Vermont Wetland Permit Application/Determination Petition

Ql	JESTION	INSTRUCTIONS AND APPLICANT ANSWER					
1.	Applicant	If the applicant is someone other than the landowner, the landowner information must also be included below.					
	1.1. Applicant Name	Vermont Agency of Transportation, c/o Glenn Gingras					
	1.2. Applicant Address	One National Life Drive, Montpelier, VT 05633					
	1.3. Applicant Phone Number	802-279-0583					
	1.4. Applicant Email	glenn.gingras@vermont.gov					
	1.5. Applicant Signature (original signature required)	By signing this application you are certifying that all the information contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge. Date:					
		Consultant anginess or attack representative that is representative filling out					
2.	Representative Name	Consultant, engineer, or other representative that is responsible for filling out this application, if other than the applicant or landowner DuBois & King, Inc., c/o Charlotte Brodie	12/12/12/19/09 12/12/12/19/09				
	2.1. Representative Name2.2. Representative Address	6 Green Tree Drive, South Burlington, VT 05403					
	2.3. Representative Phone	802-728-2702					
	Number		1				
	2.4. Applicant Email	cbrodie@dubois-king.com					
	2.5. Representative Signature (original signature required)	By signing this application you are certifying that all the information contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge. Date:					
		X					
3.	Landowner	Landowner must sign the application. Use this space if landowner is different from the applicant					
	3.1. Landowner Name	Most of the work will be completed within the State of Vermont Right-of-Way. There will be some minor work completed outside of that ROW which will require temporary construction easements to be obtained by the State of Vermont.					
	3.2. Landowner Address		(70) (10) (10) (10) 5-(10) (10) (10) (10)				
	3.3. Landowner Phone Number						
	3.4. Landowner Email						
	3.5. Landowner Easement	Attach copies of any easements, agreements or other documents conveying permission, and agreement with the landowner stating who will be responsible for meeting the terms and conditions of the permit. List the attachment for this information in this section. All landowner easements to be obtained will state that the State of Vermont and the Vermont Railway (lessee) will be responsible for all conditions of the State Wetlands permit.					
	3.6. Landowner Signature (original signature required)	By signing this application you are certifying that all the information contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge. Date: A 9 15					
4.	Location of Wetland and Project	Location description should include the road the wetland is located on, the compass direction of the wetland in relation to the road, 911 street address if available, and any other distinguishing geographic features.					

Vermont Wetland Permit Application/Determination Petition

Q	UESTION	INSTRUCTIONS AND APPLICANT ANSWER				
1.	Applicant	If the applicant is someone other than the landowner, the landowner information must also be included below.				
	1.1. Applicant Name	Vermont Agency of Transportation, c/o Glenn Gingras				
	1.2. Applicant Address	One National Life Drive, Montpelier, VT 05633				
	 Applicant Phone Number 	802-828-3979				
	1.4. Applicant Email	glenn.gingras@state.vt.us				
	1.5. Applicant Signature (original signature required)	By signing this application you are certifying that all the information contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge.				
		Date:				
_		XConsultant, engineer, or other representative that is responsible for filling out				
2.	Representative	this application, if other than the applicant or landowner				
N-71-1	2.1. Representative Name	DuBois & King, Inc., c/o Charlotte Brodie				
	2.2. Representative Address	6 Green Tree Drive, South Burlington, VT 05403				
	Representative Phone Number	802-728-2702				
	2.4. Applicant Email	cbrodie@dubois-king.com				
	2.5. Representative Signature	By signing this application you are certifying that all the information contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your				
	(original signature required)	knowledge.				
	1 100 100 140 1	x Charlotto Brodie 11/12/15				
3.	Landowner	Landowner must sign the application. Use this space if landowner is different from the applicant				
	3.1. Landowner Name	Most of the work will be completed within the State of Vermont Right-of-Way. There will be some minor work completed outside of that ROW which will require temporary construction easements to be obtained by the State of Vermont.				
	3.2. Landowner Address					
	3.3. Landowner Phone Number					
	3.4. Landowner Email					
	3.5. Landowner Easement	Attach copies of any easements, agreements or other documents conveying permission, and agreement with the landowner stating who will be responsible for meeting the terms and conditions of the permit. List the attachment for this information in this section. All landowner easements to be obtained will state that the State of Vermont and the Vermont Railway (lessee) will be responsible for all conditions of the State Wetlands permit.				
	3.6. Landowner Signature (original signature required)	State Wetlands permit. By signing this application you are certifying that all the information contained within is true, accurate, and complete to the best of your knowledge.				
		Date:				
		X				
4.	Location of Wetland and Project	Location description should include the road the wetland is located on, the compass direction of the wetland in relation to the road, 911 street address if available, and any other distinguishing geographic features.				

VWP Application 07/15/15 Page 2 The project is located approximately 1300' east of Lime Kiln Road, and approximately 800 north of the intersection of Lime Kiln Road and US Route 7, as shown on the attached NRA Location map. List people present for site visits including Date of visit with District 5. Site Visit Date and Ecologist, landowner, and representatives. Wetlands Ecologist Attendees April 2013 Julie Foley (District Wetlands Ecologist) and Charlotte Brodie (D&K Wetlands Biologist) The wetland is a Class II wetland because (Choose one): 6. Wetland Classification The wetland is mapped on the VSWI map Answer the following questions regarding the entire wetland or wetland 7. Description of Entire Wetland complex. A wetland complex is generally defined as two or more wetland types that are contiguous and interrelated. Specific questions about the or Wetland Complex wetland in the project area will follow. 7.1. Size of Wetland Can be obtained from the Environmental Interest Locator Map for mapped wetlands Complex in Acres Mapped as 290 ac. List all wetland types in the wetland or wetland complex and their abundance 7.2. Natural Community or relative abundance. For example: 50 acres of softwood forested swamp; **Types Present** or 30% scrub swamp, 70% emergent wetland 90% emergent, 10% scrub swamp Where is the wetland located on the landscape? Examples: bottom of a 7.3. Landscape Position basin, edge of a stream, shore of a lake, etc. Flat land, low lands of the Champlain Valley Describe the main source of wetland hydrology for the wetland complex. List 7.4. Wetland Hydrology any river, streams, lakes and ponds. The main source of the hydrology appears to be a high groundwater table, although there is also some contribution from an unnamed tributary to Little Otter Creek. Include answers to the following where appropriate: For example: stream flows from north to south through the wetland complex. 7.4.1. Direction of flow The stream flows northeasterly through the wetland complex. For example: The river provides flood water to the wetland in the spring. 7.4.2. Influence of hvdrology on The main source of the wetland hydrology appears to be the high wetland complex groundwater table, although some overbank flow from the unnamed tributary also is likely to occur. Distance between the project area and any nearby surface waters. 7.4.3. Relation to the 330' to unnamed tributary. project area 7.4.4. Hydroperiod Discuss frequency and duration of flooding, ponding, and/or soil saturation. Soil saturation is very prolonged. Flooding is likely to be associated with spring highwater and high rainfall events. 7.5. Surrounding Landuse of For example: rural residential and forested; agricultural and undeveloped, the Wetland Complex Primarily agriculture and rural residential. Provide any information on wetlands or wetland complexes that are close 7.6. Relation to Other enough to contribute to the overall function of the wetland in question. **Nearby Wetlands** N/A 7.7. Pre-project Cumulative Identify any cumulative ongoing impacts outside of the project that may influence the wetland. Examples include but are not limited to wetland Impacts to the Wetland encroachments off the subject property, land management in or surrounding

the wetland, or development that influences hydrology or water quality.

Subject Wetland is defined as the area of wetland in the project area, but not limited to the portion of the wetland to be directly impacted by the project.

Rail line, local roads, agriculture.

8. Description of Subject

Wetland

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	For the purposes of this application, the subject wetland should encompass any portion of the larger wetland or wetland complex that could be directly or indirectly impacted by the project, as defined by hydrology, vegetation and/or physical characteristics.	
8.1. Context of Subject Wetland	Describe where the subject wetland is in the context of the larger wetland or wetland complex described above. The impacted wetland is at the western edge of the large wetland complex.	
8.2. Wetland Landuse	For example: mowed lawn; old field; naturally vegetated. Describe any previous and ongoing disturbance in the subject wetland. Agricultural field, old field, a small strip of brush along the ROW fence. Disturbance includes an active rail line, local roads and active agricultural fields.	
8.3. Wetland Vegetation	List dominant wetland community type and associated dominant plant species. The dominant vegetation on the east side of the tracks includes sedges, with minor components of red-osier dogwood and black ash along the edges of the tracks. The dominant vegetation on the west side of the tracks includes reed canary grass and agricultural grasses.	
8.4. Wetland Soils	Use USDA NRCS information where possible and use the ACOE Delineation Manual soil description Livingston Clay. Soil investigation at the site found clay loam soils (A11), depleted below dark surface.	
8.5. Wetland Hydrology	Use descriptions from the ACOE Delineation Manual. Predominantly saturation (A3)	
8.6. Buffer Zone	Describe the buffer zone of the subject wetland including:	
8.6.1. General landuse	For example: mowed road shoulder; forested; old field; paved road and residential lawns etc. Describe any previous and ongoing disturbance in the buffer zone. Agricultural fields, side slopes of an active rail line.	
8.6.2. Buffer vegetation	List community type and dominant plant species Emergent vegetation, including timothy grass, reed canary grass, clover and vetch.	
8.6.3. Buffer soils	Use USDA NRCS information where possible, and the ACOE Delineation Manual soil description Vergennes clay. Soil investigation found presence of clay loam soils that are actively being farmed, and may be artificially drained with relict features.	

9. Wetland Determination	If the application involves a wetland determination please answer the					
	following. If not, skip to Section 10.					
9.1. Reason for Petition	Please choose one from the dropdown menu:					
	Add a Section 4.6 presumed wetland to the VSWI map					
9.2. Previous Decisions	Please list all determinations and decisions, if any, issued by the Secretary, Panel or former Water Resources Board, pertaining to the wetland or buffer at issue:					
	General Permit Project number 2014-057 was issued on 6/11/2014. This is an amendment to that permit for additional impacts that were not counted. This permit will now fall under the threshold of an Individual Permit.					
9.3. Narrative	Please provide any narrative to support the petition for a wetland determination here. This section is not required for petitions to add a Section 4.6 presumed wetland to the VSWI map, but is required for all other petitions.					
If the application is only for a Wetland Determination only, skip to Section 13						

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10. Project Description		
10.1.Overall Project	Description of the project. For example: six-lot residential subdivision; expansion of an existing commercial building, access drive to a single family residence. The project includes the installation of a new culvert using jacking techniques, grouting of 72' of the existing culvert, installation of headwalls and placing of stone fill.	
10.2.Project Purpose	For example: To construct a residential subdivision, upgrade existing road to improve access, extend a trail system The culvert headwall appears to have moved since installation. The culvert is constructed from large rocks, and several gaps are now noticeable between the rocks. The slope and ballast directly above the culvert have sloughed down the slope and have likely infiltrated between the cover stones. This area may continue to erode if proper treatment is not performed, which may in turn create an unstable slope and unstable tracks. The purpose of the project is to install a new culvert and to stabilize the surrounding area of railroad tracks.	
10.3.Acres Owned by	Acreage of subject property.	
Applicant	The applicant owns the entire rail line and associated ROW.	
10.4.Acres Involved in the	Acreage of area involved in the project.	
Project	Less than one acre.	
11. Project Details	Provide details regarding specific impacts to the wetland and buffer zone	
11.1.Specific Impacts to Wetland and Buffer Zone	List portions of the project that will specifically impact the wetland or buffer zone. The impacts to wetland are primarily temporary, and are associated with staging of the construction materials. The permanent impacts to wetland are associated with stone fill placed to stabilize the inlet and outlet of the new culvert. The impacted buffer is all within the prism of the railroad tracks. Work within that prism is considered non-substantial modification, and does not require	
44 2 Dimonoion Dotoilo	regulation.	
11.2.Dimension Details	Square footage of buildings, dimension of roads including fill footprint. 40' X 60' staging area on each side of the tracks and culvert replacement.	
11.3.Bridges and Culverts	Culvert circumference, length, placement and shapes, or bridge details. Existing 3' X 3' concrete culvert to be replaced with a 48' long, 5' 6" inside diameter steel jacked casing with a 5/8" thick cement lining.	
11.4.Construction Sequence	Describe any details pertaining to the worked planned in the wetland and buffer in terms of sequence or phasing that is relevant Drainage water that is present will continue to flow through the existing pipe during construction. During the jacking operation, the area will be isolated and a staging area will be temporarily installed (likely filter fabric and clean stone fill) to allow equipment access. The new pipe will be jacked underneath the rail line, then cement grouted, followed by construction of wingwalls, placement of stone fill, and re-routing of water into new pipe after curing of the cement. The old pipe will then be grouted and will remain in place.	
11.5.Stormwater Design	List any stormwater permits obtained or applied for. Describe any stormwater and/or erosion controls proposed to prevent discharges to the wetland and buffer zone. Appropriate erosion and sediment control features will be in place according to the low risk handbook. Features will include silt fence and project demarcation fencing to isolate the work area.	
11.6.Permanent	Describe any plantings, fencing, signage, or other memorialization that	
Demarcation of Limits	provides permanent on-the-ground boundaries for the limits of disturbance for ongoing uses.	

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of Impact	None.			
12.Wetland and Buffer Zone Impacts				
12.1.Wetland Impacts	Summarize the square footage of impact more than one wetland is impacted, pro supplemental wetland sheets.			
	Totals			
	Wetland Fill	354 s.f.		
	Temporary Wetland Impact Other Permanent Wetland Impact	3748 s.f. 0 s.f.		
	Describe in detail the proposed impact.			
	A new culvert and headwalls will be inst the inlet and outlet of the new culvert. I staging of construction equipment and r	Temporary impacts will include the materials.		
12.2.Buffer Zone Impacts	Summarize the square footage of impactment one wetland is impacted, prosupplemental wetland sheets.			
	Totals			
	Temporary Buffer Impact	0 s.f.		
	Permanent Buffer Impact	0 s.f.		
	Describe in detail the proposed impact.			
	None. The impacted buffer is all within Work within that prism is considered no not require regulation.			
12.3.Cumulative Impacts	List any potential cumulative or ongoing, direct and indirect impacts on the functions of the wetland that could result from the proposed project. None			
12.4.Avoidance and Minimization	Please refer to Section 9.5b of the rules section.	s on Mitigation Sequencing for this		
12.4.1. Avoidance	Can the proposed activity be practicably zone, or on another site owned or contravailable to satisfy the basic project pur answer should include any examination explored including using other properties altering the project design.	olled by the applicant or reasonably pose? If not, indicate why. This of alternatives that you have es, requesting easements, and		
	This is an existing culvert replacement, avoided.	·		
12.4.2. Minimization	If the proposed activity cannot practical wetland/buffer zone, have all practicable adverse impacts on protected functions on-site alternatives that have been exar of the project to avoid impacts; or relocations impacts	e measures have been taken to avoid ? Please include any information on mined; minimizing the size and scope ating portions of the project to avoid		
	Minimization efforts include: constructing according to modern standards for hydronegative impacts of an undersized culve practices for erosion and sediment contactions for Construction; promptle	raulic capacity, thus reducing the ert; use of best management crol; using VTrans Standard		

VWP Application 07/15/15 Page 6 vegetation in disturbed areas. All equipment will be visually inspected and cleaned of soils prior to entering wetlands and buffers. If avoidance of adverse effects on protected functions cannot be practically 12.4.3. Mitigation achieved, has the proposed activity has been planned to minimize adverse impacts on the protected functions and a plan has been developed for the prompt restoration of any adverse impacts on protected functions? Include any information on best management practices to be used for the project both for the initial construction and ongoing use. Also include any proposed restoration of temporary impacts, previously disturbed wetland or buffer zones or proposed conservation that are being used to offset the proposed All temporarily disturbed areas will be restored to original grade and seeded and mulched. Please refer to Section 9.5c of the rules for compensation, which is 12.4.4. Compensation appropriate when the project will result in an undue adverse impact. If compensation is proposed please include a summary here. None proposed. Where appropriate list the accompanying material by title, author, date and 13. Supporting materials last revision date. Submit these documents and plans with the application. Provide a project location map that is 8 ½" x 11" and reproducible in black 13.1.Location map and white. An Environmental Interest Locator Map is appropriate using the USGS topography map base layer, roads, and VSWI wetlands at minimum. See attached. List by title, author, date and last revision date. Plans should include wetland 13.2.Site Plans delineation and buffer zones, limits of disturbance, erosion controls, building envelopes and permanent memorialization. New Haven Culvert 96.10, Wetland Impact Sheet, dated 11/3/2015, designed by Peter Bero. List by author, location, and date. Required only for Individual Permits. 13.3.ACOE Delineation Charlotte Brodie, Vermont Rail Culver 96.10, 4/15/13. Forms Provide any other documentation that supports the application. List 13.4. Other Supporting photographs; easements; agreements; may include a GIS-compatible **Documents** wetland submittal for determinations; etc. Photos attached Attach list of names and mailing addresses or submit as word mailing 13.5.List of Abutters document. (Neighbors with land adjoining wetland or 1) Bolduc Farm 6124 Ethan Allen Highway buffer zone) New Haven, VT 05472 2) Charles and Brenda Charron 273 Lime Kiln Road New Haven, VT 05472 If choosing the option to fulfill the notice requirement with a newspaper 13.5.1. Newspaper notice, list the newspaper to be used here. A list of names and addresses Notification for immediately adjacent landowners (500 foot radius) of the project area is required for the List of Abutters. ***NOTE: The applicant will be billed directly by the newspaper you list here. Use of newspaper notification may extend the notice period, depending on when the notice posts in the newspaper. Addison County Independent Wetland Function Summary: (if more than one wetland use 14. Check Which Functions are supplemental wetland sheets) Present in the Subject Functions Subject Wetland **Functions** Subject Wetland Wetland and in the Wetland & Values Wetland Complex & Values Wetland Complex

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Complex.	Flood/Storm Storage		\boxtimes	RTE Species			
	Surface & Groundwater Protection	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Education & Research			
	Fish Habitat			Recreation/ Economic			
	Wildlife Habitat		\boxtimes	Open Space/ Aesthetics			
	Exemplary Natural Community			Erosion Control			
15.Coverage under Vermont General Wetland Permit	If applying f Determinati the remaining	on, plea ng appli for Cove rmit, ple	se procee cation qu rage und ase comp	Vermont Wetled to number estions. er the Vermonlete question	16 and nt Gene	answer ral	
15.1.VWP Vermont General Permit eligibility	verify the follow			rmont General Woplication:	etiand Pe	ermit, please	
checklist	☐The activity qualifies as an eligible activity for coverage under the Vermont General Wetland Permit						
	The proposed project will meet the conditions applicable to the proposed project in the Vermont Wetland General Permit						
	☐The activity does not qualify as an Allowed Use under Section 6 of the Vermont Wetland Rules.						
	The activity will not result in an undue adverse impact on protected wetland functions and values, nor does it need additional conditions to protect functions and values.						
	All impacts extent possible		en avoided	l and minimized	I to the gr	eatest	
		ıral Comm	nunity or 5.	nificant for Fund 6 Rare, Threate		Exemplary	
	☐The activity bog.	is not lo	cated in or	adjacent to a ve	ernal poo	l, fen, or	
	☐The wetlan wetland).	d is not a	t or above	2,500' in elevat	ion (head	lwaters	
	The project zone.	t is not loo	cated in a (Class I wetland	or associ	ated buffer	
	The activity is not an as-built project that constitutes a violation of the Vermont Wetland Rules.						
Stop here if applying for Covers	age under the	e Vermo	nt Genera	al Wetland Pe	rmit		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
Complete the following Function Permit and/or a Wetland Determined Permit and		s check	list if app	lying for an I	ndividua	al Wetland	
Functions and Values	complex and o	check all th	at apply. S	aluate the entire econdly, evaluate nction. Thirdly ex	e how the	wetland in	

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	will not result in adverse impacts to this function. Include any information on specific avoidance and minimization measures.			
	If more than one wetland complex is involved, use the Supplemental Wetland Forms.			
16. Storage for Flood Water and Storm Runoff	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.			
	Constricted outlet or no outlet and an unconstricted inlet.			
	Physical space for floodwater expansion and dense, persistent, emergent vegetation or dense woody vegetation that slows down flood waters or stormwater runoff during peak flows and facilitates water removal by evaporation and transpiration.			
	If a stream is present, its course is sinuous and there is sufficient woody vegetation to intercept surface flows in the portion of the wetland that floods.			
	Physical evidence of seasonal flooding or ponding such as water stained leaves, water marks on trees, drift rows, debris deposits, or standing water.			
	Hydrologic or hydraulic study indicates wetland attenuates flooding.			
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.			
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.			
	Significant flood storage capacity upstream of the wetland, and the wetland in question provides this function at a negligible level in comparison to upstream storage (unless the upstream storage is temporary such as a beaver impoundment).			
	Wetland is contiguous to a major lake or pond that provides storage benefits independently of the wetland.			
	Wetland's storage capacity is created primarily by recent beaver dams or other temporary structures.			
	Wetland is very small in size, not contiguous to a stream, and not part of a collection of small wetlands in the landscape that provide this function cumulatively.			
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.			
	History of downstream flood damage to public or private property.			
	Any of the following conditions present downstream of the wetland, but upstream of a major lake or pond, could be impacted by a loss or reduction of the water storage			

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	function.				
	1. Developed public or private property.				
	2. Stream banks susceptible to scouring and erosion.				
	3. Important habitat for aquatic life.				
	The wetland is large in size and naturally vegetated.				
	Any of the following conditions present upstream of the wetland may indicate a large volume of runoff may reach the wetland.				
	1. A large amount of impervious surface in urbanized areas.				
	2. Relatively impervious soils.				
	3. Steep slopes in the adjacent areas.				
16.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above				
	A stream running through the wetland has the opportunity to spread out over a wide floodplain within the very flat wetland, thus storing floodwaters for slow release downstream.				
16.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.				
	The amount of permanent impact is limited to 364 SF of the placement of stone fill. The work involves the replacement of an existing culvert with a new culvert designed to modern standards of hydraulic capacity, thus improving the effectiveness of the culvert and reducing the potential for erosion associated with undersized culverts.				
17. Surface and Ground Water Protection	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.				
	Low water velocity through dense, persistent vegetation.				
	Hydroperiod permanently flooded or saturated.				
	Wetlands in depositional environments with persistent vegetation wider than 20 feet.				
	Wetlands with persistent vegetation comprising a defined delta, island, bar or peninsula.				
	Presence of seeps or springs.				
	Wetland contains a high amount of microtopography that helps slow and filter surface water.				
	Position in the landscape indicates the wetland is a headwaters area.				
	Wetland recharges a drinking water source.				
	☐ Water sampling indicates removal of pollutants or nutrients.				
	Water sampling indicates retention of sediments or organic				

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	matter.		
	Fine mineral soils and alkalinity not low.		
	The wetland provides an obvious filter between surface water or ground water and land uses that may contribute point or nonpoint sources of sediments, toxic substances or nutrients to the wetland, such as: steep erodible slopes; row crops; dumps; areas of pesticide, herbicide or fertilizer application; feed lots; parking lots or heavily traveled road; and septic systems.		
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.		
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.		
	Presence of dead forest or shrub areas in sufficient amounts to result in diminished nutrient uptake.		
	Presence of ditches or channels that confine water and restrict contact of water with vegetation.		
	Wetland is very small in size, not contiguous to a stream, and not part of a collection of small wetlands in the landscape that provide this function cumulatively.		
	Current use in the wetland results in disturbance that compromises this function.		
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.		
	The wetland is adjacent to a well head or source protection area, and provides ground water recharge.		
	☐ The wetland provides flows to Class A surface waters.		
	The wetland contributes to the protection or improvement of water quality of any impaired waters.		
	The wetland is large in size and naturally vegetated.		
17.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above		
	The wetland is within and surrounded by agricultural land. Sediments and toxicants associated with agricultural activities can be stabilized/retained/transformed by the wetland vegetation.		
17.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.		
	The amount of permanent impact is limited to 364 SF of the placement of stone fill. The work involves the replacement of an existing culvert with a new culvert designed to modern standards of hydraulic capacity, thus improving the effectiveness of the culvert and reducing the potential for erosion associated with undersized culverts. By reducing the potential for erosion, the potential for negative impacts to surface waters is reduced. Temporarily disturbed areas will be promptly restored with seed and mulch.		
18. Fish Habitat	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the		

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	following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.			
	Contains woody vegetation that overhangs the banks of a stream or river and provides any of the following: shading that controls summer water temperature; cover including refuges created by overhanging branches or undercut banks; source of terrestrial insects as fish food; or streambank stability.			
	Provides spawning, nursery, feeding or cover habitat for fish (documented or professionally judged). Common habitat includes deep marsh and shallow marsh associates with lakes and streams, and seasonally flooded wetlands associated with streams and rivers.			
	Documented or professionally judged spawning habitat for northern pike.			
	Provides cold spring discharge that lowers the temperature of receiving waters and creates summer habitat for salmonoid species.			
	The wetland is located along a tributary that does not support fish, but contributes to a larger body of water that does support fish. The tributary supports downstream fish by providing cooler water, and food sources.			
18.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed			
	above The stream within the wetland is small and slow-moving due to the flatness of the land. Most of the adjacent land is devoted to agriculture. Therefore, the wetland is not considered significant for this function.			
18.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function. N/A			
19. Wildlife Habitat	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.			
	Provides resting, feeding staging or roosting habitat to support waterfowl migration, and feeding habitat for wading birds. Good habitats for these species include open water wetlands.			
	Habitat to support one or more breeding pairs or broods of waterfowl including all species of ducks, geese, and swans. Good habitats for these species include open water habitats adjacent shallow marsh, deep marsh, shrub wetland, forested wetland, or naturally vegetated buffer zone.			
	Provides a nest site, a buffer for a nest site or feeding habitat for wading birds including but not limited to: great blue heron, black-crowned night heron, green-backed heron, cattle egret, or snowy egret. Good habitats for these species include open water or deep marsh adjacent to forested wetlands, or standing dead trees.			

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	Supports or has the habitat to support one or more breeding pairs of any migratory bird that requires wetland habitat for breeding, nesting, rearing of young, feeding, staging roosting, or migration, including: Virginia rail, common snipe, marsh wren, American bittern, northern water thrush, northern harrier, spruce grouse, Cerulean warbler, and common loon.
	Supports winter habitat for white-tailed deer. Good habitats for these species include softwood swamps. Evidence of use includes deer browsing, bark stripping, worn trails, or pellet piles.
	Provides important feeding habitat for black bear, bobcat, or moose based on an assessment of use. Good habitat for these types of species includes wetlands located in a forested mosaic.
	Has the habitat to support muskrat, otter or mink. Good habitats for these species include deep marshes, wetlands adjacent to bodies of water including lakes, ponds, rivers and streams.
	Supports an active beaver dam, one or more lodges, or evidence of use in two or more consecutive years by an adult beaver population.
	Provides the following habitats that support the reproduction of Uncommon Vermont amphibian species including:
	1. Wood Frog, Jefferson Salamander, Blue-spotted Salamander, or Spotted Salamander. Breeding habitat for these species includes vernal pools and small ponds.
	 Northern Dusky Salamander and the Spring Salamander. Habitat for these species includes headwater seeps, springs, and streams.
	 3. The Four-toed salamander; Fowler's Toad; Western or Boreal Chorus frog, or other amphibians found in Vermont of similar significance.
	Supports or has the habitat to support significant populations of Vermont amphibian species including, but not limited to Pickerel Frog, Northern Leopard Frog, Mink Frog, and others found in Vermont of similar significance. Good habitat for these types of species includes large marsh systems with open water components.
	Supports or has the habitat to support populations of uncommon Vermont reptile species including: Wood Turtle, Northern Map Turtle, Eastern Musk Turtle, Spotted Turtle, Spiny Softshell, Eastern Ribbonsnake, Northern Watersnake, and others found in Vermont of similar significance.
	Supports or has the habitat to support significant populations of Vermont reptile species, including Smooth Greensnake, DeKay's Brownsnake, or other more common

VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 13 wetland-associated species.
	Meets four or more of the following conditions indicative of wildlife habitat diversity:
	Three or more wetland vegetation classes (greater than 1/2 acre) present including but not limited to: open water contiguous to, but not necessarily part of, the wetland, deep marsh, shallow marsh, shrub swamp, forested swamp, fen, or bog;
	 The dominant vegetation class is one of the following types: deep marsh, shallow marsh, shrub swamp or, forested swamp;
	3. Located adjacent to a lake, pond, river or stream;
	4. Fifty percent or more of surrounding habitat type is one or more of the following: forest, agricultural land, old field or open land;
	5. Emergent or woody vegetation occupies 26 to 75 percent of wetland, the rest is open water;
	6. One of the following:
	i. hydrologically connected to other wetlands of different dominant classes or open water within 1 mile;
	ii. hydrologically connected to other wetlands of same dominant class within 1/2 mile;
	iii. within 1/4 mile of other wetlands of different dominant classes or open water, but not hydrologically connected;
	Wetland or wetland complex is owned in whole or in part by state or federal government and managed for wildlife and habitat conservation; and
	Contains evidence that it is used by wetland dependent wildlife species.
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.
	The wetland is small in size for its type and does not represent fugitive habitat in developed areas (vernal pools and seeps are generally small in size, so this does not apply).

use.

The surrounding land use is densely developed enough to limit use by wildlife species (with the exception of wetlands with open water habitat). Can be negated by evidence of

The current use in the wetland results in frequent cutting,

VWP Application 07/15/15	Page 14	
	mowing or other disturbance.	
	The wetland hydrology and character is at a drier end of the scale and does not support wetland dependent species.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.	
	The wetland complex is large in size and high in quality.	
	The habitat has the potential to support several species based on the assessment above.	
	☐ Wetland is associated with an important wildlife corridor.	
	The wetland has been identified as a locally important wildlife habitat by an ANR Wildlife Biologist.	
19.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above	
	While the wetland is large in size, it is relatively low in quality, as it appears to be intermittently used for agriculture, keeping the vegetation limited to low herbaceous vegetation. The wetland complex is considered significant for this function due to its potential to provide some feeding habitat for great blue herons, and its potential to provide habitat for smooth greensnakes and DeKay's brownsnakes. The Town of New Haven is mapped as summer range for the Indiana bat. However, coordination with the USFWS indicates that the project area does not qualify as Indiana bat or northern long-eared bat roosting habitat, and that no further consultation is necessary. (see attached email to/from Susi VonOettingen and Charlotte Brodie, dated July 25, 2015.	
19.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function. While the wetland's wildlife value is limited, it is the most limited in the vicinity of the project, which is on edge of the wetland, and adjacent to active agricultural use and an active railroad. The amount of permanent impact is limited to 364 SF of the placement of	
	stone fill.	
20. Exemplary Wetland Natural Community	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function. Wetlands that are identified as high quality examples of Vermont's natural community types recognized by the Natural Heritage Information Project of the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department, including rare types such as dwarf shrub bogs, rich fens, alpine peatlands, red maple-black gum swamps and the more common types including deep bulrush marshes, cattail marshes, northern white cedar swamps, spruce-fir-tamarack swamps, and red maple-black ash seepage swamps are automatically significant for this function. The wetland is also likely to be significant if any of the following conditions are met: Is an example of a wetland natural community type that has been identified and manned by or mosts the ranking and	
	been identified and mapped by, or meets the ranking and mapping standards of, the Natural Heritage Information Project of the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department.	

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	Contains ecological features that contribute to Vermont's natural heritage, including, but not limited to:	
	Deep peat accumulation reflecting a long history of wetland formation;	
	Forested wetlands displaying very old trees and other old growth characteristics;	
	A wetland natural community that is at the edge of the normal range for that type;	
	A wetland mosaic containing examples of several to many wetland community types; or	
	A large wetland complex containing examples of several wetland community types.	
	List species or communities of concern:	
	None.	
20.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above N/A	
20.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function. N/A	
21.Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species Habitat	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Wetlands that contain one or more species on the federal or state threatened or endangered lists, as well as species that are rare in Vermont, are automatically significant for this function.	
	The wetland is also likely to be significant if any of the following apply:	
	There is creditable documentation that the wetland provides important habitat for any species on the federal or state threatened or endangered species lists;	
	There is creditable documentation that threatened or endangered species have been present in past 10 years;	
	There is creditable documentation that the wetland provides important habitat for any species listed as rare in Vermont (S1 or S2 ranks), state historic (SH rank), or rare to uncommon globally (G1, G2, or G3 ranks) by the Natural Heritage Information Project of the Vermont Fish and Wildlife Department;	
	There is creditable documentation that the wetland provides habitat for multiple uncommon species of plants or animals (S3 rank).	
	List name of species and ranking:	
	None	

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21.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above N/A	
21.2.Statement of no adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function. N/A	
22. Education and Research in Natural Sciences	 Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function. Owned by or leased to a public entity dedicated to education or research. History of use for education or research. Has one or more characteristics making it valuable for education or research. 	
22.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above N/A	
22.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function. N/A	
23. Recreational Value and Economic Benefits	 ☐ Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function. ☐ Used for, or contributes to, recreational activities. ☐ Provides economic benefits. ☐ Provides important habitat for fish or wildlife which can be fished, hunted or trapped under applicable state law. ☐ Used for harvesting of wild foods. Comments: 	
23.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above N/A	
23.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function. N/A	
24. Open Space and Aesthetics	 ☐ Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function. ☐ Can be readily observed by the public; and ☐ Possesses special or unique aesthetic qualities; or ☐ Has prominence as a distinct feature in the surrounding landscape; 	

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	Has been identified as important open space in a municipal, regional or state plan.	
	Comments:	
	Can be observed by the public, but does not possess special or unique aesthetic qualities and is not prominent as a distinct feature in the surrounding landscape. Therefore, it is not considered significant for this function.	
24.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed above N/A	
24.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue, adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function. N/A	
25. Erosion Control through Binding and Stabilizing the Soil	Function is present and likely to be significant: Any of the following physical and vegetative characteristics indicate the wetland provides this function.	
	Erosive forces such as wave or current energy are present and any of the following are present as well: Dense, persistent vegetation along a shoreline or stream bank that reduces an adjacent erosive force.	
	 ☐ Good interspersion of persistent emergent vegetation and water along course of water flow. ☐ Studies show that wetlands of similar size, vegetation type, and hydrology are important for erosion control. 	
	What type of erosive forces are present:	
	Lake fetch and waves	
	☐ High current velocities:	
	Water level influenced by upstream impoundment	
	If any of the above boxes are checked, the wetland provides this function. Complete the following to determine if the wetland provides this function above or below a moderate level. If none of the following apply, the wetland provides this function at a moderate level.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>lower</i> level.	
	The stream is artificially channelized and/or lacks vegetation that contributes to controlling the erosive force.	
	Check box if any of the following conditions apply that may indicate the wetland provides this function at a <i>higher</i> level.	
	The stream contains high sinuosity.	
	Has been identified through fluvial geomorphic assessment to be important in maintaining the natural condition of the stream or river corridor.	
25.1.Subject Wetland	Please explain how the subject wetland contributes to the function listed	

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	The wetland stabilizes the soil adjacent to the intermittent stream.	
25.2.Statement of no undue adverse impact	Please explain how the proposed project will not result in any undue adverse impact to this function. Include any avoidance and minimization measures relevant to this function.	
	The amount of permanent impact is limited to 364 SF of the placement of stone fill. The work involves the replacement of an existing culvert with a new culvert designed to modern standards of hydraulic capacity, thus improving the effectiveness of the culvert and reducing the potential for erosion associated with undersized culverts. The temporarily impacted wetland areas will be promptly restored by seeding and mulching.	

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Vermont Wetland Section Wetland Application Database Form (AFFIX TO THE FRONT OF THE APPLICATION)

Applicant Nam Transportaion	e: Vermor	nt Agency of		Representative Charlotte Brod		ıBois & King, I	nc., c/d	D
Town where pr	roject is lo	cated: New Ha	aven	County: A	Addison			
approximately 911 Street Address o	800 north	of the intersection	ction of Lin	ted approximate ne Kiln Road an	d US Route	7 in the Town	of Ne	
Project Summandequately-sized		ement of an u	ndersized	culvert and des	tabilized en	nbankment wit	th an	
Permit Type Re		(check all that a	(vlaar					
☐ Vermont Gene	•	•		nd Determination	⊠ Verm	nont Wetland Per	rmit	
Impact Calcula	ations: Total	up proposed impact	s from wetland t	ables listed below				
Total Wetland Im	pact	4102squ	uare feet (s.f.)	Total Buffer Zo	ne Impact	0:	square f	feet (s.f.)
Total Wetland Cle (qualified linear p	rojects only))	uare feet (s.f.)	(qualified linear			square f	feet (s.f.)
Permit Fees: N	lake check	c payable to -	State of Ve	ermont				
Wetland Impact F	•	,		strative Fee:		\$240		
Buffer Impact Fee			Total C	heck Amount:		\$3316.5		
Clearing Fee: (\$0 Existing Land		\$0.00 ☐ F	orestry	Residential (S	ubdivision)	Industrial/ co	ommerc	ial
(check all that ap	ply)		arks/Rec/Trai	`	,] Institutional		developed
Proposed Land	d Use Type	e: For	estry	Residential		☐ Industrial/ cor	mmercia	al
(check all that ap	pl <u>y)</u>	_		(Subdivision)			5	
☐ Agriculture	☐ Transpo	ortation L Par	ks/Rec/Trail	Residential Family)	(Single	Institutional	<u> </u>	No Change
Proposed Impa	act Type:	Buildi	ngs Utilit		Septic/W	′ell	nwater	
(check all that ap		_ ☐ Parks/F	<u> </u>	o	· □ Pon	_	awn	
☐ Dry Hydrant [Beaver da	am alteration] Silviculture	☐ Aesthetics	⊠ Othe	er 🗌 No Impa	act	
30/- (11 4 - N/I N	I 06 10			Laratian O	ff of Lim	e Kiln Road		
Wetland 1: MN if applicable, use supplicable.	plemental shee	abel using Wetland I ets if more than one v	D from application vetland is being	on Location: U	II OI LIIII	e Kiili Koau		
impacted) Wetland Type:	PEM - Em	ergent WetlarW	L Size Class	: > 20 acres				
			Propos	sed Alterations				
Wetland Altera	ition:	Buffer Zone	Alteration:	Wetland Al	teration Typ	De (check all that ap	pply)	
Wetland Fill:	354s.f.			□Dredge		□Drain		
Temporary:	3748s.f.	Temporary:	0 s.f	☐Cut Vegeta	ation	□Stormv	water	
Permanent: :	0s.f.	Permanent: :	0 s.f	⊠Trench/Fill		□Other		
			N	ditigation				
Avoidance and (s.f. of wetland N			tland: (os.f. But	ffer Zone (Os.f.		
144 41 -1 144					BALL II			
Wetland Mitiga Restoration	ntion: (s.f. 0s.f.	Gained) Enhancement	0s.f.	Restoration	• Mitigation 0 s.f.	(s.f. Gained): Enhance	ement	0s.f
Creation	0s.f.	Conservation	0s.f	Creation	0s.f	Conserv	ation	0s.f

VWP Application 07/15/15		Page 20	
Reason for Mitigation:	☐ Correction of Violation	Mitigation to offset permit	□ Voluntary
		impacts	

All Applications Should be Mailed To:

Vermont Wetlands Program Watershed Management Division One National Life Drive, Main 2 Montpelier, VT 05620-3522

	Staff	To Complete		
Wetland Project Number:				
Wetland Project Name:		DEC ID#:		
Date Application Received:				
Request for Information Date:		Information Received I	Date:	
Request for Information Date:		Information Received Date:		
Date Application Complete:		Distribution Complete Date:		
Notice Begin Date:		Notice End Date:		
Final Action Date:		Public Meeting Date:		
Check#	Check Amoun	t	Date Check Received	
Check#	Check Amoun	t	Date Check Received	

Natural Resources Atlas VT RR 96.10 **VERMONT** vermont.gov Vermont Agency of Natural Resources YORK ime Kiln Road Project Location, MM 96.10 US Rt. 7 1: 12,638 November 3, 2015 642.0 321.00 642.0 Meters DISCLAIMER: This map is for general reference only. Data layers that appear on this map may or may not be accurate, current, or otherwise reliable. ANR and the State of Vermont make no representations of any kind, including but not

WGS_1984_Web_Mercator_Auxiliary_Sphere

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1053 Ft.

1cm =

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are any such warranties to be implied with respect to the data on this map.

NOTES

VERM ONT

Albany HAMPSHIRE

LEGEND

Wetlands - VSWI

Class 1 Wetland
Class 2 Wetland
Town Boundary

NEW Concord

Lake

Map created using ANR's Natural Resources Atlas





WGS_1984_Web_Mercator_Auxiliary_Sphere

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Natural Resources Atlas

Vermont Agency of Natural Resources

469 Ft. 1cm =

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vermont.gov



LEGEND

Rare Threatened Endangered

Threatened or Endangered

 \square Rare

Significant Natural Community Uncommon Species and Other

Animal

Plant

Natural Community

Deer Wintering Areas

Indiana Bat Hibernacula

AE/VCE Confirmed Vernal Poo

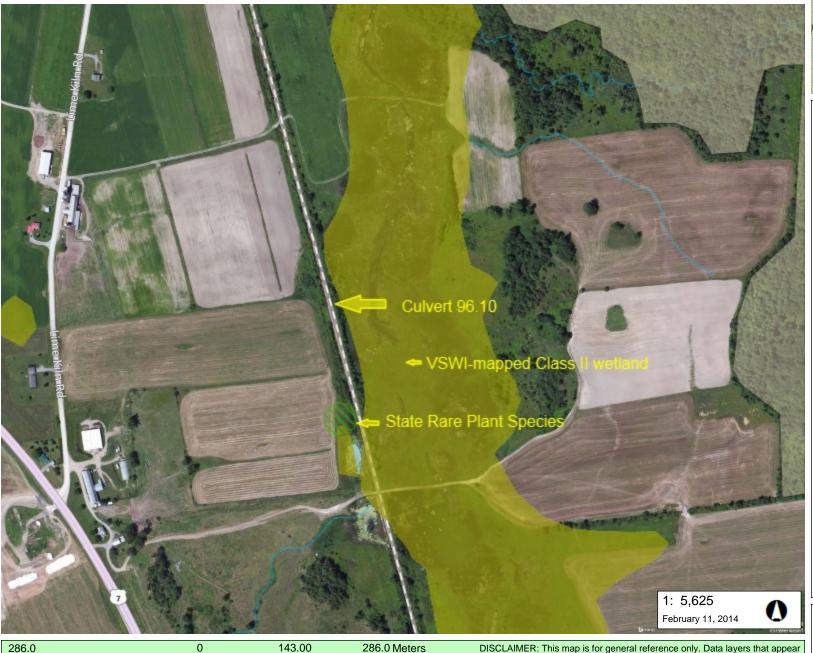
AE/VCE Unconfirmed Vernal F Wetlands - VSWI

Class 1 Wetland Class 2 Wetland

Waterbody

Stream

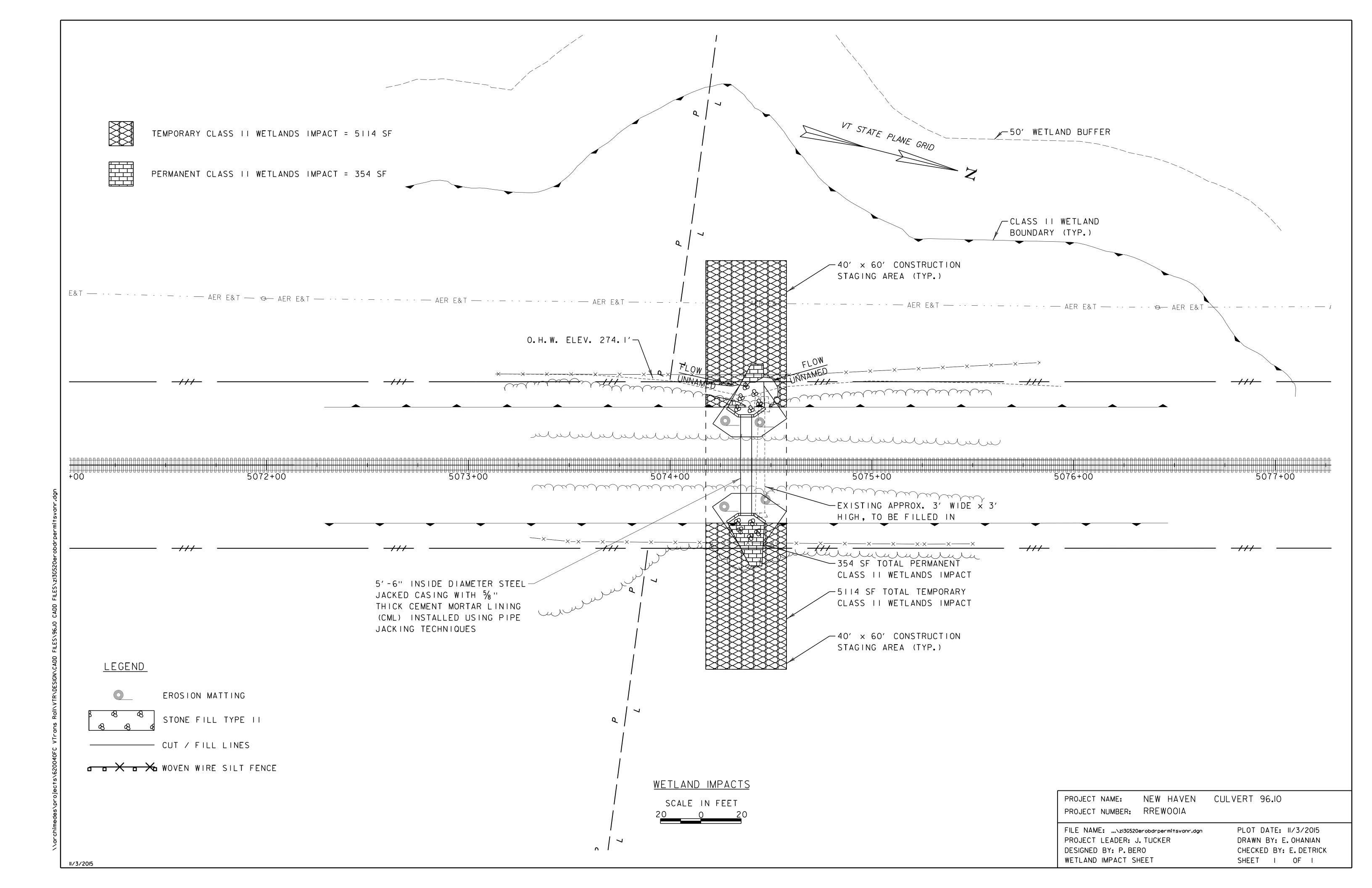
Town Boundary



NOTES

Map created using ANR's Natural Resources Atlas RTE, Natural Communities, Wetlands

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WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Vermont Rail	, Culvert 96.10	C	ity/County: Nev	w Haven/ Addison	Sampling Date: 4/15/13
Applicant/Owner: VTrans		- Union	ity/ County.	State: VT	Sampling Point: A1
Investigator(s): Charlotte E	Brodie	s	ection, Township	o, Range:	- January Contra
Landform (hillslope, terrace, et			Local	relief (concave, convex, none)	None
Slope (%): Lat:	44.13457	L	ong: -72.1851	4	Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name:				NWI classific	cation: PEM
Are climatic / hydrologic condit		ical for this time of year			
Are Vegetation, Soil		to a contract of the contract	ratio. Manteroval 4	Are "Normal Circumstances"	Section Constitution Constituti
Are Vegetation, Soil				(If needed, explain any answe	
					, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Press Hydric Soil Present?	Yes_x	No	Is the Sam within a W	etland? Yes X	No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: (Explain alternativ		No	If yes, option	onal Wetland Site ID: Culve	1 96.10
HYDROLOGY		10 00 00	3-1-03		
Wetland Hydrology Indicate		5 8 0000 N K K			ators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum	of one is required;			Surface Soil	5 5
Surface Water (A1)		Water-Stained Le	500 N man (50 2 3 3 5)	Drainage Pa	212.111.112 M(1993.11
High Water Table (A2)		Aquatic Fauna (B		Moss Trim L	12. 이 N. H (2) (1) (1) (1) (1)
X Saturation (A3)		Marl Deposits (B1			Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2)		 Hydrogen Sulfide Oxidized Rhizosp 		Crayfish Bur	rows (C8) isible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)		Oxidized Knizosp			tressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)		Recent Iron Redu	생기되었다. 기업		Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)		Thin Muck Surface		Shallow Aqu	
Inundation Visible on Aer	rial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in			aphic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Cond		ed to the Principle Section (August Sections of Fidure)	60049400000F00049408F0	FAC-Neutral	N-5333 N-080 - N-080 N-0333 320 S-7-4434 N-7-4
Field Observations:	SAMMAN STANSON				
Surface Water Present?		Depth (inches):			
Water Table Present?		Depth (inches):			V
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes X No _	Depth (inches):	suriace	Wetland Hydrology Preser	nt? Yes No
Describe Recorded Data (stre	eam gauge, monito	ring well, aerial photos,	previous inspec	tions), if available:	
Remarks:					
Remarks.					

(inches)	Matrix Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	x Features%Typ	pe¹Loc²	Texture	Remarks
0-2	10YR 3/2	100				cll	Notificing
2-18	10YR 4/1	100				cl I	
				ki si kili si			
		18	8				
Type: C=Co	ocentration D=Der	oletion RM	=Reduced Matrix, CS	S=Covered or C	coated Sand Gra	ains ² l ocation	n: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil In		netion, raiv	-Neddoed Matrix, Go	-covered or c	oated dand dre		Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Black His Hydrogen Stratified Depleted Thick Dar Sandy Mu Sandy Gle Sandy Re Stripped M	pedon (A2) tic (A3) I Sulfide (A4) Layers (A5) Below Dark Surfack K Surface (A12) Icky Mineral (S1) Beyed Matrix (S4)	ere american su en en	Polyvalue Belov MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surfa Loamy Mucky M Loamy Gleyed I Depleted Matrix Redox Dark Sur Depleted Dark S Redox Depress	ce (S9) (LRR F dineral (F1) (LR Matrix (F2) (F3) rface (F6) Gurface (F7)	R, MLRA 149B)	Coast Prair 5 cm Muck; Dark Surface Polyvalue B Thin Dark S Iron-Manga Piedmont F Mesic Spoo	(A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) rie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) y Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) ce (S7) (LRR K, L) Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Floodplain Soils (F12) (MLRA 149B) dic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) t Material (TF2) ow Dark Surface (TF12)
	hydrophytic vegeta ayer (if observed):		etland hydrology mus	t be present, u	nless disturbed	or problematic.	
Type:							98
Depth (inch	nes):					Hydric Soil Pres	sent? Yes X No
Remarks:							

/EGETATION – Use scientific names of plants				Samplin	ng Point: A1	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30'r)	B—We decreased the	Dominant Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species	1	
2				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:		(A)
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:	2	(B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species	16225651	
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	50	(A/E
3	-	-		Prevalence Index worksheet:		
7				Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	
		= Total Cov	er	OBL species x	1 =	_
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' r)				FACW species x	2 =	
None		0		FAC species x		
2.				FACU species x		
,				UPL species x	(6)	7.6
4				Column Totals: (A)	_ (B
)				Prevalence Index = B/A =		
)				Under wheels Manadation Indian		
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indica	tors:	
/				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic V	tors: /egetation	
7		= Total Cov	er	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic \ * Dominance Test is >50%	tors: /egetation	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r)		= Total Cov	er	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic \ * Dominance Test is >50% _ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹	egetation/	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r)		= Total Cov	er FACW	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic \ * Dominance Test is >50%	egetation/ (Provide suppor	ting
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r) Phalaris arundinacea				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic \ * Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹	/egetation (Provide suppor separate sheet)	
Phalaris arundinacea Phleum pratense	63 38	<u>x</u>	FACW	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic \ * Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ data in Remarks or on a s Problematic Hydrophytic Veg	/egetation (Provide suppor separate sheet) getation ¹ (Expla	n)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r) Phalaris arundinacea Phleum pratense	63 38	<u>x</u>	FACW	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic \ * Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ data in Remarks or on a second	/egetation (Provide suppor separate sheet) getation ¹ (Expla	n)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r) Phalaris arundinacea Phleum pratense	63 38	<u>x</u>	FACW	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic \ * Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ data in Remarks or on a s Problematic Hydrophytic Veg	/egetation (Provide suppor separate sheet) getation ¹ (Expla land hydrology r problematic.	n)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r) Phalaris arundinacea Phleum pratense	63 38	x x	FACW	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic \ * Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ data in Remarks or on a s Problematic Hydrophytic Veg ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetl be present, unless disturbed or p Definitions of Vegetation Strats Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cr	/egetation (Provide suppor separate sheet) getation ¹ (Explation dispense) for blematic. a: m) or more in dispense.	n) nust
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Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r) Phalaris arundinacea Phleum pratense 3	63 38	x x	FACU	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic N Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ data in Remarks or on a s Problematic Hydrophytic Veg ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetl be present, unless disturbed or p Definitions of Vegetation Strate Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cr at breast height (DBH), regardles Sapling/shrub – Woody plants le and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall Herb – All herbaceous (non-woo of size, and woody plants less the Woody vines – All woody vines	/egetation (Provide suppor separate sheet) getation (Explaid and hydrology roroblematic. a: m) or more in dissections of height. ess than 3 in. D. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I.	nust amete BH
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r) Phalaris arundinacea Phleum pratense 3	63 38	x x	FACU	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic N Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ data in Remarks or on a s Problematic Hydrophytic Veg ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetl be present, unless disturbed or p Definitions of Vegetation Strate Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 or at breast height (DBH), regardles Sapling/shrub – Woody plants le and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall Herb – All herbaceous (non-woo of size, and woody plants less the Woody vines – All woody vines height.	/egetation (Provide suppor separate sheet) getation (Explaid and hydrology roroblematic. a: m) or more in dissections of height. ess than 3 in. D. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I.	nust amete BH
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r) 1. Phalaris arundinacea 2. Phleum pratense 3	63 38	x x	FACU	Rapid Test for Hydrophytic \ * Dominance Test is >50% Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ Morphological Adaptations¹ data in Remarks or on a seminance Test is >50% Problematic Hydrophytic Veg ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wether the present, unless disturbed or problemations of Vegetation Strates Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 crat breast height (DBH), regardless Sapling/shrub – Woody plants leand greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall Herb – All herbaceous (non-wood size, and woody plants less the Woody vines – All woody vines height. Hydrophytic Vegetation	/egetation (Provide suppor separate sheet) getation (Explaid and hydrology roroblematic. a: m) or more in dissections of height. ess than 3 in. D. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I. I.	nust amete BH

^{*} Although the dominance ratio is 50/50, there is more of the wetland species than the upland, the upland species is planted, and the vegetation in the vicinity where farming is not occurring is virtually all hydrophytic. Therefore, I am calling this plot hydrophytic.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Vermont Rai	I, Culvert 96	.10	City/0	County: Nev	w Haven/ A	ddison	Sampling Date: 4/15/13
Applicant/Owner: VTrans			- 11 - 12 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13			State: VT	Sampling Point: A2
Investigator(s): Charlotte I	3rodie		Secti	on, Township	o, Range:		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, e	tc.): Flat land	1		Local r	relief (concave,	convex, none):	None
Slope (%): Lat:	44.13457		Long	-72.1851	14		Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name:				81973		NWI classific	ation:
Are climatic / hydrologic cond						7	
Are Vegetation, Soil _			na madina additional madina different		1000		resent? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil _						in a comment of the c	rs in Remarks.)
							, important features, etc
Hydrophytic Vegetation Pres	ont? Ve	_	No X	Is the Sam	pled Area		
Hydric Soil Present?			No	within a W	100 (100) 100 (100)	Yes	No X
Wetland Hydrology Present?			No ×	If yes, optic	onal Wetland S	ite ID:	
HYDDOLOGY							
HYDROLOGY	- Over					acandan, Indiaa	tors (minimum of two required)
Wetland Hydrology Indicat		adı abaa	le all that analys		2		tors (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum	of one is requir	ea; cnec	8-260 In 8-200 M 9-30	no (BO)		_ Surface Soil	N
Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2)			Water-Stained Leave Aquatic Fauna (B13)	1.51 95	-	Drainage PatMoss Trim Li	MONOTON M
Saturation (A3)		ST 30	Marl Deposits (B15)		70		Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)		1	Hydrogen Sulfide Od	or (C1)	7/	Crayfish Burr	
Sediment Deposits (B2)			Oxidized Rhizospher	19 19	Roots (C3)		sible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)			Presence of Reduced	1977	18 A .		ressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)			Recent Iron Reduction	n in Tilled So	oils (C6)		Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)		_	Thin Muck Surface (0	37)	And books to	_ Shallow Aqui	tard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Ae		S = 5	Other (Explain in Rer	marks)	_		phic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Con	cave Surface (E	38)	10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -		_	_ FAC-Neutral	Test (D5)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present?	Vee	ıo X	Depth (inches):				
Water Table Present?			Depth (inches):				
Saturation Present?			Depth (inches):		Wetland Hyd	irology Presen	t? Yes No X
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (str	eam gauge, mo	nitoring v	vell, aerial photos, pre	vious inspec	tions), if availa	ble:	
Ď			8 70 10	9	(40)		
Remarks:							

Sampling	Point:	A2

	107.1750314512 117.0750313 13.17500	to the de				or confirm	m the absence of indicators.)
Depth (inches) 0-12	Color (moist) 10YR 4/2	100	Color (moist)	ox Feature %	Type ¹	_Loc²	Texture Remarks
12-18	10YR 5/2	80	10YR 6/1	10	D	M	cl I
			10YR 4/6	10	С	PL	
	3		J			-	
				ia -			· ·
				1006 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10			
				-			
¹Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Dep	oletion RM	=Reduced Matrix, C	S=Covere	d or Coate	ed Sand G	Grains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Black H Hydroge Stratified Thick Da Sandy M Sandy F Stripped Dark Su		MLRA 149		ace (S9) (Mineral (F Matrix (F: x (F3) urface (F6 Surface (I sions (F8)	LRR R, M 1) (LRR K 2)) F7)	LRA 149B (, L)	 Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, F) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 148) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149) Red Parent Material (TF2) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks)
	Layer (if observed)	•					
Type: Depth (in	ches):						Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No
		, farme	d and may be	artific	ially dr	ained	with relict hydric indicators.
	one io donver	, idillio	a, and may be	y di tillo	any an	amou,	That i one i i yane maleate.e.

mplina		A2
molina	Point:	112

VEGETATION -	Use scientific names	of plants.
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Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30'r)		Species?		Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: [A]
2				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)
4.				Contractive between the contractive and the about the contractive and the contractive
5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 25 (A/B)
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7	-3			Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
451		= Total Co	ver	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' r)				FACW species x 2 =
1. None				FAC species x 3 =
2		(<u>)</u>		FACU species x 4 =
3.				UPL species x 5 =
4.				Column Totals: (A) (B)
5.				Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
				Dominance Test is >50%
5'r		= Total Co	ver	Prevalence Index is ≤3.01
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5'r) 1 Phleum pratense	38	x	FACU	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2. Phalaris arundinacea	20	x	FACW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
3 Trifolium repens	20	x	FACU	
Viccia sativa	20	×	FACU	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
0.1.0.				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5	-			Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9				and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
12	98			height.
THE R. S. STAN BOW M. MINISTER W.		= Total Co	ver	100 m (10 m (1) (10 m (1
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				
1				
2				
3				Hydrophytic
4				Vegetation Present? Yes No X
		= Total Co	ver	Present? Yes No X
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate				
Tromana, (moldde photo numbers here of on a separate	aneet.)			

East side



West side





Peter Bero <pbero@dubois-king.com>

VT Rail culvert replacement, New Haven, Indiana Bat Summer Range

2 messages

Charlotte Brodie <cbrodie@dubois-king.com>

Sat, Jul 25, 2015 at 9:03 AM

To: "USFWS Concord, NH" <susi_vonOettingen@fws.gov>

Cc: Peter Bero cp: Peter Bero qdubois-king.com>, "Gingras, Glenn" <qlenn.gingras@state.vt.us>

Hi Susi,

The VT Agency of Transportation is proposing to replace a failing culvert on the Vermont Rail track in New Haven, VT, at Mile Marker 96.10 (see attached Location Map and NRA maps).

The Town of New Haven is listed by the USFWS as Indiana Bat summer range.

Please see the attached project plan and photos of the project site. The eastern side of the tracks is dominated by herbaceous wetland, with a few scattered trees as shown in the photos. The western side of the tracks is agricultural field. The project area is quite limited, as you will see on the plans.

Could you please let me know if any further coordination is required for this species?

Also, please "reply to all" on your response.

Thank you,

Charlotte Brodie
Field Naturalist
DuBois & King, Inc.
6 Green Tree Drive
South Burlington, VT 05403
802-728-7202

5 attachments

Location Map.pdf 685K

NRA, RTE, natural communities, wetlands.pdf

NRA, Indiana Bat summer range.pdf

Wetland Impact Sheet 1 of 1, 07.25.15.pdf

Photo Exhibit 96.10.pdf

vonOettingen, Susi <susi_vonoettingen@fws.gov>

Thu, Jul 30, 2015 at 3:46 PM

To: Charlotte Brodie <cbrodie@dubois-king.com>

Cc: Peter Bero <pbero@dubois-king.com>, "Gingras, Glenn" <glenn.gingras@state.vt.us>, "Darling, Scott" <scott.darling@state.vt.us>

Hi Charlotte,

I don't believe this would be considered Indiana bat or northern long-eared bat roosting habitat. No further consultation necessary.

Susi

Susi von Oettingen Endangered Species Biologist New England Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301 (W) 603-223-2541 ext. 6418 Please note my new extension.

www.fws.gov/newengland

[Quoted text hidden]