

Seasonal Start-Up Procedures and Certification

Public Water Systems Serving Groundwater

The use and submission of this form is **required** for all seasonal groundwater public water systems at the beginning of each operating season before serving water to the public.

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System Information							
System Name:		WSID #:	Class of System:				
What months are you open?							
What day was this start-up procedure completed?							
What day do you plan on opening this season?							
Instructions							
All seasonal systems that serve groundwater are required to complete this form at the beginning of each operating season before serving water to the public. Complete Step 1 below. Certify that each element was evaluated by checking the "Complete" or "NA" box if the element is Not Applicable to the Water System. Shock-chlorinate and/or flush the water system and collect the routine monthly sample(s) as outlined in Steps 2 and 3 and certify they are complete by checking the "Complete" box. Sign and date the form according to Step 4 and return the form to the Division according to Step 5. Return the signed and dated form to the Division no later than 10 days following the month of service start up.							
Step 1: Visual Inspection of the Water System						NA	
Visually inspect the source, treatment, storage, and distribution system for sanitary deficiencies.							
a)			p is tight and intact and that no bolts are missi area around the well is graded to prevent wate	g. Make sure that the electrical conduit is not cracked or broken. r from ponding around the casing.			
b)	If the system has a spring: Check the spring. Make sure the cover is adequately sealed and no insects, rodents, or debris are able to get into the spring. Make sure any vents or overflow have adequate screening on the ends of the pipes. Make sure the spring box integrity prevents surface water infiltration. Make sure there are no new potential sources of contamination near the spring.						
c)	If the system utilizes treatment: Make sure the treatment equipment is operational and maintained. Make sure chemical storage tanks are cleaned and sealed and all solutions are refreshed. Make sure the system has adequate test equipment, such as a chlorine test kit with valid reagent packets. Make sure any backwash or discharge lines have an air gap and are not hard-piped into drains.						
d)	If the system utilizes water storage: Make sure the storage tank has been inspected and cleaned (if necessary) within the last 5 years. Make sure the access hatch/cover is gasketed, watertight, and made of the appropriate materials (no wooden covers). Make sure the storage tank is free from insects, rodents, and debris. Make sure any overflows, drains, or vents have screens covering the pipes. Make sure the overflow and drain pipes terminate above ground and prevent contamination from surface water.						
e)	<u>Distribution</u> : Make sure the system maintains adequate pressure. Make sure there are no cross-connection hazards. Make sure pumps and valves are operating properly. Make sure valve pits are free of standing water and debris. Confirm that there are no obvious signs of leaks or line breaks.						
f)	Routine Sample Locations: Make sure routine possible), and that sample taps and sinks are		e identified, that faucets are appropriate for to	tal coliform testing (no swivel faucets, separate hot and cold faucets if			

Step 2: Shock-Chlorinate and/or Flush the Water System						
Step 2. Shock emornate and or riash the water system						
After visually inspecting the water system and making any necessary improvements, shock-chlorinate and/or flush portions of the water system that may include, but not be limited to, the source, storage facilities, treatment, and the distribution system. Write a brief summary of the shock-chlorination and/or flushing procedure implemented in the space provided.						
source, storage racinities, treatment, and the distribution system. Write a brief summary of the shock-thiornation and/or husbling procedure implemented in the space provided.						
a) Chlorine residual introduced to distribution system (if measured):						
b) Duration of time chlorine maintained in the distribution system (if applicable):						
Step 3: Collect a Routine Monthly Sample						
After shock-chlorinating and/or flushing the system, collect a total coliform bacteria sample any time during the first month of operation and send it to a certified laboratory for analysis.						
a) Collect one sample at any time during the first month of operation. The sample may be collected before or after water is made available to the public.						
b) Code the sample as Routine (RT) on the laboratory chain of custody.						
Step 4: Certification of Completion						
Upon completion of all necessary steps above, fill out the certification below.						
Print Name Title						
Signature Date						
I certify that I am the person authorized to fill out this form and that the information contained herin is true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge and ability at the time the procedure was performance.	ormed.					
Step 5: Return Form to the DWGPD						
' Submit a copy of the completed form to the Drinking Water and Groundwater Protection Division no later than 10 days following the month of service start-up (e.g. The report is due by June 10th for						
returned to service in May). Keep a copy of this form for your records.						
TNC Program Specialist						
Drinking Water and Groundwater Protection Division						
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