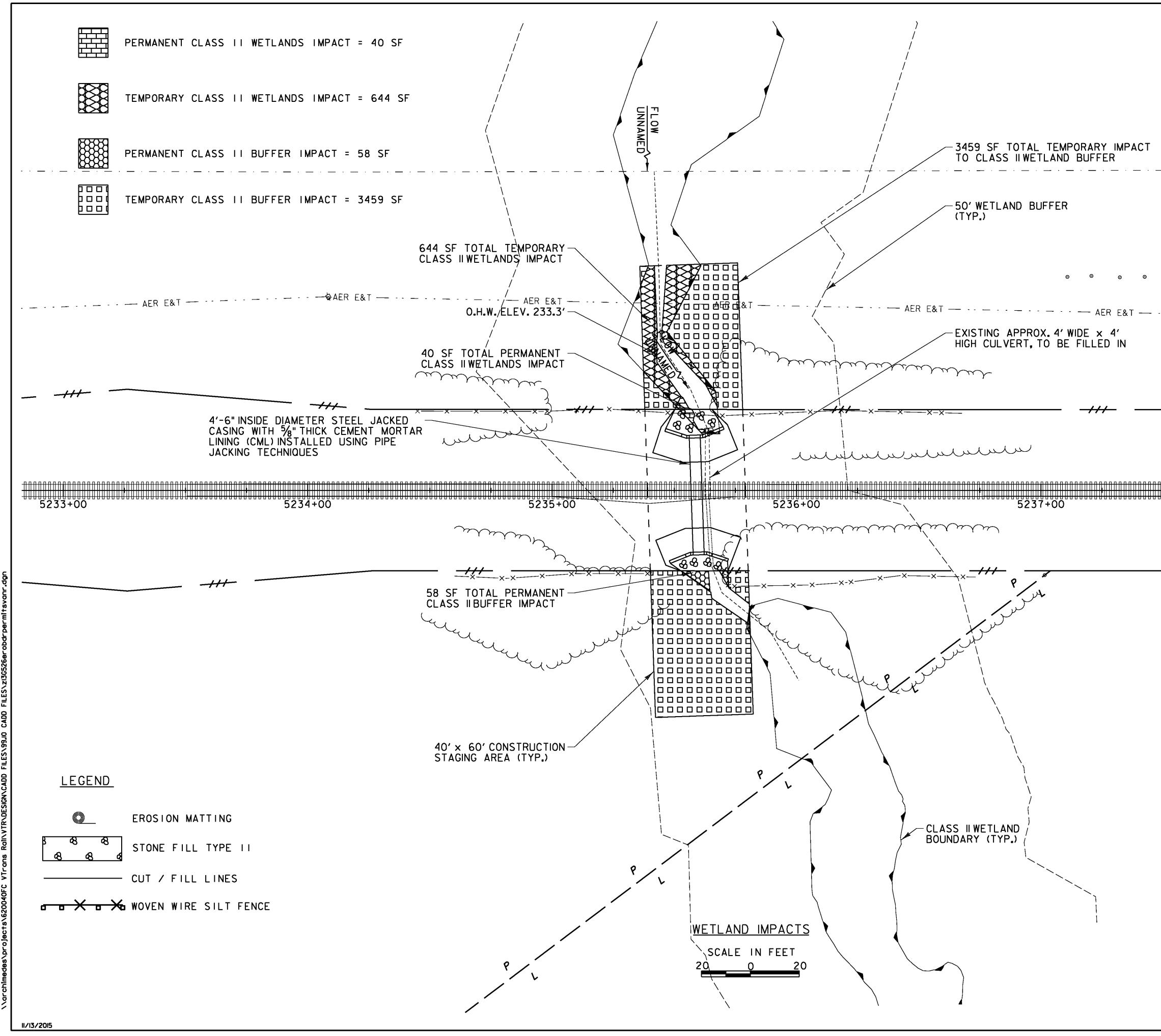
Natural Resources Atlas

Vermont Agency of Natural Resources

vermont.gov

VERMONT





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	<u>1000000000000000000000000000000000000</u>	<u>1111111111111111111111111111111111111</u>
		STATE PLANE GRID
		Ŕ
[PROJECT NAME: FERRISBURGH	CULVERT 99.10
	PROJECT NUMBER: RREWOOID FILE NAME:\zi3G526erobdrpermitsvonr.dgn PROJECT LEADER: J. TUCKER DESIGNED BY: P. BERO WETLAND IMPACT SHEET	PLOT DATE: II/I3/2015 DRAWN BY: E.OHANIAN CHECKED BY: E.DETRICK SHEET I OF I

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Vermont Railw	/ay, Culvert 99.1	0	Citv/C	ounty: Fe	errisburgh//	Addison	Sampling Date:	4/15/13
Applicant/Owner: VTrans						State: VT	Sampling	
Investigator(s): Charlotte Br	odie		Sectio		ip, Range:			11071-033-03-0-
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.				Local	relief (conca	ve. convex. none):	None	
Slope (%): 4 Lat: 4	4.1611		Long	-73.221	60		Datum:	
Soil Map Unit Name:			Long.			NWI classific	ation: PEM	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditio		for this time of w	oor2 V					
						and the second sec		
Are Vegetation, Soil						l Circumstances" p	Provide and the second s	No
Are Vegetation, Soil						explain any answei		
SUMMARY OF FINDING	S – Attach site	map showing	g sam	pling po	oint locatio	ons, transects	, important fe	atures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Preser	t? Yes X	No		Is the Sa	mpled Area			
Hydric Soil Present?		No			Wetland?		No	i.
Wetland Hydrology Present?		No		If yes, opt	tional Wetland	d Site ID: Culver	t 99.10	
HYDROLOGY								
Wetland Hydrology Indicator	s:					Secondary Indica	tors (minimum of	two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of	f one is required; che	ck all that apply)				Surface Soil (A State of the second second	
Surface Water (A1)		_ Water-Stained	Leaves	s (B9)		Drainage Pat		
High Water Table (A2)		_ Aquatic Fauna	(B13)			Moss Trim Li	nes (B16)	
X Saturation (A3)		_ Marl Deposits					Water Table (C2)	
Water Marks (B1)	<u>. </u>	_ Hydrogen Sulfi		and a second second second	D	Crayfish Burr		1001
Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3)	-	Presence of Re		- C.S.C. 10	J Roots (C3)	Saturation Vis		
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)		_ Recent Iron Re			Soils (C6)	Geomorphic I		.,
Iron Deposits (B5)		Thin Muck Sur			223 - 104 GARG A V. And I F	Shallow Aquit	26 125 1272 13V	
Inundation Visible on Aeria		Other (Explain	in Rem	narks)			phic Relief (D4)	
Sparsely Vegetated Conca	ve Surface (B8)					FAC-Neutral	Test (D5)	
Field Observations:	Ver Ne X	Death /inches	х.					
Surface Water Present? Water Table Present?	Yes No <u>X</u> Yes No <u>X</u>	Depth (inches Depth (inches		_				
	Yes X No	_ Depth (inches	y. surfa	ace	Wetland I	lydrology Presen	12 Vas X	No
(includes capillary fringe)								
Describe Recorded Data (strea	m gauge, monitoring	well, aerial photo	os, prev	/ious inspe	ections), if ava	illable:		
Remarks:								

SOIL

Depth	Matrix	10 110 10		ox Feature			n the absence of indicators.	(
(inches) 0-3	Color (moist) 10YR 3/2	<u>%</u> 100	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	 mu si l	Remarks
3-11	2.5Y 5/1	88	2.5Y 7/1	10	D	М	sil	
	-	8 G.C.	2.5Y 6/6	2	С	PL		
11-18	10YR 6/1	90	2.5Y 6/6	10	C	<u>M</u>	si I	
		 					·	
Hydric Soil Histosol Histic Er Black Hi Hydroge Stratified Thick Da Sandy M Sandy G Sandy R Stripped Dark Su	Indicators: (A1) pipedon (A2) istic (A3) en Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5) d Below Dark Surfac ark Surface (A12) Aucky Mineral (S1) Bleyed Matrix (S4) Redox (S5) Matrix (S6) rface (S7) (LRR R, M f hydrophytic vegetar	e (A11) MLRA 149 tion and w	 Reduced Matrix, C Polyvalue Belo MLRA 149B Thin Dark Surfi Loamy Mucky Loamy Gleyed Depleted Matri Redox Dark Su Depleted Dark Redox Depress 	w Surface) ace (S9) (Mineral (F Matrix (F2 x (F3) urface (F6) Surface (I sions (F8)	(S8) (LRI LRR R, MI 1) (LRR K 2) -7)	R R, LRA 149B , L)	Indicators for Problemat 2 cm Muck (A10) (LR Coast Prairie Redox (5 cm Mucky Peat or F Dark Surface (S7) (Lf Polyvalue Below Surface Thin Dark Surface (S9 Iron-Manganese Mas Piedmont Floodplain 9 Mesic Spodic (TA6) (I Red Parent Material (Very Shallow Dark Su Other (Explain in Ren	R K, L, MLRA 149B) (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) RR K, L) ace (S8) (LRR K, L) 9) (LRR K, L) ses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) TF2) urface (TF12)
	Layer (if observed):							
Type: Depth (ind	shas);						Hydric Soil Present? Y	es_XNo
Remarks:								

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30'r</u>) 1, None	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
2				
				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3				
4				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 67 (A/B)
5				
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
		= Total Cov	/er	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' r)				FACW species x 2 =
1. Cornus racemosa	5	x	FAC	FAC species x 3 =
2. Rhus typhina	5	x	UPL	FACU species x 4 =
				UPL species x 5 =
3				Column Totals: (A) (B)
4 5				Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7,				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	10			X Dominance Test is >50%
5'r		= Total Cov	/er	Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>5'r</u>) 1. Phalaris arundinacea	86	x	FACW	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2. Carex spp.	20		FAC or wetter	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3		_		
				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8		-		Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9				and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12.				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
12,	106	- Tabel Car		height.
and the second		= Total Cov	er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				
1	-			
2				
3				Hydrophytic
4				Vegetation Present? Yes X No
		= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate :	sheet.)			

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Vermont Railway, Culvert 99.10	City/County: Ferr	sburgh/Addison	_ Sampling Date: <u>4/15/13</u> Sampling Point: A2			
Applicant/Owner: VTrans		State: VT				
Investigator(s): Charlotte Brodie		Section, Township, Range:				
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Hillslope		Local relief (concave, convex, none): None				
Slope (%): 4 Lat: 44.1611	Long: -73.2216	0	Datum:			
Soil Map Unit Name:		NWI classific				
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of	of your? You X N					
			resent? Yes X No			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significa						
Are Vegetation, Soll, or Hydrology naturally	y problematic? (lf needed, explain any answe	rs in Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map show	ing sampling poir	nt locations, transects	, important features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X	is the Sam					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X	within a We	tland? Yes	No_X			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No x		nal Wetland Site ID:				
			-			
HYDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indias	torn (minimum of two required)			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that ap	olv)		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)			
A second a second s	ned Leaves (B9)		Drainage Patterns (B10)			
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fai		Moss Trim Li				
Saturation (A3) Marl Depos			Water Table (C2)			
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen S	Sulfide Odor (C1)					
		Roots (C3) Saturation Vi				
	of Reduced Iron (C4)		ressed Plants (D1)			
	Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)					
Iron Deposits (B5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Expl	urface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3) in in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)					
Indication visible on Aerian Imagery (B7) Other (Exp.	an in Kenarkay	FAC-Neutral				
Field Observations:						
Surface Water Present? Yes No X Depth (inc	hes):					
Water Table Present? Yes No X Depth (inc						
Saturation Present? Yes <u>No X</u> Depth (inc (includes capillary fringe)	hes):	Wetland Hydrology Presen	t? Yes No <u>X</u>			
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial p	hotos, previous inspect	ions), if available:				
Remarks:						

SOIL

	cription: (Describe	to the dep			or confirm	the absence of in	dicators.)
Depth (inches) 0-2	Color (moist) 2.5Y 4/2	<u>%</u> 100	x Feature %	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
2-10	2.5Y 4/3	100	 				
10-18	2.5Y 4/2	100					
				_			
	oncentration, D=Dep	• ·					n: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Black Hi Hydroge Stratified Depleted Thick Da Sandy M Sandy G Sandy R Stripped Dark Sur	(A1) bipedon (A2)	MLRA 149B) ace (S9) (l Matrix (F2 < (F3) rface (F6) Surface (F6) Surface (F8)	LRR R, MI 1) (LRR K 2)) 77)	LRA 1498, , L)	2 cm Muck Coast Prain 5 cm Mucky Dark Surfac Polyvalue E Thin Dark S Iron-Manga Piedmont F Mesic Spoo Red Parent Very Shallo Other (Expl	Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) ie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) y Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) ce (S7) (LRR K, L) Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) inese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Hoodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) (C (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Material (TF2) iw Dark Surface (TF12) ain in Remarks)
Restrictive I	ayer (if observed)						
Type:						Hydric Soil Pres	sent? Yes <u>No X</u>
Depth (ind Remarks:	ches):	_	 			Hydric Soli Pres	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30'r) 1. None	(* <u>19835800049580028</u> 0	Dominant Species?		Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:
23				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A/B)
56				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of:Multiply by:
17 VIII MARK (10)		= Total Cov	er	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' r)				FACW species x 2 =
1. None				FAC species x 3 =
				FACU species x 4 =
2				UPL species x 5 =
3				Column Totals: (A) (B)
4	· ·			
5				Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
				Dominance Test is >50%
5'r		= Total Cov	er	Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r)	00		FAOL	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
1. Phleum pratense	63	<u>x</u>	FACU	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2. Poa compressa	38	x	FACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8		<u> </u>		Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9	· ·			and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
11				
12	101			Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
	101	= Total Cov	er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				
1				
2				
3.				Hydrophytic
4.				Vegetation
		= Total Cov		Present? Yes <u>No X</u>
Develop (lookuda abata ayushana kasa sa sa a ayushata a	10	= Total Cov	er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	sheet.)			

North side looking towards railroad



South side, looking south. Mapped Indiana bat habitat to southwest



South side, looking towards railroad





Charlotte Brodie <cbrodie@dubois-king.com>

VT Rail project, Mile Marker 99.10, Ferrisburgh, VT

vonOettingen, Susi <susi_vonoettingen@fws.gov>

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To: Charlotte Brodie <cbrodie@dubois-king.com>

Cc: Peter Bero <pbero@dubois-king.com>, "Gingras, Glenn" <glenn.gingras@state.vt.us>, "Darling, Scott" <scott.darling@state.vt.us>

I'm not sure what Scott would say, but if those trees are going to be cut, I would suggest removing them in the off season. With leaf off it's hard to tell if there's a closed canopy (google earth seems to show it is). If the trees are truly isolated from a potential travel corridor, then it's less likely they could be used as roost trees.

Either northern long-eared bats or Indiana bats could use the trees if the structure (crevices, cracks, exfoliating bark) is present. I can't tell what the aspen are like.

For Indiana bats I believe our TOY is April 15 through October 31.

Susi

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