

Shoreland Permit Application

for a Shoreland Protection Permit under

Chapter 49A of Title 10, § 1441 et seq.

For Shoreland Permitting Use Only Application Number:

2234-58

Public Notice: At the same time this application is filed with Shoreland Permitting, a copy of this application must be provided to the municipal clerk for posting in the municipality in which the project is located. Submission of this application constitutes notice that the person in Section A intends to create impervious surface and/or cleared area within the Protected Shoreland Area, and certifies that the project will comply with Chapter 49A of Title 10, § 1441 et seq. All information required on this form must be provided, and the requisite fees (Section G) must be submitted made payable to the State of Vermont, to be deemed complete. Refer to The Vermont Shoreland Protection Act - A Handbook for Shoreland Development and related instructions for guidance in completing this application. A. Parcel Information Landowner's Name: David and Erin Perry 2a. Physical Address (911 Address): 14 Perry Landing _{2c. Zip:} 05457 2b. Town - County: Franklin - Franklin 3. SPAN (The School Parcel Account Number is required for your application to be deemed complete. It can be obtained. 23407510666 from your property tax bill. If you cannot locate your property tax bill, please obtain this information from your Town Clerk) 5. Email: perryprojects2016@gmail.com 4. Phone: 434-825-1378 7. Total Shore Frontage 60 6. Name of Lake/Pond: Carmi Lake - Franklin (Feet) Yes 8. Was the parcel of land created before July 1, 2014? No 9. Are there wetlands associated with this parcel? Yes No Contact the Wetlands Program (802) 828-1535 or http://dec.vermont.gov/watershed/wetlands 10. Have you ever applied for a permit with the Department of Environmental Conservation associated with this parcel? ✓ Yes 11. What is the surface area of your parcel within the Protected Shoreland Area (PSA): 12,600 (square feet) See the Vermont Shoreland Protection Act – A Handbook for Shoreland Development, Appendix C, Determining Lakeside Zone & PSA 12. What is the surface area of exisiting impervious surface on your parcel within the PSA: 2433 (square feet) See the <u>Vermont Shoreland Protection Act – A Handbook for Shoreland Development, Appendix F, Calculating Percent Impervious Surface</u>

13. What is the surface area of existing cleared are on your parcel within the PSA: 11,520 (square feet) See the Vermont Shoreland Protection Act – A Handbook for Shoreland Development, Appendix E, Calculating Percent Clearing **B. Applicant Contact Information** 1. Name: David and Erin Perry 2a. Mailing Address: 2295 Camargo Dr 2c. State: VA 2d. Zip: 22901 2b. Town: Charlottesville 3. Phone: 434-825-1378 4. Email: perryprojects2016@gmail.com C. Application Preparer Information (If the individual preparing the application is not the landowner.) 1. Name: Jeff Smith 2a. Mailing Address: 2295 Camargo Dr 2b. Town: Charlottesville 2c. State: VA 2d. Zip: 22901 4. Email: perryprojects2016@gmail.com 3. Phone: 434-825-1378

D. Project Description					
1. Describe the proposed project. For this application to be considered administratively complete you must attach site plans that denote existing and proposed cleared areas and impervious surface and their distances from mean water level, no fewer than three photos of the project area, and dimensions and associated surface areas of cleared areas and impervious surfaces. Construct a new garage measuring 30ft by 36ft. Remove the existing garage consisting of 15ft by 23ft and remove gravel drive 10ft by 35ft associated with old garage.					
 For developed parcels, how far is the existing habitable s and how far will new cleared area or impervious surface OR For undeveloped parcels , how far will new cleared area or 	be from MWL 135 (feet)?				
3. Can all new cleared area or impervious surface be set back at least 100 feet from MWL? Yes If no, explain why below (attach support information as needed):					
4 144 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
4a. What is the slope of the project site area:% See The <u>Vermont Shoreland Protection Act — A Handbook for Shoreland Development</u> , Appendix B, Determining Slope	4b. Is the slope of the project area less than 20%? Yes No If yes, skip 4c.				
4c. If no above (4b), describe the measures taken to ensure impacts to water quality (attach support information as nee					
	The second of th				
5a. What is the surface area of new impervious surface associated with this project: 1080 (Square Feet) See the Vermont Shoreland Protection Act – A Handbook for Shoreland Development, Appendix F, Calculating Percent Impervious Surface.	5b. What is the total resulting impervious surface after completion of the project and prior to implementation of best management practices: 2778 (Square Feet)				
5c. Is the total in 5b. 20% or less of the parcel area within th					
If 5a is 0, check the n/a box, otherwise divide D5b by A11 and multiply by 100 for percentage. Total percentage =					
stormwater form the portion of impervious surface that exceeds 20% (attach support information as needed): n addition to removing the existing garage and reducing the driveway, we will construct a rain garden of appropriate size (approximately 80 sq ft) per the Vermont Rain Garden Manual and direct the rain from the roof of the new garage into the rain garden via guttering and downspouts.					

6a. What is the surface area of new cleared area	6b. What is the total resulting cleared area after					
associated with this project: (Square Feet)	completion of the project and prior to implementation of					
See the Vermont Shoreland Protection Act - A Handbook for Shoreland Development, Appendix 1, Calculating Percent Steaming.	best management practices: 1,520 (Square feet)					
6c. Is the total in 6b. 40% or less of the parcel area within the	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O					
If 6a is 0, check the n/a box, otherwise divide D6b by A11 and multiply by 100 for percentage. Fotal percentage = 25. N/A						
6d. If no above (6c), establishing vegetative cover (revegetation)	is the only applicable best management practice. Please describe					
	a than the proposed new cleared area as identified in 6a. Identify					
the location on the parcel where the revegetation will occur and how far from mean water level it will be (attach support						
The existing lot has been long closed The						
New garge processes all the all the						
area we will we have	s any was trional cleared					
mormation as needed). The existing lot has been long cleared. The New garge does not create any additional cleared area. We will use native plants and grasses in the rai.						
E. Landowner Certification						
As APPLICANT, I hereby certify that the statements presented on	this application are true and accurate and recognize that by					
signing this application, Lagree to complete all aspects of the project as authorized. Funderstand that failure to comply with the						
foregoing may result in violation of the Shoreland Protection Act, 10 V.S.A. Chapter 49A, and the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources may bring an enforcement action for violations of the Act pursuant to 10 V.S.A. chapter 201.						
C . D.	,					
Applicant/Landowner Signature: Sw Deg Date: 9-21-16						
F. Application Preparer Certification (if applicable)						
As APPLICATION PREPARER, I hereby certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my						
direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to						
the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or responsible for gathering the information, the information submit						
and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for						
imprisonment for knowing violations.						
Application Preparer Signature: JSW2	Date: (0/23/16					
G. Additional Required Documentation (Please check to ensure you have completed the following)						
1.36						
Application includes site plans denoting existing and proposed cleared area and impervious surface and distances from						
mean water level						
Application description includes dimensions and surface areas of cleared areas and impervious surfaces Application						
includes photos of project area						
H. Permit Application Fees						
Administrative Fee: \$125.00	125					
Impervious Area Fee: \$0.50 per square ft.	area as entered in item (5a) \$540					
Total Fee due:	\$615					
Submit this form and application fee, payable to:						
State of Vermont -Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation Watershed Management Division -Shoreland Permitting						
Transaction to the state of the						

1 National Life Drive, Main 2 Montpelier, VT 05620-3522

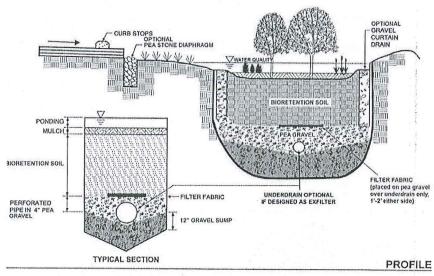
Direct all correspondence or questions to Shoreland Permitting at:

<u>ANR WSMDShoreland@vermont.gov</u>

Revised April 2016

For additional information visit. http://dec.vermont.gov/watershed/lakes-ponds

impervious 2778de 2/0 200 175 GARAGE 30 X 36 155 140 125 1001 50 Perch 848 Porch Deck 14×16 05 1015 20183035 50'LGO'A KE CARMI SHORE



Adapted from MDE, 2000 and RI DEM, 2010

TYPICAL COMPONENTS

CONSTRUCTION STEPS:

- 1. Construction should only begin after installation of the contributing impervious surfaces has been completed. The bioretention area will fail if large volumes of construction-related sediment flow into it. Ideally, bioretention should remain outside the limit of disturbance during construction to prevent soil compaction by heavy equipment.
- 2. Locate rain garden(s) where downspouts or runoff from parking lots or driveways can enter the facility while flowing away from buildings and impervious surfaces. Locate at least 5-10 feet from foundations, away from buried utilities, not over septic system components, and not near the edge of a steep slope.
- 3. Measure the impervious area draining to the planned bioretention area and determine the required rain garden surface area from the table on the next page, based on your planned ponding depth and excavation depth.
- 4. Perform infiltration test according to directions in the Appendix. Underdrain is needed if rate is less than 0.5 inches/ hour.
- 5. Measure devations and stake out the bioretention area dimensions and any needed pre-treatment. Ensure that positive flow will be maintained into the garden, the overflow elevation allows for 6 inches of ponding, and that the outer edge of the garden is higher than the down-slope overflow point. If garden is on a slope, a berm two feet wide can be constructed on the downhill side and/or the garden can be dug into the hillside, taking greater care for erosion control at the garden inlet(s).
- 6. Remove turf or other vegetation in the area of the rain garden (if any exists). Excavation work should be completed from the sides, to excavate the bioretention area to its appropriate design depth and dimensions. Excavating equipment should never sit inside the rain garden footprint. Level bottom of garden as much as possible to maximize infiltration area.
- 7. If an underdrain is needed, place at least 3 inches of #57 stone on the bottom, install the perforated underdrain pipe (6" diameter Schedule 40 perforated PVC pipe), pack #57 stone to 3 inches above the underdrain pipe, and add approximately 3 inches of choker stone as a filter between the underdrain and the soil media layer.
- 8. Mix sand, topsoil, and compost together to make the 'bioretention soil mix'. The soil mix should be mostly sand (85-88%) with a little silt (8-12%), clay (0-2%), and organic matter in the form of compost (3-5%).
- 9. Install the soil media in 12-inch lifts until the desired top elevation of the bioretention area is reached. The soil media can be compacted by saturating it with water, or the depth of soil media can be incressed by 10% to allow for settling. These lifts should not be mechanically compacted. Leave the surface eight to 12 inches below your highest surrounding surface. Eight inches allows for 6 inches ponding and 2" of mulch. The surface of the rain garden should be as close to level as possible.
- 10. If needed, build a berm at the downhill edge and sides of the rain garden with the remaining subsoil. The top of the berm needs to be level, and set at the maximum ponding elevation.
- 11. Create an overflow and ensure it is protected from erosion.
- 12. Build the inlet feature as appropriate for your application. Examples include a pipe connected to a downspout, a rock lined swale with a gentle slope, a newly constructed or retrofit curb-cut, or a manufactured pre-treatment device like a Rain Guardian. For rain gardens constructed near structures, an impermeable liner under the rocks at the end of the swale near the structure is recommended to keep water from soaking in close to the foundation.
- 13. Prepare planting holes for any trees or shrubs, and plant the woody vegetation. Plant the rest with a selection of herbaceous plants.
- 14. Place the surface cover in the rain garden area (hardwood mulch, river stone or turf), depending on the design.
- 15. Water all plants thoroughly. Regular watering will likely be needed to establish plants, especially during the first growing season.

GREEN STORMWATER
INFRASTRUCTURE
SIMPLIFIED SIZING TOOL
FOR SMALL PROJECTS

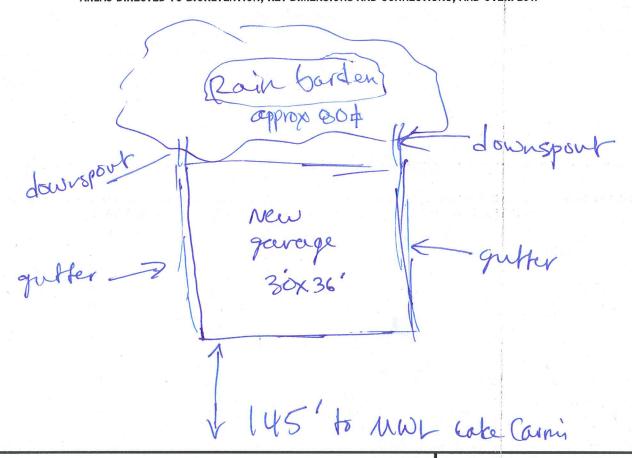
NAME/ADDRESS:

David and Erin Perry 14 Perry landing Frank lin. VT

BIORETENTION AND RAIN GARDENS SPECIFICATIONS PAGE 1 OF 2

SKETCH LAYOUT

PROVIDE PLAN VIEWS OF BIORETENTION/RAIN GARDEN AND STRUCTURE OR GROUND-LEVEL IMPERVIOUS COVER, SHOWING DRAINAGE AREAS DIRECTED TO BIORETENTION, KEY DIMENSIONS AND CONNECTIONS, AND OVERFLOW



SIZING CALCULATION:

Total impervious	Depth of Bioretention Soil Mix (Inches)				
surface area	18	24	30	36	
(square feet)	Bioretention Filter Bed Surface Area (square fee				
100	8.3	7.2	6.3	5.7	
500	40	35	30	25	
(1000)	80	75	65	60	
2000	165	145	125	115	
3000	250	215	190	170	
4000	335	290	250	225	
5000	415	360	315	285	
7500	625	540	475	425	
10000	835	720	635	565	

MEASURE CONTRIBUTING IMPERVIOUS AREA, AND READ AREA FOR GIVEN MEDIA DEPTH. DESIGN TABLE ASSUMES 6 INCHES OF PONDING AND 0.5 INCHES/HOUR INFILTRATION RATE. USE THE CALCULATOR TO ADJUST MEDIA DEPTH, PONDING DEPTH, & INFILTRATION RATE.

CONTRIBUTING IMPERVIOUS AREA: 10,000 sq. ft. (MAX. 10,000)

Infiltration rate: ______inches / hour (min. 0.5)

Depth of soil media: _____inches (24-36)

Ponding depth: ______inches (6-9)
Bioretention filter bed bottom surface area: _____ sq. ft

MAINTENANCE:

- 1. Irrigate vegetation as needed, especially in the first season.
- Remove weeds and invasive species.
- 3. Remove and replace unsuccessful plantings.
- 4. Replenish mulch if used.
- 5. Stabilize eroded areas and re-seed or replant.
- 6. Remove sediment and debris from curb cuts, forebays, or other pre-treatment annually or when flow to garden is blocked.
- 7. Rake clogged surface or remove silt from surface to restore infiltration.
- 8. Monitor for appropriate drainage; if garden does not drain an underdrain may be necessary.

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INFRASTRUCTURE
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ATTACH THIS TWO-PAGE SPECIFICATION TO PLAN SUBMITTAL

BIORETENTION AND RAIN GARDENS SPECIFICATIONS PAGE 2 OF 2

