Appendix 2: Project Types, Definitions and Performance Measures

The following are tables of standard project types and their corresponding definitions and mandatory performance measures. Project types are categorized by sector and step. Tables are broken up by sector. Steps are defined as: Step 1: preliminary engineering design; Step 2: final engineering design, and Step 3: implementation. Some projects do not require preliminary and/or final engineering to be prepared for implementation. All agreements include anticipated performance measures, and grantees/contractors must report on performance measures achieved in the final performance report (mandatory).

All Sectors	Project Type	Step	Definition	Performance Measures
All	Work Crew- supported Project Implementation	NA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Report performance measures for projects based on type of projects completed
All	Technical Capacity Building	NA	Expanding the technical capacity of targeted audiences (such as, but not limited to, municipal governments or nonprofit organizations), to increase local water quality-based stewardship through implementation of clean water improvement projects.	 Number of trainings held Number of individuals trained Number of landowners/individuals contacted by the trainers

¹ All grants involving outreach activities (workshops, trainings, and public/stakeholder meetings) are required to complete the Clean Water Outreach Efforts ANR Online form within one week of each event taking place. This online form and corresponding instructions are available at: http://dec.vermont.gov/watershed/cwi/grants.

Agriculture Sector	Project Type	Step	Definition	Performance Measures
	Agricultural Pollution Prevention – Identification	NA	Assessments of agricultural lands (including cropland, pastureland, barnyards, and production areas) to target pollution prevention projects. These assessments identify areas with the highest contributions of pollutants. Work includes project development and prioritization to target cost effective actions.	Acres assessed/ covered by planNumber of projects identified
Agriculture	Agricultural Pollution Prevention – Preliminary Engineering Design	1	Preliminary determination of feasibility and design of agricultural best management practices that reduce pollutants (e.g., nutrients, pathogens, sediment) and improve soil health. Work includes determining landowner interest, site/design considerations, and overall suitability in implementing agricultural BMPs.	Number of preliminary (30%) designs completed
Agriculture	Agricultural Pollution Prevention – Final Engineering Design	,	Final design of agricultural best management practices that reduce pollutants (e.g., nutrients, pathogens, sediment) and improve soil health.	Number of final (100%) designs completed
Agriculture	Agricultural Pollution Prevention – Implementation		Implementation of agricultural best management practices that reduce pollutants (e.g., nutrients, pathogens, sediment) and improve soil health.	Acres of agricultural land treated

Forest Sector	Project Type	Step	Definition	Performance Measures
Forest	Forestry – Identification	NA	identify project areas and prioritize project strategies to address where implementing forestry Acceptable Management Practices (AMPs) would be most beneficial and cost-	 Linear miles assessed/covered by plan Number of projects identified
Forest	Forestry – Design		Final design of forest logging road, trail, and/or stream crossing Acceptable Management Practices (AMPs) project(s) to address erosion to control nutrient and sediment pollution at prioritized locations.	Number of final (100%) designs completed
Forest	Forestry – Implementation	3	Management Practices (AMPs) project(s) to address erosion to control nutrient and	Linear feet of road drainage improved Number of stream crossings improved
Forest	Forestry – Equipment	3	Purchase or construction of forestry equipment with demonstrated water quality benefit to enhance/improve the implementation of Acceptable Management Practices (AMPs) on logging jobs in Vermont. The AMPs will address water quality concerns and reduce erosion to control nutrient and sediment pollution (e.g., portable skidder bridges that reduce erosion at stream crossings on forest/logging roads).	Number of stream crossings improved

Lake Sector	Project Type	Step	Definition	Performance Measures
Lake	Lake Wise Master	NA	Assessments of lake shorelands to identify areas with the highest levels of nutrient/sediment pollution and habitat degradation for targeting pollution prevention and	Acres assessed/covered by plan
Lake	Planning	IVA	natural resources restoration projects. Work includes project development and prioritization to target cost effective actions.	Number of projects identified
	Lake Shoreland – Preliminary Engineering Design		Preliminary determination of feasibility and design of lake shoreland habitat restoration projects and lakeshore nutrient/sediment pollution reduction practices at priority locations. Work includes determining landowner interest, site/design considerations, permitting needs, and overall suitability for implementing practices.	Number of preliminary (30%) designs completed
Lake	Lake Shoreland – Final Engineering Design	2	Final design of lake shoreland habitat restoration projects and/or lakeshore nutrient/sediment pollution reduction practices at priority locations. Work includes securing permit(s) and final operation and maintenance plan agreement(s).	Number of final (100%) designs completed
Lake	Lake Shoreland – Implementation	3	Implementation of lake shoreland habitat restoration projects and/or lakeshore nutrient/sediment pollution reduction practices at priority locations.	Acres of lake shore restored Linear feet of lake shore restored

River Sector	Project Type	Step	Definition	Performance Measures	
River	River Project –	NA	Assessments of potential floodplain/stream restoration areas to identify locations with the highest levels of erosion, nutrient and sediment pollution, and/or habitat degradation. This work is done outside of a Stream Geomorphic Assessment or River Corridor Planning Process or as a follow up to that process. These assessments identify sites where	Stream miles assessed/covered by plan	
			stream/river restoration projects will be most beneficial to restore the stream/river to least erosive form over time (i.e., equilibrium condition) and improve habitat. Work includes project development and prioritization to target cost effective actions.	Number of projects identified	
River	Stream Geomorphic Assessment- Phase 1	NA	Remote sensing assessment of rivers/streams at the watershed scale to divide rivers/streams into reaches and provide an initial review of stream reach condition.	Stream miles assessed/covered by plan	
River	Stream Geomorphic	NA	Field based assessments of stream reaches to determine current geomorphic and habitat conditions and to determine potential management needs and strategies to restore stream	Stream miles assessed/covered by plan	
	Assessment- Phase 2	sessment- Phase 2	o least erosive form over time (i.e., equilibrium). Could be done in conjunction with a Phase . Stream Geomorphic Assessment.	Number of projects identified	
River	r River Corridor Plan NA	responsible for erosion conflicts, increased sediment a in river habitat. Results in a prioritized list of projects a	Jan I NA I	responsible for erosion conflicts, increased sediment and nutrient loading, and a reduction	Stream miles assessed/covered by plan
			areas. Could be done in conjunction with a Stream Geomorphic Assessment.	Number of projects identified	
River	Dam Removal – Preliminary Engineering Design	1	Preliminary determination of feasibility and design of a dam removal project to restore hydrologic connectivity of surface waters. Work includes determining landowner interest, site/design considerations, permitting needs, and overall suitability for implementing project. May involve feasibility or alternatives analysis.	Number of preliminary (30%) designs completed	
River	Dam Removal – Final Engineering Design	2	Final design of dam removal project to restore hydrologic connectivity of surface waters. Work includes obtaining any permits required.	Number of final (100%) designs completed	
	Dam Removal – Implementation		Implementation of dam removal project to restore hydrologic connectivity of surface waters. Permit(s) and operation and maintenance plan agreement(s) are in place prior to	Acres of floodplain restored	
River		am Removal – 3 water		Linear feet of stream restored	
	implementation		construction.	Stream miles reconnected for stream equilibrium /aquatic organism passage	

River	Floodplain/Stream Restoration – Preliminary Engineering Design		Preliminary determination of feasibility and design of stream/river and floodplain restoration projects to restore the stream/river to least erosive condition (i.e., equilibrium condition) and improve habitat. Restoration work includes channel/ floodplain modification to improve equilibrium dimensions/ connections OR removal/retrofit of river corridor/floodplain encroachments or instream structures. Work includes determining landowner interest, site/design considerations, permitting needs, and overall suitability for implementing project.	Number of preliminary (30%) designs completed
River	Floodplain/Stream Restoration – Final Engineering Design		Final design of stream/river and floodplain restoration projects to restore the stream/river to least erosive condition (i.e., equilibrium condition) and improve habitat. Restoration work includes channel/ floodplain modification to improve equilibrium dimensions/ connections OR removal/ retrofit of river corridor/ floodplain encroachments or instream structures. Work includes securing permit(s) and final operation and maintenance plan agreement(s).	Number of final (100%) designs completed
River	Floodplain/Stream Restoration – Implementation	3	Implementation of stream/river and floodplain restoration projects to restore the stream/river to least erosive condition (i.e., equilibrium condition) and improve habitat. Restoration work includes channel/ floodplain modification to improve equilibrium dimensions/ connections OR removal/ retrofit of river corridor/ floodplain encroachments or instream structures. Permits and operation and maintenance plan agreement(s) are in place prior to implementation.	• For floodplain restoration: Acres of floodplain reconnected/restored • For stream restoration: Linear feet of stream restored • For in-stream culvert work: Stream miles reconnected for stream equilibrium/aquatic organism passage • For encroachment: Number of river corridor/floodplain encroachments removed or retrofitted
River	River Corridor – Buffer Planting	3	Planting of buffer area along rivers/streams with trees and shrubs, resulting in an average minimum buffer width of 35-feet (300 stems per acre), planted with native woody vegetation whose location floats with the river. Buffer supports restoration of river corridor/floodplain, filters nutrient and sediment pollution from runoff, and provides habitat benefits.	 Acres of riparian corridor buffer planted /restored Linear feet of riparian corridor buffer planted /restored
River	River Corridor Easement – Design	2	Evaluation of potential river corridor easement projects identified in an assessment that will remediate river instability that is responsible for erosion conflicts, increased sediment and nutrient loading, and a reduction in river habitat. Work includes determining landowner interest, site/design considerations, and overall suitability for participation in the River Corridor Easement Program.	Acres of river corridor scoped for easement Number of projects identified
River	River Corridor Easement – Implementation	3	Protection in perpetuity of a high priority river corridor to allow for passive restoration of channel stability by allowing natural erosive forces of the river to establish its least erosive form over time (i.e., equilibrium condition). Requires implementation of land use practices promoting water quality and encouraging flood resilience: landowner sells channel management; no new structures/development can occur within the corridor; a 50-foot river buffer of native woody vegetation is established that moves with the river.	 Acres of riparian corridor conserved Linear feet of riparian corridor conserved

Road Sector	Project Type	Step	Definition	Performance Measures
Road	Road Erosion	on NA	Inventory of roads and/or culverts required to comply with the Municipal Roads General Permit (MRGP). Inventories identify specific road erosion and stormwater problems impacting water quality and project strategies to address those issues. Inventories will	Linear miles assessed/covered by plan
	Inventory		inform MRGP implementation schedules, outlining specific remediation actions to be taken over a specific time-period.	Number of projects identified
Road	Road Project –	NA	Identification of potential locations to implement road projects outside of a Road Erosion Control Inventory that will correct high priority road related erosion problems and/or	Linear miles assessed/covered by plan
11000	Identification		collect, store, infiltrate, and filter runoff from transportation infrastructure. Work includes project development and prioritization to target cost effective actions.	Number of projects identified
Road	Road Project – Preliminary Engineering Design	1	Preliminary determination of feasibility and design of projects to correct road related erosion problems for gravel and paved roads and road drainage culverts (e.g., ditches, turnouts, check dams, culvert armoring) and stormwater treatment practices to collect, store, infiltrate, and filter runoff from transportation infrastructure (e.g., bioretention, gravel wetlands, wet ponds). Work includes determining landowner/ municipal interest, site/design considerations, permit needs, and overall suitability for implementing project.	Number of preliminary (30%) designs completed
Road	Road Project – Final Engineering Design	2	Final design of projects to correct road related erosion problems for gravel and paved roads and road drainage culverts (e.g., ditches, turnouts, check dams, culvert armoring) and stormwater treatment practices that collect, store, infiltrate, and filter runoff from transportation infrastructure (e.g., bioretention, gravel wetlands, wet ponds). Work includes obtaining any required permits.	Number of final (100%) designs completed
Road	Road Project – Implementation	3	Implementation of projects to correct road related erosion problems for gravel and paved roads and road drainage culverts (e.g., ditches, turnouts, check dams, culvert armoring) and stormwater treatment practices that collect, store, infiltrate, and filter runoff from transportation infrastructure (e.g., bioretention, gravel wetlands, wet ponds).	 Number of drainage structures installed/repaired ² Linear feet of road drainage improved

² This refers to smaller erosion control structures/retrofits such as culvert headers (stabilize where water enters/leaves existing culverts) and water bars. This does not include upgrades/replacements of road drainage culverts or stream culverts. Watershed crews may use this measure.

Stormwater Sector	Project Type	Step	Definition	Performance Measures
Stormwater	Stormwater utility development (SWU)	NA	Stormwater Utilities provide a dedicated revenue source for stormwater management activities, such as the design, construction, maintenance and administration of stormwater systems, as well as best management practices and other strategies to control and reduce stormwater runoff pollution to surface waters.	Acres of impervious surface covered by an adopted stormwater utility
Stormwater	Stormwater – Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination (IDDE)	NA	Illicit Discharge, Detection, and Elimination (IDDE) assessment to detect unauthorized/illicit discharges of wastewater or industrial process water into a stormwater-only drainage system. When illicit discharges are detected and confirmed, municipalities are required to address the illicit discharge, preventing wastewater or industrial process water from entering surface waters through stormwater-only infrastructure.	Number of illicit/unauthorized discharges confirmed
Stormwater	Stormwater Master Plan	NA	Assessment of a geographic area (sub watershed or town) to determine where stormwater pollution is generated, and where it can be captured and removed efficiently by projects. Results in a prioritized list of projects and strategies to address/mitigate stormwater runoff, and contain recommendations to preserve natural features and functions, as well as	Acres assessed/covered by plan
			encourage use of low impact green stormwater infrastructure.	Number of projects identified
Stormwater	Stormwater – Preliminary Engineering Design	1	Preliminary determination of feasibility and design of stormwater management practice(s) that collect, store, infiltrate, and filter runoff that contains nutrient and sediment pollution from hard surfaces associated with developed/urban/suburban areas. Work includes determining landowner interest, site/design considerations, permitting needs, and overall suitability for project implementation. Work must result in at least 30% design of project which includes a design concept report, topographic and boundary survey, geotechnical report, and project drawings/ specifications.	Number of preliminary (30%) designs completed
Stormwater	Stormwater – Final Engineering Design	2	Final design of stormwater management practice(s) that collect, store, infiltrate, and filter runoff that contains nutrient and sediment pollution from hard surfaces associated with developed/urban/suburban areas. Work includes securing permit(s) and final operation and maintenance plan agreement(s).	Number of final (100%) designs completed
Stormwater	Stormwater – Implementation	3	Implementation of stormwater management practice(s) that collect, store, infiltrate, and filter runoff that contains nutrient and sediment pollution from hard surfaces associated with developed/urban/suburban areas. Permit(s) and operation and maintenance plan	Acres of impervious surface treated
			agreement(s) are in place prior to construction.	Acres of impervious area removed (if applicable)

Wetland Sector	Project Type	Step	Definition	Performance Measures
Wetland	Wetland Restoration – Identification	NA	Assessments to identify priority wetlands and buffer areas for restoration and protection work to promote water quality benefit, encourage flood resiliency, and provide habitat benefits. Assessments involve project development and prioritization to target cost effective	
			actions.	Number of projects identified
Wetland	Wetland Restoration – Preliminary Engineering Design	1	Preliminary design of wetland and buffer area restoration and protection projects to promote water quality benefit, encourage flood resiliency, and provide habitat benefits. Work may include determining landowner/ municipal interest, site/design considerations, permit needs, and overall suitability for implementing project.	Number of preliminary (30%) designs completed
Wetland	Wetland Restoration – Final Engineering Design	2	Final design of wetland and buffer area restoration and protection projects to promote water quality benefit, encourage flood resiliency, and provide habitat benefits. Work may include securing permit(s) and operation and maintenance plan agreements, and final stewardship agreement(s).	Number of final (100%) designs completed
Wetland	Wetland Restoration – Implementation	3	Implementation of wetland and buffer area restoration and protection projects to promote water quality benefit, encourage flood resiliency, and provide habitat benefits.	Acres of wetland restored