

Vermont Clean Water Board Meeting Agenda

Date/Time: Thursday, April 25, 2019, 2:30 pm – 3:45pm
Location: National Life Davis Building – 1 National Life Drive, The Catamount Room (N215)
Call In: [Join Skype Meeting](#)

Welcome, Approval of Agenda and Minutes **2:30-2:35 pm**
December 21, 2018
February 5, 2019
Susanne Young, Chair

Clean Water Fund Revenue Update **2:35-2:45 pm**
Doug Farnham, Department of Taxes (subject to availability)

Clean Water Legislative Update **2:45-3:15 pm**
Julie Moore, Agency of Natural Resources Secretary

- FY2020 Clean Water Budget Status
- Clean Water Fund Program Audit
- Clean Water Service Delivery (S.96)

FY2021 Clean Water Budget Process Overview **3:15-3:30 pm**
Secretary Julie Moore

- Review proposed budget process

Comments from the Public **3:30-3:40 pm**
Susanne Young, Chair

Next Steps/Future Meeting **3:40-3:45 pm**
Susanne Young, Chair

Adjourn **3:45 pm**

Supporting Materials:

1. Draft December 21, 2108 Clean Water Board Meeting Minutes
2. Draft February 5, 2019 Clean Water Board Meeting Minutes
3. FY2019 Clean Water Fund Revenue Summary and Forecast
4. FY2020 Governor's Budget (1/24/19)
5. FY2020 Clean Water Budget and FY16-20 Clean Water Budget Summary
6. FY2020 Clean Water Appropriations as Passed the House
7. Draft FY2021 Clean Water Budget process
8. Excerpt Clean Water Fund Program Audit Statutory Language
9. S. 96 Section by Section Summary
10. S.96 *An act relating to the provision of water quality services*, as passed the Senate

Vermont Clean Water Board Meeting Minutes

Date/Time: Friday, December 21, 2018, 2:00-4:00 pm

Location: Agency of Transportation, Dill Building, 2178 Airport Road, Berlin VT

Clean Water Board Members/Designees:

Susanne Young, Agency of Administration (AoA) Secretary and Clean Water Board Chair

Ted Brady, Agency of Commerce and Community Development (ACCD) Deputy Secretary (filling in for Michael Schirling)

Bob Flint, public member

Joe Flynn, Agency of Transportation (VTrans) Secretary

Jim Giffin, public member

Chris Louras, public member (absent)

Julie Moore, Agency of Natural Resources (ANR) Secretary

Anson Tebbetts, Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets (AAFM) Secretary

Chad Tyler, public member

Attendees:

Diane Bothfeld (on phone), AAFM

Rebecca Ellis, DEC

Ernie and Andrea Englehardt, Lake Carmi
Camper's Association (LCCA)

Jordyn Geller, DEC

Peter Gregory, Two River-Ottawaquechee Regional
Commission (TRORC)

Allison Lewis, DEC

Marli Rupe, DEC

Sue Scribner, VTrans

I. Review of Agenda, Approval of Minutes (2:03 pm)

Agency of Administration Secretary and Clean Water Board Chair, Susanne Young

- 10/31/2018 Meeting minutes approved
- 11/30/2018 Meeting minutes approved by Joe Flynn, Julie Moore seconds

II. Property Transfer Tax Surcharge Receipts Revenue Projection

Agency of Administration Secretary and Clean Water Board Chair, Susanne Young

- See supporting materials: *Property Transfer Tax Surcharge Receipts Revenue Projections, Email 12/4/2018*
- No action required
- Question raised by James Giffin on revising estimated funds available for next FY20
- Motion suggested by James Giffin for a \$1 million placeholder for FY20 for any additional revenue above the current budgeted amount
- Julie Moore seconds, all in favor

III. Review FY2020 Draft Budget (2:20 pm)

Agency of Natural Resources Secretary, Julie Moore and DEC Deputy Secretary, Rebecca Ellis

- See supporting materials: *FY20 DRAFT Clean Water Budget 12/13/2018*
- Line Item #19 (Program Audit): The \$100,000 is a place holder, open to discussion
- Line Item #5: Previously labeled as Agriculture, changed to Natural Resources as a reflection of VHCB's work and the breakdown of project

- The Board discussed the statute on Page 11, Susanne Young questioned if the audit will be before January 2021; Julie Moore noted that members may want to make further adjustments based on the SurveyMonkey results

FY16-20 Summary

- See supporting materials: *FY16-FY20, 5-year comparison, 12/13/2018*
- Line Item #3: Why is agriculture increasing their staff allocation by 33% covered by the Clean Water Fund? Are staff increasing by 33%? It seems like a cost shift from the general fund to the Clean Water Fund (James Giffin); Marcie Hodgdon explained that there was prior carryover and not an increase in staff
- Updated Page 21: Combined clean water bill and capital state fund revenues; Rebecca Ellis explained that in the capital bill section, those numbers are still showing FY19 capital numbers, which will drop out

IV. Review Survey Monkey Results on FY20 Draft Budget (2:45 pm)

DEC Deputy Secretary, Rebecca Ellis

- See supporting materials: *FY2020 Clean Water Fund Budget Survey Monkey Results (November-December 2018)*
- Received multiple comments from the audience as well as in emails that the survey was confusing; suggestion from Rebecca Ellis to use a different platform than Survey Monkey in the future; Board members discussed the possibility of hosting a couple of public hearings around the state, in addition to the survey
- Survey monkey comments included:
 - Focus on 1 or 2 areas rather than spread funds around; discussion detailed how the amount of funding is based on the TMDL and Act 73 priorities
 - When is the EPA going to say we have enough revenues? Response from Secretary Young: The Administration is working on the budget at this time and the next report will have further information; last year's EPA "report card" indicated that the State had achieved 25 of 28 items, and we are hoping all will be met by July (including developing long-term funding)

V. Public and General Comments (3:03 pm)

- Ernie Englehardt (LCCA) curious about the evaluation of projects to achieve water quality benefits; he questioned if the audit looked at phosphorus reduction or if it is an evaluation on the number of projects; Susanne Young clarified that the audit looks at how valuable and effective the projects have been; Rebecca Ellis commented that the Investment Report will answer this and it is clearly intended to be an analysis of our effectiveness and if investments are making water quality improvements
- Andrea Englehardt (LCCA) commented on the units used in the survey, people had to figure units out on their own because there weren't units on a vertical scale; she noted that the information given in the survey was helpful but didn't match up with the questions; Andrea raised concerns on the Act 73 recommendation to spend more money on municipal than agriculture; Rebecca Ellis explained that it is the amount of state funding recommended for municipalities and there is a lot packed into that municipal line, which is why those numbers are so high; Angela then questioned if the municipal overflow was more of a problem for the lake than agriculture; Julie Moore clarified it is an all-in approach, and it just so happens municipal investments are more expensive; the combination of expense and timeline makes the municipal bar so high
- Peter Gregory (TRORC) requested that we further invest in basin planning, to create better projects moving forward; he commented that investing in the foundation of basin planning is the best bang for the buck; he also noted that not all organizations in the state are given funding to support their participation

(for example, watershed groups cannot access funding provided to Regional Planning Commissions and Natural Resources Conservation Districts to assist in basin planning)

- Peter Gregory also commented that the funding to the Better Connections program is not the best use of dollars; VTrans could use other funds for this effort

VI. Discuss and Finalize FY20 Budget (3:17 pm)

Agency of Administration Secretary and Clean Water Board Chair, Susanne Young

- Susanne Young entertained a motion to approve the budget as submitted on Page 11.
 - Julie Moore approved, Joe Flynn seconds
- The board discussed an amendment to drop the line audit from \$125,000 to \$25,000.
- Move to amend the budget as follows:
 - Line Item #6: \$2,555,000
 - Line Item #19: \$25,000
 - Line Item #21: \$6,000,000
 - Line Item #22: FY19 carry over up to \$1,100,000 (new line)
- Total anticipated revenues are \$7.1 million with the two lines added, as of December 21st.
- Motion to approve the budget
 - So, moved, Julie Moore, Joe Flynn seconds move, all in favor

VII. Closing Remarks (3:42 pm)

Agency of Administration Secretary and Clean Water Board Chair, Susanne Young

- For next meeting in January, there will be update of governor's budget, take the approved FY20 budget and work it into the big bill. This can be a conference call.
- The week after January 24, there will be a presentation on Clean Water Initiative Investment Report with Q&A. Melissa will be in touch with a January date.

Adjourn (3:47)

Vermont Clean Water Board Meeting Minutes

Date/Time: Tuesday, February 5, 2019, 2:00-4:00 pm

Location: Agency of Natural Resources, National Life Building, Winooski Room, 1 National Life Drive, Main 2, Montpelier, VT

Clean Water Board Members/Designees:

Susanne Young, Agency of Administration (AoA) Secretary and Clean Water Board Chair

Bob Flint, public member

Joe Flynn, Agency of Transportation (VTrans) Secretary

Jim Giffin, public member

Chris Louras, public member (absent)

Julie Moore, Agency of Natural Resources (ANR) Secretary

Ted Brady, Agency of Commerce and Community Development (ACCD) Deputy Secretary (filling in for Michael Schirling)

Anson Tebbetts, Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets (AAFM) Secretary

Chad Tyler, public member

Attendees:

Caroline Alves, Dept. of Environmental
Conservation (DEC)

Emily Bird, DEC

Diane Bothfeld, AAFM

Laura DiPietro, AAFM (on phone)

Rebecca Ellis, DEC

Doug Farnham, Dept. of Taxes

Erik Filkorn, Dept. of Buildings and General
Services (on phone)

Peter Gregory, Two Rivers-Ottawaquechee
Regional Commission

Jennifer Hollar, VHCB

Neil Kamman, DEC

Mike Middleman, AoA

Joanna Pallito, DEC (on phone)

Emily Peck, VTrans

Sue Scribner, VTrans

I. Review of Agenda, Approval of Minutes and Agenda

Agency of Administration Secretary and Clean Water Board Chair, Susanne Young

- The Board will approve minutes at its next meeting

II. Governor's Final SFY 2020 Clean Water Budget

Agency of Natural Resources Secretary, Julie Moore and Deputy Commissioner Ellis

- See supporting materials: *Final SFY 2020 Clean Water Budget Packet (January 24, 2019)*
- Changes from December 21, 2018 budget – Secretary Moore
 - Secretary Moore noted shift from Capital funds to Clean Water Fund that will allow more flexibility
 - Increased amount in Transportation Bill for clean water from Vermont's federal Surface Transportation Block Grant (STBG) from \$300,000 to \$1.4 million
- Five-year comparison, SFY 2016-2020 – Secretary Moore
 - Secretary Young noted the Debt Affordability Advisory Committee recommended decreasing the amount of debt Vermont goes to market for annually, which will decrease amount budgeted through the Capital Bill
- Secretary Young referenced the Act 73 Report as the basis for the SFY 2020 clean water budget

- Question raised by Chad Tyler about the nature of the “private funding” category shown on the stacked bar graph for agriculture; Secretary Moore explained this represents the anticipated farmer cost-share

III. Clean Water Fund Revenue Sources and Projected Revenue

Department of Taxes, Doug Farnham

- See supporting materials: *Governor Scott 2019 Legislative Priorities White Papers – (a) Environmental Protection, Clean Water Fund and Capital Bill Appropriations FY20 and (b) Environmental Protection, Clean Water funding – Long Term Approach*
- Estate Tax, starting in SFY 2020
 - Relatively stable and well-regulated revenue source that fluctuates around a consistent center point, anticipated to raise \$3.5 million for clean water in SFY 2020
 - Question raised by Joe Flynn about the rationale for raising the threshold for this tax; Doug Farnham relayed it was to conform with the federal level and neighboring states
 - Noted the nexus of the revenue source with clean water, where revenue is supporting a good cause and attracting people to Vermont
- Property Transfer Tax, starting in SFY 2022
 - Property transfer tax proposed to provide revenue for clean water in addition to the property transfer tax surcharge in SFY 2020
 - Doug Farnham explained this tax is tied to the health of the economy but is generally stable and predictable
 - Question raised by Bob Flint on how the Legislature will fill the gap in the General Fund; Secretary Moore responded that the SFY 2020 budget is balanced

IV. Clean Water “Service Delivery”

Agency of Natural Resources Secretary, Julie Moore

- See supporting materials: *Governor Scott 2019 Legislative Priorities White Papers – Environmental Protection, Strengthening Clean Water Project implementation and Improving Regulations*
- Question raised by Bob Flint on how the proposed regional districts would replace the current framework; Secretary Moore explained the goal is to build increased capacity for non-regulatory clean water projects, and not to replicate state government
- Question raised by Chad Tyler about how regional districts will be developed; Giffin added that costs to the state do not go away, but are transferred onto the local district and asked about the cost to stand-up new entities
- Secretary Moore responded the structure and scale of these new entities are under development; the closest current examples are the municipal stormwater utilities, but applying the model at a larger watershed-scale; there is a need to dedicate funding off the top for organizational support, which is already factored in the grants the state is providing to local groups

V. Vermont Clean Water Initiative 2018 Investment Report and Interagency Clean Water Projects Dashboard

Department of Environmental Conservation, Emily Bird

- See supporting materials: *Vermont Clean Water Initiative 2018 Investment Report; Interagency Clean Water Projects Dashboard*

VI. Comments from the Public

- Jennifer Hollar of VHCB complimented the extraordinary effort that went into the Interagency Clean Water Investment Report and Projects Dashboard; Jennifer noted a concern with the proposed redirection of property transfer tax revenue to clean water; it would likely impact other

statutory uses of the property transfer tax, including VHCB which would limit its ability to fund projects that protect and enhance water quality

- Chad Tyler asked if the new proposed funding streams will satisfy EPA's requirements for Vermont to fund Clean Water efforts; Secretary Moore said she is in an active discussion with EPA on this topic

VII. Closing Remarks – Secretary Young

Agency of Administration Secretary and Clean Water Board Chair, Susanne Young

- The Clean Water Board will meet in April 2019 to begin the SFY 2021 clean water budget process

Adjourn (3:43 pm)

DRAFT

CLEAN WATER BOARD
SFY 2020 GOVERNOR'S BUDGET (1/24/2019)

#4

No.	Sector	Agency	Activity	Clean Water Funds	Capital Bill FY20	Total
1	Agriculture	AAFM	Agronomy Conservation Assistance Program (ACAP)	235,000	-	235,000
2	Agriculture	AAFM	Water Quality Grants to Partners and Farmers	2,600,000	3,450,000	6,050,000
3	Agriculture	AAFM	Operating	550,000	-	550,000
4	Agriculture	VHCB	Agricultural Water Quality Projects	-	1,100,000	1,100,000
5	Nat'l Resources	VHCB	Land Conservation and Water Quality Projects	-	1,700,000	1,700,000
6	Innovation	All	Multi-Sector Innovation, DEC and Partner Support	2,555,000	-	2,555,000
7	Nat'l Resources	ANR-DEC (CWIP)	Natural Resources Restoration	2,650,000	-	2,650,000
8	Nat'l Resources	ANR-DEC (CWIP)	Lakes in Crisis Fund	50,000	50,000	100,000
9	Nat'l Resources	ANR-FPR	Forestry/Skidder Bridges		50,000	50,000
10	Roads	ANR-DEC (CWIP)	Municipal Roads Grants-in-Aid	3,200,000	-	3,200,000
11	Roads	VTrans	Municipal Better Roads	800,000	-	800,000
12	Stormwater	ANR-DEC (CWIP)	Municipal Stormwater Project Planning & Implt'ion	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
13	Stormwater	AoA	Stormwater Utility Payments (\$25K each)	125,000	-	125,000
14	Stormwater	ACCD	Better Connections (Stormwater planning)	100,000	-	100,000
15	Stormwater	ACCD	Downtown Trans Fund (Stormwater Best Mgt. Practices)	100,000		100,000
16	Wastewater	ANR-DEC	Wastewater Treatment Facility operators support	110,000	-	110,000
17	Wastewater	ANR-DEC (FED)	Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF)	-	2,500,000	2,500,000
18	Wastewater	ANR-DEC (FED)	Municipal Pollution Control Grants	-	3,300,000	3,300,000
19	Audit	AoA	Program Audit (10 V.S.A. § 1389b)	25,000	-	25,000
20			Total Requested	15,100,000	12,150,000	27,250,000
21			FY20 Anticipated Revenue Projection as of Dec. 21, 2018	6,000,000	12,150,000	18,150,000
22			FY19 Carry-Over Estimate as of Dec. 21, 2018	1,100,000		
23			FY20 Gap (Line 23 = 20 - 21 - 22) as of Jan. 24, 2019	8,000,000		

CLEAN WATER FUNDING IN STATE BUDGET	(FY16+FY17)/2	FY18	FY19	FY20 Governor's Budget 01/24/19				FY20 Governor's Budget 01/24/19 by State and Federal Sources	
				Clean Water Fund	Capital Bill	Transportation Bill	FY20	FY20 State Portion	FY20 Federal Portion
Capital Bill (FY16-20) and Clean Water Fund (FY20)									
AAFM BMP & CREP Grants & Contracts	\$ 1,900,000	4,050,000	3,615,000	2,835,000	3,450,000		6,285,000	6,285,000	
AAFM Operational Funds	\$ -	-	-	550,000			550,000	¹ 550,000	
Aeration System at Lake Carmi	\$ -	-	-						
Phosphorus removal equipment at dairy farms	\$ -	-	1,400,000						
DEC Clean Water State Revolving Fund (SRF)	\$ 1,200,000	1,000,000	1,200,000		2,500,000		2,500,000	2,500,000	
DEC Ecosystem Restoration Grants/Lake Carmi aerator	\$ 3,730,000	6,000,000	8,850,000	8,010,000	100,000		8,110,000	² 8,110,000	
DEC Lake Carmi aerator	\$ -	-	200,000						
DEC Municipal Pollution Control Grants (prior)	\$ 17,500	2,982,384	-						
DEC Municipal Pollution Control Grants (new)	\$ 1,653,250	2,704,232	4,040,000		3,300,000		3,300,000	3,300,000	
VTrans Municipal Mitigation Program/Better Roads	\$ -	1,400,000	2,400,000	800,000			800,000	800,000	
VHCB: water quality projects	\$ 1,875,000	2,800,000	2,750,000		1,700,000		1,700,000	1,700,000	
VHCB: farm grants or fee purchase water quality projects	\$ -	1,000,000	1,100,000		1,100,000		1,100,000	1,100,000	
ACCD Pilot Project Downtown Transportation Stormwater	\$ -	-	100,000	200,000			200,000	200,000	
Stormwater Utility Support (5 x \$25,000) - through AoA	\$ -	-	-	125,000			125,000	125,000	
Statewide Innovation & DEC & Partner Support	\$ -	-	-	2,555,000			2,555,000	³ 2,555,000	
Audit required by 10 VSA 1389b	\$ -	-	-	25,000			25,000	25,000	
	\$ 10,375,750	\$ 21,936,616	\$ 25,655,000		12,150,000	-	12,150,000	27,250,000	-
Clean Water Fund	\$ 4,800,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	15,100,000			15,100,000		
Transportation Bill									
State Highway Compliance (~80% federal)	\$ 5,225,000	4,850,000	5,000,000			5,000,000	5,000,000	⁴ 1,000,000	4,000,000
Transportation Alternatives (for stormwater)	\$ 1,100,000	2,200,000	2,200,000					⁵	
Municipal Mitigation/Better Roads (some federal)	\$ 840,000	1,240,000	1,240,000			828,000	828,000	⁶ 500,000	328,000
Municipal Mitigation from Federal Hgwy STBG Fund (~80% federal)	\$ 190,000	5,442,342	5,442,342			1,100,000	1,100,000	220,000	880,000
	\$ 7,355,000	\$ 13,732,342	\$ 13,882,342	-	-	6,928,000	6,928,000	1,720,000	5,208,000
Appropriations Bill									
DEC Federal match pass through for DEC Clean Water SRF	\$ 10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000				10,000,000	⁷	10,000,000
DF&W Watershed Grants Program	\$ 35,000	35,000	35,000				35,000	35,000	
AAFM Farm Agronomic Practices Program, WQ Grants/Contracts	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	412,000				412,000	412,000	
Federal Lake Champlain Appropriations passing through State Budget	\$ -	-	3,452,000				6,150,000	⁸	6,150,000
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 33,012,750	\$ 50,150,958	\$ 57,436,342	\$ 15,100,000	\$ 12,150,000	\$ 6,928,000	\$ 50,775,000	29,417,000	21,358,000

¹ FY16-19 AAFM Operational Funds included in Clean Water Fund amounts (FY16-17: \$450,000 and FY18-19: \$375,000). Carryforward from two years (FY16-17) of program development and staff onboarding allowed for a reduction in appropriations in FY18-19 to \$375,000 each year.

² FY19: \$2,110,000 (ERP standard) + \$50,000 (forest skidders) + \$1,600,000 (Lake Carmi) + \$2,000,000 (block grants)+ \$3,090,000 (muni roads)
FY20: CWF =Natural Resources (\$2,650,000)+Lakes in Crisis (\$50,000)+Muni Roads (\$3,200,000)+Muni SW (\$2,000,000)+WWTF Optimization (\$110,000)

³ FY20 Innovation: \$1,000,000 innovation grants, \$300,000 DEC innovation initiative; \$1,255,000 DEC partner support

⁴ VTrans does not have a separate line-item for clean water compliance. Assumes

For Vtrans state highway compliance, includes project development, construction, O&M and FTEs.

⁵ While no funding is set aside for stormwater, municipalities may apply for stormwater funding through a competitive process along with

other eligible project types such as bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

⁶ Transportation Bill amount for Better Roads includes \$500,000 in state funds for construction projects and \$328,000 in federal funds for road erosion inventories.

⁷ Most of this appropriation is a federal pass-through. CWSRF loans will be repaid by municipalities.

⁸ Additional TMDL implementation funds from U.S. EPA in draft Lake Champlain Basin Program FFY19 budget.

In FY18, Vermont has appropriated \$51 million for clean water projects (state and federal funds).

In FY19, Vermont has appropriated \$58 million on clean water efforts (state and federal funds).

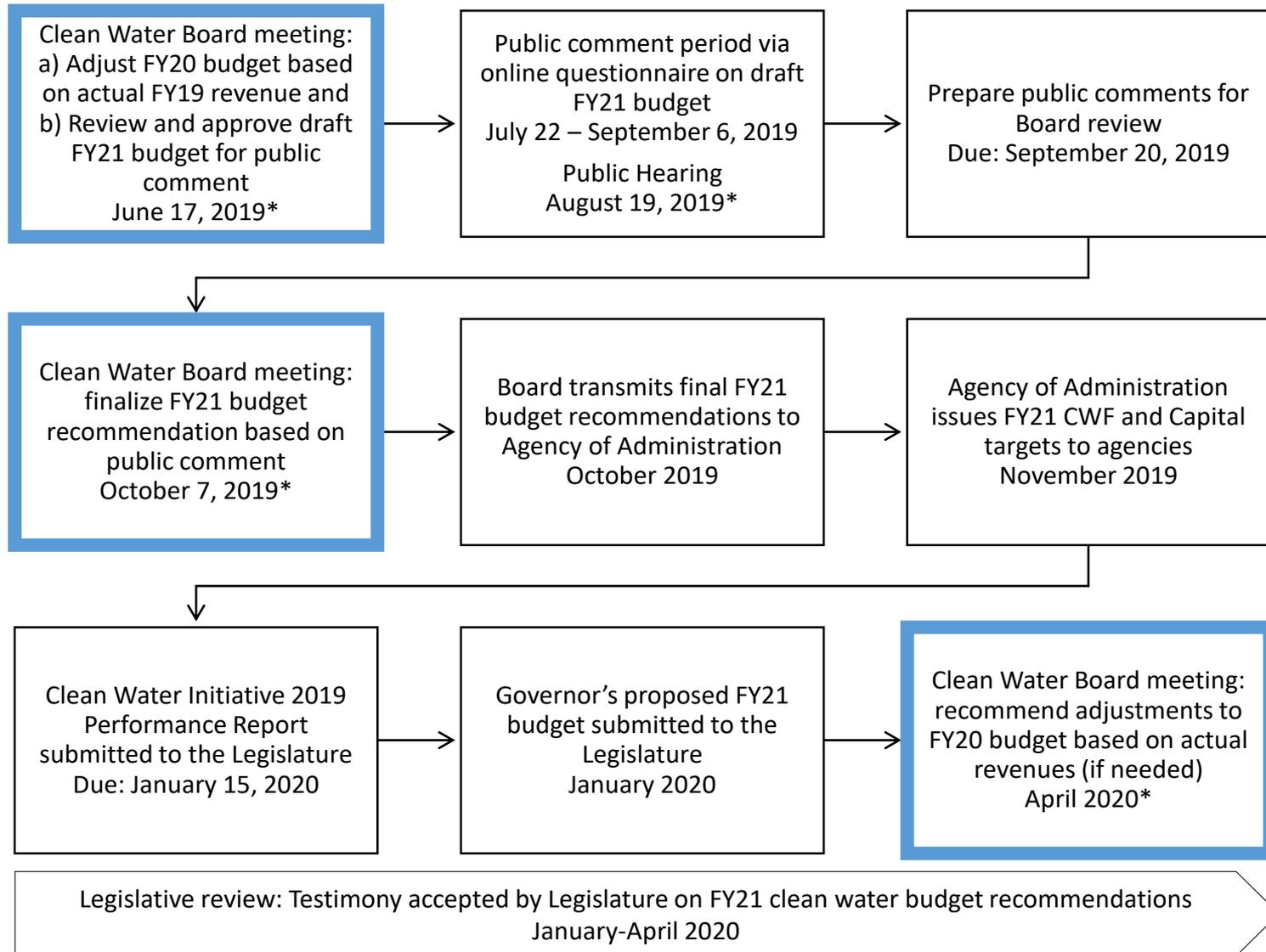
Over 2 years, this represents an increase of \$48 million over baseline spending, or \$24 million average annual increase (state and federal funds).

H.542 FY2020 Appropriations Bill, As Passed House 3/29/19

	Dept. ID	CWF Appropriations	HAC's Proposal	Delta	FY20 Big Bill Section
AOA	1100010000	150,000	150,000	-	B.100
ANR-DEC	6140040000	10,565,000	4,905,000	(5,660,000)	B.711
ACCD	7110010000	200,000	200,000	-	B.801
AFM	B.U. 02200	3,385,000	1,845,000	(1,540,000)	B.225.2
Vtrans	8100005800	800,000	-	(800,000)	B.919
	<i>Total</i>	15,100,000	7,100,000	(8,000,000)	

State Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Clean Water Budget Process (April 2019 – April 2020)

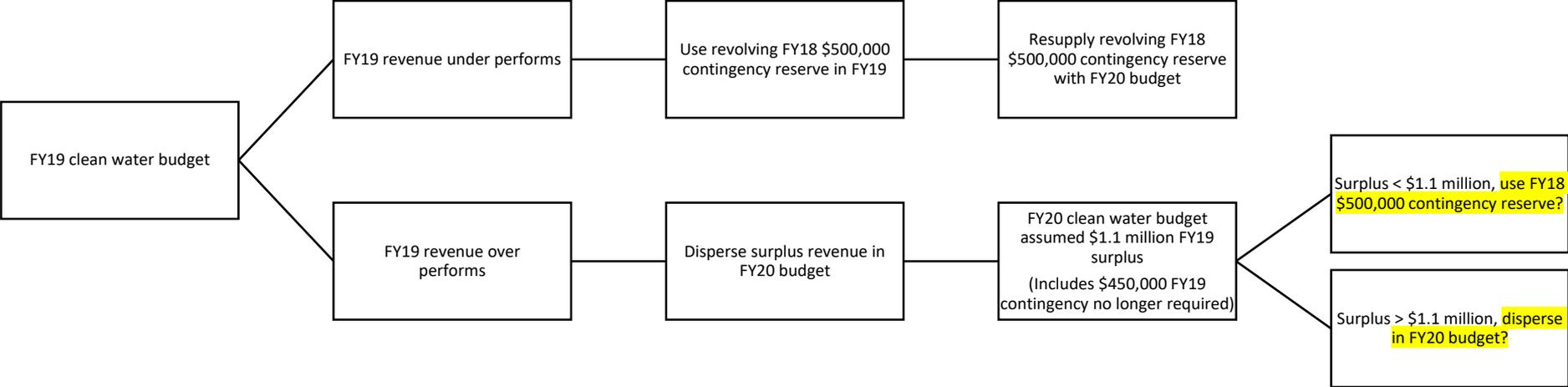
Updated April 22, 2019



Quorum needed

*Approximate dates provided

Clean Water Fund Expenditure Contingency Plan and FY19-FY20 Budget Implications



additional revenue to meet those restoration objectives. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report required by this section.

(b) The Board shall develop and use a results-based accountability process in publishing the annual report required by subsection (a) of this section.

§ 1389b. CLEAN WATER FUND AUDIT

(a) On or before January 15, 2021, the Secretary of Administration shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, the Senate Committee on Finance, the House Committee on Ways and Means, the Senate Committee on Agriculture, the House Committee on Agriculture and Forest Products, the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy, and the House Committee on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources a program audit of the Clean Water Fund. The report shall include:

(1) a summary of the expenditures from the Clean Water Fund, including the water quality projects and programs that received funding;

(2) an analysis and summary of the efficacy of the water quality projects and programs funded from the Clean Water Fund or implemented by the State;

(3) an evaluation of whether water quality projects and programs funded or implemented by the State are achieving the intended water quality benefits;

(4) an assessment of the capacity of the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets to effectively administer and enforce agricultural water quality requirements on farms in the State; and

(5) a recommendation of whether the General Assembly should authorize the continuation of the Clean Water Fund and, if so, at what funding level.

(b) The audit required by this section shall be conducted by a qualified, independent environmental consultant or organization with knowledge of the federal Clean Water Act, State water quality requirements and programs, the Lake Champlain Total Maximum Daily Load plan, and the program elements of the State clean water initiative.

(c) Notwithstanding provisions of section 1389 of this title to the contrary, the Secretary of Administration shall pay for the costs of the audit required under this section from the Clean Water Fund, established under section 1388 of this title.

* * * Property Transfer Tax Surcharge; Water Quality Long-Term

Financing Report * * *

Sec. 38. 32 V.S.A. § 9602a is added to read:

§ 9602a. CLEAN WATER SURCHARGE

There shall be a surcharge of 0.2 percent on the value of property subject to the property transfer tax under section 9602 of this title, except that there shall be no surcharge on the first \$100,000.00 in value of property to be used for the principal residence of the transferee or the first \$200,000.00 in value of property transferred if the purchaser obtains a purchase money mortgage funded in part with a homeland grant through the Vermont Housing and

S.96. An Act Relating to Establishing a Clean Water Assessment to Fund State Water Quality Programs
Section by Section Summary

Section 1. Adds 10 V.S.A chapter 37, subchapter 5, §§ 921-927 Water Quality Restoration and Improvement

<p>Sec. 1 10 V.S.A. § 921 Definitions for the Subchapter</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Basin”: a watershed area designated by ANR for use as a planning unit for required water quality planning. • “Best management practice” or “BMP”: a schedule of activities, prohibitions, practices, maintenance procedures, green infrastructure, or other management practices to prevent or reduce water pollution. • “Clean water project”: a best management practice or other program designed to improve water quality to achieve a target established under 10 V.S.A. § 922 that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Does not need a permit under 10 V.S.A. ch. 47 (water quality permit), is not subject to 6 V.S.A. ch. 215 (agricultural water quality requirements), exceeds permit requirements of 10 V.S.A. ch. 47, or exceeds requirements of 6 V.S.A ch 215; and ○ is within the activities identified in 10 V.S.A. § 924(b)–(developed lands, natural resource protection, forestry, agriculture). • “Design life” means the period of time that a clean water project is designed to operate according to its intended purpose. • “Maintenance”: ensuring that a clean water project continues to achieve its designed pollution reduction value for its design life. • “Standard cost”: the projected cost of achieving a pollutant load reduction per unit or per best management practice in a basin.
<p>10 V.S.A. § 922 Water Quality Implementation Targets</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>§ 922(a)</u>: After listing a water as impaired, ANR shall include the following in any plan to implement the TMDL for the water: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ An evaluation of whether implementing existing regulatory programs will achieve water quality standards in the water. ○ If ANR determines that existing regulatory programs will not achieve water quality standards, ANR shall determine the amount of additional pollutant reduction necessary to achieve water quality standards in that water. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ When making this determination, ANR may express the pollutant reduction in a numeric reduction or through defining a clean water project that must be implemented to achieve water quality standards. ○ An allocation of the pollutant reduction identified by ANR to each basin and the clean water service provider for that basin. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The allocations shall be expressed in annual pollution reduction goals and five-year pollution reduction targets. ○ A determination of the standard cost per unit of pollutant reduction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ ANR shall publish a methodology for determining standard cost pollutant reductions. ➤ The standard cost shall include the costs of project identification, project design, and project construction.

<p>10 V.S.A. § 922</p> <p>Water Quality Implementation Targets</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>§ 922(b)</u>: ANR shall conduct the analysis required by § 922(a) for previously listed waters as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ For phosphorous in the Lake Champlain watershed, not later than November 1, 2021. ○ For phosphorous in the Lake Memphremagog watershed, not later than November 1, 2022. ○ For all other waters impaired by phosphorous, nutrients, or sediment, not later than November 1, 2024. • By not later than November 1, 2020, ANR shall adopt a schedule for implementing the requirements of this section in all other previously listed impaired waters not set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection. • When implementing this section, the Secretary shall follow the type 3 notice process established in 10 V.S.A. § 7714.
<p>10 V.S.A. § 923</p> <p>Quantification of Pollution Reduction; Clean Water Projects</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>§ 923(a)</u>: After listing a water as impaired, ANR shall publish a methodology for calculating pollution reduction values for a clean water project in that water. Pollution reduction values set by ANR are the exclusive method for determining a value. • <u>§ 923(b)</u>: After listing a water as impaired, ANR shall publish a methodology to establish a design life for a clean water project. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The design life shall be determined based on a review of values in other jurisdictions, values recommended by qualified organizations, actual data on design life of a practice, or a comparison to other similar practices if no other data exists. ○ A design life adopted by ANR shall be the exclusive method for determining the design life of a BMP or other control. • <u>§ 923(c)(1)</u>: If a proposed clean water project has no pollution reduction value or design life for a listed water, ANR shall establish the reduction value or design life for the project within 14 days of a request from the person proposing the project. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ A pollution reduction value or design life established under this subdivision shall be based on a review of: pollution reduction values established in the TMDL; pollution reduction values or design lives established by other jurisdictions; pollution reduction values or design lives recommended by qualified organizations; and other applicable data. ○ Upon request of a clean water service provider, ANR shall evaluate a proposed clean water project and determine whether the project is eligible to receive funding as a part of a State Water Quality Restoration Grant under 10 V.S.A. § 925. • <u>§ 923(d)(1)</u>: ANR shall conduct the analysis required by § 923(a) and (b) as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ For clean water projects and design lives related to phosphorous, not later than November 1, 2021. ○ For clean water projects and design lives related to nutrients or sediment, not later than November 1, 2024. ○ By no later than November 1, 2020, ANR shall adopt a schedule for implementing §§ 923(a) and (b) for clean water projects and design lives related to all other impairments. • <u>§ 923(e)</u>: When implementing §§ 923(a) and (b), ANR shall follow the type 3 notice process under 10 V.S.A. § 7714. When implementing the requirements of § 923(c), ANR shall follow the type 4 notice process in 10 V.S.A. § 7715.

<p>10 V.S.A. § 924 Clean Water Service Provider; Responsibility for Clean Water Projects</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>§ 924(a)</u> On or before March 1, 2020, ANR shall adopt rules that assign a clean water service provider to each basin to achieve the pollutant reduction values established by ANR for the basin and implement and maintain clean water projects in a basin. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ ANR shall assign a RPC as the clean water service provider for a basin unless an alternate entity is designated by rule. • <u>§ 924(b)</u>: Clean water projects that a provider may fund to meet a pollution reduction value, include, in no order of priority : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ developed lands, including MS4s, operational stormwater discharges, municipal roads, and other developed lands discharges; ○ natural resource protection, including river corridor protection, wetland protection, and riparian corridor protection; ○ forestry; and ○ agriculture. • <u>§ 924(c)</u>: A provider shall be responsible for maintaining a clean water project for the entirety of the design life of that project. • <u>§ 924(d)</u>: If a clean water service provider achieves a greater level of pollutant reduction than a pollution reduction goal or five-year target the provider may carry those reductions forward into a future year. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ If a provider achieves its goal and has excess funding, it may use those funds towards other eligible projects, operation and maintenance responsibilities for existing projects, projects within the basin that are required by law, or other work. • <u>§ 924(e)</u> A clean water service provider shall report annually to ANR regarding clean water projects completed that year; inspections of previously implemented projects; all indirect and administrative costs incurred; all of the subgrants awarded by the provider; and all data necessary for ANR to determine the pollutant reduction achieved by the clean provider in that year. • <u>§ 924(f)</u>: If a clean water service provider fails to meet its allocated reduction goals or its five-year target or fails to maintain previously implemented clean water projects ANR shall take appropriate steps to hold the provider accountable, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ entering a plan to ensure that the provider meets current and future pollution reduction goals and five-year targets; ○ initiating an enforcement action for the failure of a clean water service provider to meet its obligations; or ○ initiating rulemaking to designate an alternate entity as accountable for the basin.
<p>10 V.S.A. § 925 Water Quality Grant Programs</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>§ 925(a)</u>: ANR shall administer a Water Quality Restoration Formula Grant Program to award grants to clean water service providers to meet the pollution reduction requirements under this subchapter <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The grant amount shall be based on the annual reduction goal for the provider multiplied by the standard cost for pollutant reduction including the costs of administration and reporting. • <u>§ 925(b)</u>: ANR shall administer a competitive Water Quality Enhancement Grant Program to fund projects that protect high quality waters, create resilient communities, and promote the public’s use and enjoyment of the State’s water.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>§ 925(c)</u>: ANR shall administer a Stormwater Implementation Grant Program to provide grants to persons who are required to obtain a permit to implement regulatory requirements that are necessary to achieve water quality standards. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The grant is only available in basins where a provider has met annual goals or is making sufficient progress towards the goals. ○ This grant program may fund projects related to the permitting of impervious surface of three acres or more. • <u>§ 925(d)</u>: ANR shall administer a Municipal Stormwater Assistance Grant Program to provide grants to any municipality required to obtain a stormwater permit. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The grant is only available in basins where a provider has met annual goals or is making sufficient progress towards the goals. • For all of these grant programs, no more than 15% of the total amount awarded to a provider can be used for administrative costs.
10 V.S.A. § 926 Technical Assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ANR shall give technical assistance, upon request, to persons who receive a grant or subgrant to implement a clean water project.
10 V.S.A. § 927 Rulemaking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ANR may adopt rules to implement the requirements of this subchapter.
Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 1253(d)(2): Basin Planning Requirements	
Sec. 2 10 V.S.A. § 1253(d)(2) Basin Planning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sec. 2 amends ANR’s duties when conducting watershed basin planning to require ANR to review and update the pollution evaluations and design life estimates that it conducts for clean water projects under 10 V.S.A. §§ under 922(a)(1) and (2). • Sec. 2 also requires ANR to identify funding needs for projects in the basin that will result in enhancement of resources.
Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 1387. Findings and Purpose for Clean Water Fund	
Sec. 3 10 V.S.A. § 1387 Findings for Clean Water Fund and Board	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sec. 3 adds a findings section in the statute that established the Clean Water Fund to provide that success in implementing the Clean Water Initiative will depend on providing sustained and adequate funding to support implementation of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the requirements of Ac 64; TMDLs or other cleanup plans; ANR’s CSO rule; and operations of clean water service providers. • The findings also note that to ensure success in implementing the Clean Water Initiative, the State should commit to an annual appropriation of not less than \$57,811,342.00, beginning in FY 2020 and adjusted thereafter to ensure maintenance of effort. • Sec. 3 provides that the Fund shall be used to implement the Initiative, including funding clean water service providers.

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 1389. Clean Water Board

Sec. 4
10 V.S.A. §1389
 Clean Water Board

- Sec. 4 amends the authority of the Clean Water Board to add to the Board’s authority a requirement that if there are insufficient funds in the Clean Water Fund to issue all grants required to clean water service providers, the Board shall:
 - Direct ANR to prioritize work for basins, adjust pollution allocations to providers, and issue grants based on available funds;
 - Make recommendations to the Governor and General Assembly on additional revenue to address unmet needs.
 - Notify ANR of the insufficient funds so that ANR can consider additional regulatory controls to address water quality.
- Sec. 4 also amends what the Clean Water Board shall recommend funding for, including funding for:
 - grants to clean water service providers to fund costs associated with the monitoring, operation, and maintenance of projects;
 - the Water Quality Enhancement Grant Program;
 - the Agency of Agriculture’s CREP Program, Farm Agronomic Practice Program, and Clean Water Initiative Grant Program;
 - the Water Quality Restoration Grants, provided funding shall be at least \$1,500,000.00;
- Sec. 4 provides that after recommending funding for water quality grants and programs, the Board shall recommend funding:
 - investment in watershed planning;
 - assistance required for State and municipal compliance with stormwater requirements for highways and roads;
 - funding for education, outreach, demonstration, and implementation for RAPs and any required agricultural BMP;
 - funding for the Municipal Stormwater Assistance Grant as provided in subsection 925(d) of this title;
 - funding for education and outreach regarding implementation of water quality requirements; and
 - funding for the Stormwater Implementation Grant Program as provided in subsection 925(c) of this title

Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 8003. ANR Enforcement

Sec. 5
10 V.S.A. § 8003
 ANR Enforcement

- Sec. 5 provides that ANR may use its default enforcement authority to enforce the water restoration goals and targets assigned to clean water service providers under 10 V.S.A § 923 and 924.

Sec. 6. 24 V.S.A. § 4345a. Regional Planning Commission Authority

<p align="center">Sec. 6 24 V.S.A. § 4345a Regional Planning Commission Authority Clean Water Projects</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sec. 6 amends the enabling statute for regional planning commissions to provide that RPCs shall have the authority, if designated as a clean water service provider under 10 V.S.A. § 924, to provide for the identification, prioritization, development, construction, monitoring, operation, and maintenance of clean water projects in an assigned watershed basin. • In carrying out these duties, RPCs shall adopt a policy for how the RPC will issue subgrants to other organizations in the basin giving due consideration to the expertise of those organizations. • When selecting clean water projects, RPCs shall prioritize projects identified in the basin plan and shall consider the pollutant targets provided by ANR and the recommendations of the basin water quality advisory council.
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Sec. 7. 24 V.S.A. § 4353. Basin Water Quality Council

<p align="center">Sec. 7 24 V.S.A. § 4353 Basin Water Quality Advisory Council</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A RPC designated as a clean water service provider shall establish a basin water quality advisory council for the basin. • The purpose of basin water quality advisory council is to make recommendations to the RPC on identifying the most significant water quality impairments that exist in the basin and prioritizing the projects that will address those impairments. • A basin water quality advisory council shall include, at a minimum, the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ representatives from each natural resource conservation district in that basin; ○ representatives from each local watershed protection organization operating in that basin,; ○ representatives from applicable local or statewide land conservation organizations; and ○ representatives from each municipality within the basin. • The RPC and the basin planner from the ANR shall provide staff support to the council. The RPC may invite support from persons with specialized expertise, including UVM Extension, ANR staff, and Agency of Agriculture staff.
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Sec. 8. Recommendations on Nutrient Credit Trading

<p align="center">Sec. 8 Recommendations on Nutrient Credit Trading</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On or before July 1, 2022, ANR shall submit to the General Assembly recommendations regarding implementation of a market-based mechanism that allows the purchase of water quality credits by water quality and other entities.
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Sec. 9. Effective Date

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2019

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S.96

Introduced by Senators Bray, Lyons, Balint and Starr

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources and Energy

Date: February 12, 2019

Subject: Conservation and development; water quality financing; assessment

Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to establish a Clean Water Assessment on all parcels in the State. Monies collected under the Clean Water Assessment would be deposited in the Clean Water Fund to fund water quality improvement projects in the State.

~~An act relating to establishing a Clean Water Assessment to fund State water quality programs~~

An act relating to the provision of water quality services

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 1389 is amended to read:

§ 1389. CLEAN WATER BOARD

(a) Creation.

(1) There is created the Clean Water Board that shall:

(A) be responsible and accountable for planning, coordinating, and financing of the remediation, improvement, and protection of the quality of State waters;

~~(B) recommend to the Secretary of Administration expenditures.~~

1 (i) appropriations from the Clean Water Fund; and

2 (ii) clean water projects to be funded by capital appropriations.

3 (2) The Clean Water Board shall be attached to the Agency of
4 Administration for administrative purposes.

5 (b) Organization of the Board. The Clean Water Board shall be composed
6 of:

7 (1) the Secretary of Administration or designee;

8 (2) the Secretary of Natural Resources or designee;

9 (3) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee;

10 (4) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or
11 designee;

12 (5) the Secretary of Transportation or designee; and

13 (6) four members of the public, who are not legislators, with expertise
14 in one or more of the following subject matters: public management, civil
15 engineering, agriculture, ecology, wetlands, stormwater system management,
16 forestry, transportation, law, banking, finance, and investment, to be appointed
17 by the Governor.

18 (c) Officers; committees; rules; compensation; term.

19 (1) The Secretary of Administration shall serve as the Chair of the
20 Board. The Clean water Board may elect additional officers from its

1 ~~members, establish committees or subcommittees, and adopt procedural rules~~

2 as necessary and appropriate to perform its work.

3 (2) Members of the Board who are not employees of the State of
4 Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated or reimbursed for their
5 attendance shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of
6 expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010 paid from the budget of the Agency of
7 Administration for attendance of meetings of the Board.

8 (3) Members who are appointed to the Clean Water Board shall be
9 appointed for terms of four years, except initial appointments shall be made
10 such that two members appointed by the Governor shall be appointed for a
11 term of two years. Vacancies on the Board shall be filled for the remaining
12 period of the term in the same manner as initial appointments.

13 (d) Powers and duties of the Clean Water Board. The Clean Water Board
14 shall have the following powers and authority:

15 (1) The Clean Water Board shall recommend to the Secretary of
16 Administration the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water Fund
17 for the purposes of developing the State budget required to be submitted to the
18 General Assembly under 32 V.S.A. § 306. All recommendations from the
19 Board should be intended to achieve the greatest water quality gain for the
20 investment. The recommendations of the Clean Water Board shall be open to
21 ~~inspection and copying under the Public Records Act, and the Clean Water~~

1 ~~Board shall submit to the Senate Committees on Appropriations, on Finance,~~
2 on Agriculture, and on Natural Resources and Energy and the House
3 Committees on Appropriations, on Ways and Means, on Agriculture and
4 Forestry, and on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife a copy of any
5 recommendations provided to the Governor.

6 (2) The Clean Water Board may pursue and accept grants, gifts,
7 donations, or other funding from any public or private source and may
8 administer such grants, gifts, donations, or funding consistent with the terms of
9 the grant, gift, or donation.

10 (3) The Clean Water Board shall:

11 (A) establish a process by which watershed organizations, State
12 agencies, and other interested parties may propose water quality projects or
13 programs for financing from the Clean Water Fund;

14 (B) develop an annual revenue estimate and proposed budget for the
15 Clean Water Fund;

16 (C) establish measures for determining progress and effectiveness of
17 expenditures for clean water restoration efforts;

18 (D) issue the annual Clean Water Investment Report required under
19 section 1389a of this title;

20 (E) solicit, consult with, and accept public comment from
21 ~~organizations interested in improving water quality in Vermont regarding~~

1 ~~mmendations under this subsection (d) for the allocation of funds from the~~
2 Clean Water Fund; and

3 (F) establish a process under which a watershed organization, State
4 agency, or other interested party may propose that a water quality project or
5 program identified in a watershed basin plan receive funding from the Clean
6 Water Fund.

7 (4) Every three years, the Clean Water Board shall develop a financing
8 plan pursuant to subsection (g) of this section for the disbursement of money
9 from the Clean Water Fund for water quality programs and projects in the
10 State necessary for the remediation, improvement, and protection of the
11 quality of State waters.

12 (5) The Clean Water Board shall adopt by rule under section 1389d of
13 this title criteria for adjusting the Clean Water Assessment under section 1389c
14 of this title. The criteria shall be based on the degree of adverse effect a parcel
15 type poses on the waters of the State. Annually, the Clean Water Board shall
16 submit to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate
17 Committee on Finance recommended fee adjustments for each criterion or
18 category of parcel established by rule.

19 ~~(C) Priorities.~~

1 ~~(1) In making recommendations under subsection (d) of this section~~
2 regarding the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water Fund, the
3 Board shall prioritize:
4 ~~(A) funding to programs and projects that address sources of water~~
5 ~~pollution in waters listed as impaired on the list of waters established by 33~~
6 ~~U.S.C. § 1313(d);~~
7 ~~(B) funding to projects that address sources of water pollution~~
8 ~~identified as a significant contributor of water quality pollution, including~~
9 ~~financial assistance to grant recipients at the initiation of a funded project;~~
10 ~~(C) funding to programs or projects that address or repair riparian~~
11 ~~conditions that increase the risk of flooding or pose a threat to life or property;~~
12 ~~(D) assistance required for State and municipal compliance with~~
13 ~~stormwater requirements for highways and roads;~~
14 ~~(E) funding for education and outreach regarding the implementation~~
15 ~~of water quality requirements, including funding for education, outreach,~~
16 ~~demonstration, and access to tools for the implementation of the Acceptable~~
17 ~~Management Practices for Maintaining Water Quality on Logging Jobs in~~
18 ~~Vermont, as adopted by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation;~~
19 ~~(F) funding for innovative or alternative technologies or practices~~
20 ~~designed to improve water quality or reduce sources of pollution to surface~~
21 ~~waters, including funding for innovative nutrient removal technologies and~~

1 ~~community-based methane digesters that utilize manure, wastewater, and food~~
2 ~~residuals to produce energy;~~

3 ~~(G) funding to purchase agricultural land in order to take that land~~
4 ~~out of practice when the State water quality requirements cannot be remediated~~
5 ~~through agricultural Best Management Practices;~~

6 ~~(H) funding to municipalities for the establishment and operation of~~
7 ~~stormwater utilities; and~~

8 ~~(I) investment in watershed basin planning, water quality project~~
9 ~~identification screening, water quality project evaluation, and conceptual plan~~
10 ~~development of water quality projects.~~

11 (2) In developing its recommendations under subsection (d) of this
12 section regarding the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water
13 Fund, the Clean Water Board shall, during the first three years of its existence
14 and within the priorities established under subdivision (1) of this
15 subsection (e), prioritize awards or assistance to municipalities for municipal
16 compliance with water quality requirements and to municipalities for the
17 establishment and operation of stormwater utilities.

18 (3) In developing its recommendations under subsection (d) of this
19 section regarding the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water
20 Fund, the Board shall, after satisfaction of the priorities established under

1 ~~subdivision (1) of this subsection (c), attempt to provide investment in all~~
2 watersheds of the State based on the needs identified in watershed basin plans.

3 (f) Assistance. The Clean Water Board shall have the administrative,
4 technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Administration, the Agency of
5 Natural Resources, the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, the Agency
6 of Transportation, and the Agency of Commerce and Community
7 Development for those issues or services within the jurisdiction of the
8 respective agency. The cost of the services provided by agency staff shall be
9 paid from the budget of the agency providing the staff services.

10 (g) Financing plans.

11 (1) The Clean Water Board shall design the financing plans required
12 under subsection (d) of this section to disburse the amount needed to fund the
13 costs of complying with the following water quality programs after accounting
14 for other available sources of State and federal revenue:

15 (A) federal or State required cleanup plans for individual waters or
16 water segments, such as total maximum daily load plans;

17 (B) the requirements of 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 64; and

18 (C) the Agency of Natural Resources' Combined Sewer Overflow
19 Rule.

20 ~~(2) A financing plan shall include all of the following:~~

1 (A) a management strategy for the disbursement of funds over the
2 term of the three-year plan;

3 (B) the type of projects or programs to be funded;

4 (C) criteria for prioritizing the funding of projects; and

5 (D) methods or measurements to ensure accountability of funded
6 projects.

7 (3) The Clean Water Board shall submit a copy of each three-year plan
8 to the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy, the Senate
9 Committee on Finance, the House Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and
10 Wildlife, and the House Committee on Ways and Means.

11 Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. §§ 1389c-1389e are added to read:

12 § 1389c. CLEAN WATER ASSESSMENT

13 (a) Assessment; administration. There is imposed an annual Clean Water
14 Assessment on all parcels in the State. The Commissioner of Taxes shall
15 administer and enforce the collection of the Clean Water Assessment under
16 section 1389e of this title.

17 (b) Assessment amount.

18 (1) The amount of the Clean Water Assessment shall be \$40.00 per
19 parcel plus or minus any adjustment adopted by the General Assembly and
20 assessed to the parcel based on the criteria or category of property adopted by
21 the Clean Water Board by rule under section 1389d of this title.

1 ~~(2) As used in this section, "parcel" means all contiguous land in the~~
2 ~~same ownership, together with all improvements therein and shall include a~~
3 ~~parcel exempt from taxation under 32 V.S.A. § 3802.~~

4 (c) Exemption. The Commissioner shall not collect the Clean Water
5 Assessment from the owner of a parcel that:

6 (1) is composed entirely of a railroad track right-of-way, provided that
7 the Commissioner shall collect the Clean Water Assessment for parcels on
8 which railroad stations, maintenance buildings, or other developed land used
9 for railroad purposes is located; or

10 (2) the State lacks authority under State or federal law on which to
11 impose the fee established by this section.

12 (d) Calculation. In calculating the Clean Water Assessment, the
13 Commissioner shall round the acreage of a parcel down to the nearest whole
14 acre.

15 § 1389d. RULEMAKING; PRIORITIES; ADJUSTMENTS; CREDIT

16 (a) General authority. The Clean Water Board may adopt rules in
17 accordance with 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 for the purpose of assessing the Clean
18 Water Assessment.

19 (b) Fee adjustment; criteria; parcel category. The Clean Water Board shall
20 adopt by rule criteria or categories of parcels for which the Board annually

1 ~~shall recommend to the General Assembly adjustments to the base Clean Water~~

2 ~~Assessment. In adopting the criteria or categories, the Board shall consider:~~

3 ~~(1) the size of the parcel;~~

4 ~~(2) the location of the parcel;~~

5 ~~(3) whether the parcel or use of the parcel contributes to an impairment~~
6 ~~of a water of the State or otherwise adversely affects water quality;~~

7 ~~(4) an assessment of the surface coverage of the parcel, including:~~

8 ~~(A) the amount of impervious surface on the parcel;~~

9 ~~(B) the amount of cropland on the parcel; or~~

10 ~~(C) the number of residential, commercial, or industrial structures on~~
11 ~~the parcel;~~

12 ~~(5) stormwater treatment practices or other water quality measures~~
13 ~~implemented on the parcel;~~

14 ~~(6) whether to provide credits or reduced charges for payment of a~~
15 ~~municipal stormwater utility fee or other similar water quality charge,~~

16 ~~provided that no Clean Water Assessment for a parcel shall be reduced by~~
17 ~~more than 75 percent; and~~

18 ~~(7) whether the enforcement history or continuing violation of a parcel~~
19 ~~owner shall be a basis for an adjustment to the Clean Water Assessment for a~~
20 ~~parcel.~~

21 ~~§ 1589c. COLLECTION OF CLEAN WATER ASSESSMENT~~

1 (a) Collection. The Clean Water Assessment established under section
2 1389c of this title shall be assessed and collected as part of the tax bill issued
3 under 32 V.S.A. § 5402(b), provided that the Clean Water Assessment shall be
4 listed separately from the tax collected.

5 (b) Municipal retention. A municipality may retain 0.225 of one percent of
6 the total of the Clean Water Assessment collected, provided that the
7 municipality timely remits net payment to the State Treasurer.

8 (c) Remittance. The treasurer of each municipality shall remit the
9 collected Clean Water Assessment minus the municipally retained amount to
10 the Commissioner of Taxes in two payments due on December 1 and June 1 of
11 each year for deposit in the Clean Water Fund.

12 (d) Insufficient payments. In case of insufficient payment of the Clean
13 Water Assessment by a taxpayer to a municipality, the municipality shall not
14 be required to remit to the State the amount of full liability for all parcels
15 within the municipality, provided that the municipality submits to the
16 Commissioner of Taxes a list of those taxpayers who are delinquent in the
17 payment of the Clean Water Assessment.

18 (e) Offset. The Commissioner of Taxes may, under chapter 151
19 subchapter 12 of this title, offset any delinquent Clean Water Assessment
20 against any refund owed the delinquent taxpayer, including, notwithstanding
21 the monetary limit of 32 V.S.A. § 5955(a), an amount of less than \$50.00.

1 ~~(f) Form or format. The Commissioner of Taxes shall specify the form or~~
2 ~~format for the remission of the collected Clean Water Assessment.~~

3 ~~(g) Abatement. A person may seek and a municipality may grant~~
4 ~~abatement under 24 V.S.A. § 1535 of the Clean Water Assessment assessed~~
5 ~~under this section.~~

6 ~~(h) Disposition. The Commissioner of Taxes shall deposit all assessments~~
7 ~~and fees collected under this section in the Clean Water Fund, established~~
8 ~~under section 1389 of this title, for the authorized uses of the Fund.~~

9 Sec. 3. IMPLEMENTATION

10 ~~(a) On or before January 1, 2020, the Clean Water Board shall adopt the~~
11 ~~rules required under 10 V.S.A. § 1389d.~~

12 ~~(b) On or before January 15, 2020, the Clean Water Board shall provide to~~
13 ~~the General Assembly the first financing plan required under 10 V.S.A. § 1389~~
14 ~~and its first recommended adjustments to Clean Water Assessments as required~~
15 ~~by 10 V.S.A. § 1389d.~~

16 ~~(c) On or before July 1, 2021, the Clean Water Assessment, as adjusted by~~
17 ~~the General Assembly, shall be collected as provided for under 10 V.S.A.~~
18 ~~§ 1389e.~~

19 Sec. 4. REPEAL

20 ~~10 V.S.A. §§ 1389-1389e (Clean Water Board; Clean Water Assessment)~~
21 ~~shall be repealed on July 1, 2040.~~

1 ~~Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE~~

2 ~~This act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.~~

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. chapter 37, subchapter 5 is amended to read:

*Subchapter 5. Aquatic Nuisance Control Water Quality Restoration and
Improvement*

§ 921. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Basin” means a watershed basin designated by the Secretary for use as a planning unit under subsection 1253(d) of this title.

(2) “Best management practice” or “BMP” means a schedule of activities, prohibitions, practices, maintenance procedures, green infrastructure, or other management practices to prevent or reduce water pollution.

(3) “Clean water project” means a best management practice or other program designed to improve water quality to achieve a target established under section 922 of this title that:

(A) is not subject to a permit under chapter 47 of this title, is not subject to the requirements of 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, exceeds the requirements of a permit issued under chapter 47 of this title, or exceeds the requirements of 6 V.S.A chapter 215; and

(B) is within the activities identified in subsection 924(b) of this title.

(4) “Design life” means the period of time that a clean water project is designed to operate according to its intended purpose.

(5) “Maintenance” means ensuring that a clean water project continues to achieve its designed pollution reduction value for its design life.

(6) “Standard cost” means the projected cost of achieving a pollutant load reduction per unit or per best management practice in a basin.

*§ 922. WATER QUALITY IMPLEMENTATION PLANNING AND
TARGETS*

(a) After listing a water as impaired on the list of waters required by 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d), the Secretary shall include the following in any plan to implement the requirements of any total maximum daily load adopted for an impaired water:

(1) An evaluation of whether implementation of existing regulatory programs will achieve water quality standards in the impaired water. If the Secretary determines that existing regulatory programs will not achieve water quality standards, the Secretary shall determine the amount of additional pollutant reduction necessary to achieve water quality standards in that water. When making this determination, the Secretary may express the pollutant reduction in a numeric reduction or through defining a clean water project that must be implemented to achieve water quality standards.

(2) An allocation of the pollutant reduction identified under subdivision (a)(1) of this section to each basin and the clean water service provider assigned to that basin pursuant to subsection 924(a) of this title. When making this allocation, the Secretary shall consider the sectors contributing to the water quality impairment in the impaired water's boundaries and the contribution of the pollutant from regulated and nonregulated sources within the basin. Those allocations shall be expressed in annual pollution reduction goals and five-year pollution reduction targets.

(3) A determination of the standard cost per unit of pollutant reduction. The Secretary shall publish a methodology for determining standard cost pollutant reductions. The standard cost shall include the costs of project identification, project design, and project construction.

(b)(1) The Secretary shall conduct the analysis required by subsection (a) of this section for previously listed waters as follows:

(A) For phosphorous in the Lake Champlain watershed, not later than November 1, 2021.

(B) For phosphorous in the Lake Memphremagog watershed, not later than November 1, 2022.

(C) For all other waters impaired by phosphorous, nutrients, or sediment, not later than November 1, 2024.

(2) By not later than November 1, 2020, the Secretary shall adopt a schedule for implementing the requirements of this chapter in all other previously listed impaired waters not set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(c) When implementing the requirements of this section, the Secretary shall follow the type 3 notice process established in section 7714 of this title.

§ 923. QUANTIFICATION OF POLLUTION REDUCTION; CLEAN
WATER PROJECTS

(a) After listing a water as impaired on the list of waters required by 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d), the Secretary shall publish a methodology for calculating

pollution reduction values associated with a clean water project in that water. Pollution reduction values established by the Secretary shall be the exclusive method for determining the pollutant reduction value of a clean water project.

(b) After listing a water as impaired on the list of waters required by 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d), the Secretary shall publish a methodology for establishing a design life associated with a clean water project. The design life of a clean water project shall be determined based on a review of values established in other jurisdictions, values recommended by organizations that regularly estimate the design life of clean water projects, actual data documenting the design life of a practice, or a comparison to other similar practices if no other data exists. A design life adopted by the Secretary shall be the exclusive method for determining the design life of a best management practice or other control.

(c)(1) If a person is proposing a clean water project for which no pollution reduction value or design life exists for a listed water, the Secretary shall establish a pollution reduction value or design life for that clean water project within 14 days of a request from the person proposing the clean water project. A pollution reduction value or design life established under this subdivision shall be based on a review of: pollution reduction values established in the TMDL; pollution reduction values or design lives established by other jurisdictions; pollution reduction values or design lives recommended by organizations that develop pollutant reduction values or design lives for a clean water project; applicable monitored data with respect to a clean water project, if available; modeled data, if available; actual data documenting the design life of a clean water project; or a comparison to other similar projects or programs if no other data on a pollution reduction value or design life exists. Any estimate developed under this subsection by the Secretary shall be posted on the Agency of Natural Resources' website.

(2) Upon the request of a clean water service provider, the Secretary shall evaluate a proposed clean water project and issue a determination as to whether the proposed clean water project is eligible to receive funding as a part of a Water Quality Restoration Grant awarded by the State pursuant to subsection 925(a) of this title.

(d)(1) The Secretary shall conduct the analysis required by subsections (a) and (b) of this section as follows:

(A) For clean water projects and design lives related to phosphorous, not later than November 1, 2021.

(B) For clean water projects and design lives related to nutrients or sediment, not later than November 1, 2024.

(2) By not later than November 1, 2020, the Secretary shall adopt a schedule for implementing the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this section for clean water projects and design lives related to all other impairments not listed under subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(e)(1) When implementing the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the Secretary shall follow the type 3 notice process established in section 7714 of this title.

(2) When implementing the requirements of subsection (c) of this section, the Secretary shall follow the type 4 notice process in section 7715 of this title.

§ 924. CLEAN WATER SERVICE PROVIDER; RESPONSIBILITY FOR
CLEAN WATER PROJECTS

(a) Clean water service providers; establishment.

(1) On or before March 1, 2020, the Secretary shall adopt rules that assign a clean water service provider to each basin for the purposes of achieving pollutant reduction values established by the Secretary for the basin and for identification, design, construction, operation, and maintenance of clean water projects within the basin. The rulemaking shall be done in consultation with regional planning commissions, natural resource conservation districts, watershed organizations, and municipalities located within each basin.

(2) An entity designated as a clean water service provider shall, in consultation with the basin water quality advisory council established under subsection (g) of this section, be required to identify, prioritize, develop, construct, monitor, operate, and maintain clean water projects in accordance with the requirements of this subchapter 5.

(3) In carrying out its duties, a clean water service provider shall adopt guidance for subgrants that establishes a policy for how the clean water service provider will issue subgrants to other organizations in the basin, giving due consideration to the expertise of those organizations and other requirements for the administration of the grant program. The subgrant guidance shall be subject to the approval of the basin water quality advisory council.

(4) When selecting clean water projects for implementation or funding, a clean water service provider shall prioritize projects identified in the basin plan for the area where the project is located and shall consider the pollutant targets provided by the Secretary and the recommendations of the basin water quality advisory council.

(b) Project identification, prioritization, selection. When identifying, prioritizing, and selecting an activity to meet a pollution reduction value, the clean water service provider may consider, in no particular order of priority, funding clean water projects in the following sectors:

(1) developed lands, including municipal separate storm sewers, operational stormwater discharges, municipal roads, and other developed lands discharges;

(2) natural resource protection and restoration, including river corridor protection, wetland protection and restoration, and riparian corridor protection and restoration;

(3) forestry; and

(4) agriculture.

(c) Maintenance responsibility. A clean water service provider shall be responsible for maintaining a clean water project or ensuring the maintenance for the entirety of the design life of that clean water project.

(d) Water quality improvement work. If a clean water service provider achieves a greater level of pollutant reduction than a pollution reduction goal or five-year target established by the Secretary, the clean water service provider may carry those reductions forward into a future year. If a clean water service provider achieves its pollutant reduction goal or five-year target and has excess grant funding available, a clean water service provider may use those funds towards other eligible projects, operation and maintenance responsibilities for existing constructed projects, projects within the basin that are required by federal or State law, or other work that improves water quality within the geographic area of the basin, including protecting river corridors, aquatic species passage, and other similar projects.

(e) Reporting. A clean water service provider shall report annually to the Secretary. The report shall contain the following:

(1) a summary of all clean water projects completed that year in the basin;

(2) a summary of any inspections of previously implemented clean water projects and whether those clean water projects continue to operate in accordance with their design;

(3) all indirect and administrative costs incurred by the clean water service provider;

(4) a list of all of the subgrants awarded by the clean water service provider in the basin; and

(5) all data necessary for the Secretary to determine the pollutant reduction achieved by the clean water service provider during the prior year.

(f) Accountability for pollution reduction goals. If a clean water service provider fails to meet its allocated pollution reduction goals or its five-year target or fails to maintain previously implemented clean water projects the Secretary shall take appropriate steps to hold the clean water service provider accountable for the failure to meet pollution reduction goals or its five-year target. The Secretary may take the following steps:

(1) Enter a plan to ensure that the clean water service provider meets current and future year pollution reduction goals and five-year targets;

(2) Initiate an enforcement action pursuant to chapter 201 or 211 of this title for the failure of a clean water service provider to meet its obligations; or

(3) Initiate rulemaking to designate an alternate clean water service provider as accountable for the basin.

(g) Basin water quality advisory council.

(1) A clean water service provider designated under this section shall establish a basin water quality advisory council for each assigned basin. The purpose of a basin water quality advisory council is to make recommendations to the clean water service provider regarding the most significant water quality impairments that exist in the basin and prioritizing the projects that will address those impairments.

(2) A basin water quality advisory council shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(A) representatives from each natural resource conservation district in that basin, selected by the applicable natural resource conservation district;

(B) representatives from each local watershed protection organization operating in that basin, selected by the applicable watershed protection organization;

(C) representatives from applicable local or statewide land conservation organizations selected by the conservation organization in consultation with the clean water service provider; and

(D) representatives from each municipality within the basin, selected by the municipality.

(3) The designated clean water service provider and the Agency of Natural Resources shall provide staff support to the basin water quality advisory council. The clean water service provider may invite support from persons with specialized expertise to address matters before a basin water

quality advisory council, including support from the University of Vermont Extension, staff of the Agency of Natural Resources, and staff of the Agency of Agriculture.

§ 925. WATER QUALITY GRANT PROGRAMS

(a) The Secretary shall administer a Water Quality Restoration Formula Grant Program to award grants to clean water service providers to meet the pollution reduction requirements under this subchapter. The grant amount shall be based on the annual pollutant reduction goal established for the clean water service provider multiplied by the standard cost for pollutant reduction including the costs of administration and reporting. No more than 15 percent of the total grant amount awarded to a clean water service provider shall be used for administrative costs.

(b) The Secretary shall administer a Water Quality Enhancement Grant Program. This program shall be a competitive grant program to fund projects that protect high quality waters, create resilient communities, and promote the public's use and enjoyment of the State's waters. When making awards under this program, the Secretary shall consider the cost-effectiveness of an award and the funding needs of each basin. No more than 15 percent of the total grant amount awarded to a clean water service provider shall be used for administrative costs.

(c) The Secretary shall administer a Stormwater Implementation Grant Program to provide grants to persons who are required to obtain a permit to implement regulatory requirements that are necessary to achieve water quality standards. The grant program shall only be available in basins where a clean water service provider has met its annual goals or is making sufficient progress, as determined by the Secretary, towards those goals. This grant program may fund projects related to the permitting of impervious surface of three acres or more under subdivision 1264(g)(3) of this title. No more than 15 percent of the total grant amount awarded to a clean water service provider shall be used for administrative costs.

(d) The Secretary shall administer a Municipal Stormwater Assistance Grant Program to provide grants to any municipality required to obtain a permit pursuant to section 1264 of this title. The grant program shall only be available in basins where a clean water service provider has met its annual goals or is making sufficient progress, as determined by the Secretary, towards those goals. No more than 15 percent of the total grant amount awarded to a clean water service provider shall be used for administrative costs.

§ 926. CLEAN WATER PROJECT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

The Secretary shall provide technical assistance upon the request of any person who, under this chapter, receives a grant or is a subgrantee of funds to implement a clean water project.

§ 927. RULEMAKING

The Secretary may adopt rules to implement the requirements of this subchapter.

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 1253(d)(2) is amended to read:

(2) In developing a basin plan under this subsection, the Secretary shall:

(A) identify waters that should be reclassified outstanding resource waters or that should have one or more uses reclassified under section 1252 of this title;

(B) identify wetlands that should be reclassified as Class I wetlands;

(C) identify projects or activities within a basin that will result in the protection and enhancement of water quality;

(D) review the evaluations performed by the Secretary under subdivisions 922(a)(1) and (2) of this title and update those findings based on any new data collected as part of a basin plan;

(E) for projects in the basin that will result in enhancement of resources, including those that protect high quality waters of significant natural resources, the Secretary shall identify the funding needs beyond those currently funded by the Clean Water Fund;

(F) ensure that municipal officials, citizens, natural resources conservation districts, watershed groups, and other interested groups and individuals are involved in the basin planning process;

~~(E)~~(G) ensure regional and local input in State water quality policy development and planning processes;

~~(F)~~(H) provide education to municipal officials and citizens regarding the basin planning process;

~~(G)~~(I) develop, in consultation with the regional planning commission, an analysis and formal recommendation on conformance with the goals and objectives of applicable regional plans;

~~(H)~~(J) provide for public notice of a draft basin plan; and

~~(H)(K)~~ provide for the opportunity of public comment on a draft basin plan.

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 1387 is amended to read:

§ 1387. FINDINGS; PURPOSE; CLEAN WATER INITIATIVE

(a)(1) The State has committed to implementing a long-term Clean Water Initiative to provide mechanisms, staffing, and financing necessary to achieve and maintain compliance with the Vermont Water Quality Standards for all State waters.

(2) Success in implementing the Clean Water Initiative will depend largely on providing sustained and adequate funding to support the implementation of all of the following:

(A) the requirements of 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 64;

(B) federal or State required cleanup plans for individual waters or water segments, such as total maximum daily load plans;

(C) the Agency of Natural Resources' Combined Sewer Overflow Rule; and

(D) the operations of clean water service providers under chapter 37, subchapter 5 of this title.

(3) To ensure success in implementing the Clean Water Initiative, the State should commit to funding the Clean Water Initiative in a manner that ensures the maintenance of effort and that provides an annual appropriation for clean water programs in a range of \$50 million to \$60 million as adjusted for inflation over the duration of the Initiative.

(b) The General Assembly establishes in this subchapter a Vermont Clean Water Fund as a mechanism for financing the improvement of water quality in the State. The Clean Water Fund shall be used to:

(1) assist the State in complying with water quality requirements and construction or implementation of water quality projects or programs the implementation of the Clean Water Initiative;

(2) fund staff positions at the Agency of Natural Resources, Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, or Agency of Transportation when the positions are necessary to achieve or maintain compliance with water quality requirements and existing revenue sources are inadequate to fund the necessary positions; and

(3) provide funding to nonprofit organizations, regional associations, and other entities for implementation and administration of community-based

~~water quality programs or projects~~ clean water service providers to meet the obligations of chapter 37, subchapter 5 of this title.

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 1389 is amended to read:

§ 1389. CLEAN WATER BOARD

(a) Creation.

(1) There is created the Clean Water Board that shall:

(A) be responsible and accountable for planning, coordinating, and financing of the remediation, improvement, and protection of the quality of State waters;

(B) recommend to the Secretary of Administration expenditures:

(i) appropriations from the Clean Water Fund; and

(ii) clean water projects to be funded by capital appropriations.

(2) The Clean Water Board shall be attached to the Agency of Administration for administrative purposes.

(b) Organization of the Board. The Clean Water Board shall be composed of:

(1) the Secretary of Administration or designee;

(2) the Secretary of Natural Resources or designee;

(3) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee;

(4) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or designee;

(5) the Secretary of Transportation or designee; and

(6) four members of the public, who are not legislators, with expertise in one or more of the following subject matters: public management, civil engineering, agriculture, ecology, wetlands, stormwater system management, forestry, transportation, law, banking, finance, and investment, to be appointed by the Governor.

** * **

(d) Powers and duties of the Clean Water Board. The Clean Water Board shall have the following powers and authority:

** * **

(3) The Clean Water Board shall:

~~(A) establish a process by which watershed organizations, State agencies, and other interested parties may propose water quality projects or programs for financing from the Clean Water Fund;~~

~~(B) develop an annual revenue estimate and proposed budget for the Clean Water Fund;~~

~~(C)(B) establish measures for determining progress and effectiveness of expenditures for clean water restoration efforts;~~

~~(C) if the Board determines that there are insufficient funds in the Clean Water Fund to issue all grants required by section 925(a) of this title, conduct all of the following:~~

~~(i) Direct the Secretary of Natural Resources to prioritize the work needed in every basin, adjust pollution allocations assigned to clean water service providers, and issue grants based on available funding.~~

~~(ii) Make recommendations to the Governor and General Assembly on additional revenue to address unmet needs.~~

~~(iii) Notify the Secretary of Natural Resources that there are insufficient funds in the Fund. The Secretary of Natural Resources shall consider additional regulatory controls to address water quality improvements that could not be funded.~~

~~(D) issue the annual Clean Water Investment Report required under section 1389a of this title; and~~

~~(E) solicit, consult with, and accept public comment from organizations interested in improving water quality in Vermont regarding recommendations under this subsection (d) for the allocation of funds from the Clean Water Fund; and~~

~~(F) establish a process under which a watershed organization, State agency, or other interested party may propose that a water quality project or program identified in a watershed basin plan receive funding from the Clean Water Fund.~~

~~(e) Priorities.~~

~~(4) In making recommendations under subsection (d) of this section regarding the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water Fund, the Board shall prioritize recommend:~~

~~(A) funding to programs and projects that address sources of water pollution in waters listed as impaired on the list of waters established by 33 U.S.C. § 1313(d);~~

~~(B) funding to projects that address sources of water pollution identified as a significant contributor of water quality pollution, including financial assistance to grant recipients at the initiation of a funded project;~~

(1) funding for the following grants and programs:

(A) grants to clean water service providers to fund the reasonable costs associated with the monitoring, operation, and maintenance of clean water projects in a basin;

(B) the Water Quality Restoration Grant Program as provided under subsection 925(a) of this title;

(C) the Agency of Agriculture, Food, and Markets' Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program, Farm Agronomic Practice Program, and Clean Water Initiative Partner Grant Program; and

(D) the Water Quality Enhancement Grants as provided in subsection 925(b) of this title, provided funding shall be at least \$1,500,000.00;

(2) to the extent that funding is available after funding grants and programs identified under subdivision (1) of this subsection:

(A) investment in watershed planning;

~~(B)~~ funding to programs or projects that address or repair riparian conditions that increase the risk of flooding or pose a threat to life or property;

~~(D)~~ assistance required for State and municipal compliance with stormwater requirements for highways and roads;

~~(E)~~ (C) funding for education and outreach regarding the implementation of water quality requirements, including funding for education, outreach, demonstration, and access to tools for the implementation of the Acceptable Management Practices for Maintaining Water Quality on Logging Jobs in Vermont, as adopted by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation;

~~(F)~~ (D) funding for education, outreach, demonstration, and implementation for required agricultural practices and any required best management practices on agricultural land;

(E) funding for the Municipal Stormwater Assistance Grant as provided in subsection 925(d) of this title;

(F) funding for education and outreach regarding implementation of water quality requirements;

~~(G) funding for innovative or alternative technologies or practices designed to improve water quality or reduce sources of pollution to surface waters, including funding for innovative nutrient removal technologies and community-based methane digesters that utilize manure, wastewater, and food residuals to produce energy; and~~

~~(H) funding for the Stormwater Implementation Grant Program as provided in subsection 925(c) of this title~~

~~(G) funding to purchase agricultural land in order to take that land out of practice when the State water quality requirements cannot be remediated through agricultural Best Management Practices;~~

~~(H) funding to municipalities for the establishment and operation of stormwater utilities; and~~

~~(I) investment in watershed basin planning, water quality project identification screening, water quality project evaluation, and conceptual plan development of water quality projects.~~

~~(2) In developing its recommendations under subsection (d) of this section regarding the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water Fund, the Clean Water Board shall, during the first three years of its existence and within the priorities established under subdivision (1) of this subsection (e), prioritize awards or assistance to municipalities for municipal compliance with water quality requirements and to municipalities for the establishment and operation of stormwater utilities.~~

~~(3) In developing its recommendations under subsection (d) of this section regarding the appropriate allocation of funds from the Clean Water Fund, the Board shall, after satisfaction of the priorities established under subdivision (1) of this subsection (e), attempt to provide investment in all watersheds of the State based on the needs identified in watershed basin plans.~~

~~(f) Assistance. The Clean Water Board shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Administration, the Agency of Natural Resources, the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, the Agency of Transportation, and the Agency of Commerce and Community Development for those issues or services within the jurisdiction of the respective agency. The cost of the services provided by agency staff shall be paid from the budget of the agency providing the staff services.~~

~~Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 8003(a) is amended to read~~

~~(a) The Secretary may take action under this chapter to enforce the following statutes and rules, permits, assurances, or orders implementing the~~

following statutes, and the Board may take such action with respect to subdivision (10) of this subsection:

** * **

(5) 10 V.S.A. chapter 37, relating to wetlands protection, water restoration goals and targets, and water resources management;

** * **

Sec. 6. 24 V.S.A. § 4345a is amended to read:

§ 4345a. DUTIES OF REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSIONS

A regional planning commission created under this chapter shall:

** * **

(20) If designated as a clean water service provider under 10 V.S.A. § 924, provide for the identification, prioritization, development, construction, monitoring, operation, and maintenance of clean water projects in the basin assigned to the regional planning commission in accordance with the requirements of 10 V.S.A. chapter 37, subchapter 5.

Sec. 7. [Deleted.]

Sec. 8. RECOMMENDATIONS ON NUTRIENT CREDIT TRADING

On or before July 1, 2022, the Secretary of Natural Resources, after consultation with the Clean Water Board, shall submit to the Senate Committees on Appropriations, on Natural Resources and Energy, and on Finance and the House Committees on Appropriations, on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife, and on Ways and Means recommendations regarding implementation of a market-based mechanism that allows the purchase of water quality credits by permittees under 10 V.S.A. Chapter 47, and other entities.

Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.