report for VT DEC: research on EPR programs for HHW



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product stewardship institute january 31, 2019







Vermont has EPR laws for the following products:

- automobile switches
- batteries
- electronics
- > fluorescent lamps
- > paint
- mercury thermostats











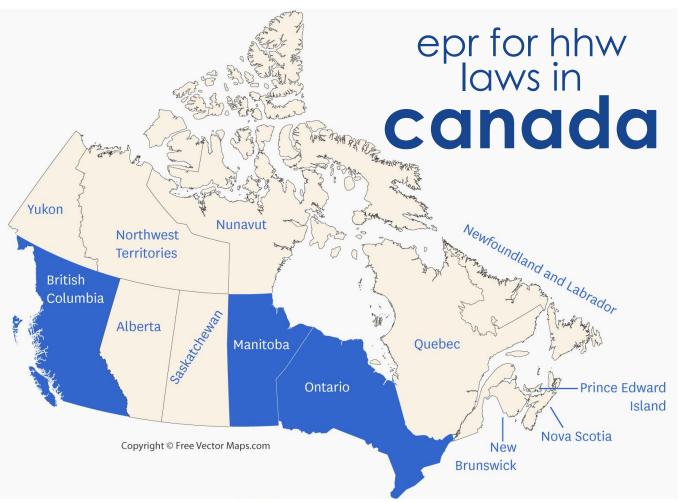
	estimated range of HHW materials collected (% by weight)
covered by existing VT EPR	42 – 54 %
covered by other VT programs	5 – 15 %
covered under H.560	25 – 28 %
not covered (remaining municipal cost)	15 – 16 %



H.560 includes consumer products offered for retail sale that:

- meet RCRA criteria for characteristic waste including ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity
- meet criteria for designation as certain classes of hazardous material by U.S. DOT under Hazardous Material Transportation Act
- > are considered marine pollutants under federal law
- are hazardous wastes under VT law (Chapter 159)







research questions



- 1. manufacturers + products
- 2. implementation cost
- 3. effective + efficient program implementation
- potential impacts (on collection convenience, local government costs, material diverted)
- 5. alternative program models that could increase consumer convenience + reduce municipal costs



manufacturers + products

likely to be covered by H.560 are estimated to include:

- ~ 400 to 650 manufacturers
 - Approx. 10% manufacturers produce ~ 70% of products coming into VT HHW facilities

~1,800 products

- aerosols
- automotive additives
- flammable degreasers
- furniture stripper
- paint and varnish remover
- paint thinner
- pool cleaners
- and others...





implementation **cost**

H.560 includes two phases of increasing convenience:

- 1. phase 1: july 1, **2020** to june 30, **2023** permanent facilities (existing) = 5 collection events = 119
- 2. phase 2: **after** june 30, **2023** permanent facilities (1 per county) = 14 collection events = 29





implementation cost



total program costs

phase 1 - july 1, 2020 to june 30, 2023: \$1,709,000 per year phase 2 - after june 30, 2023

- ✓ <u>satellite scenario</u>
 - annual operating cost range: \$1,615,000 to \$3,088,000
 - **capital** cost range: \$3,440,000 to \$5,160,000
- ✓ <u>stand-alone scenario</u>
 - annual operating cost range: \$1,616,000 to \$3,088,000
 - capital cost range: \$7,040,000 to \$10,560,000

state agency costs (covered by stewardship program)

~ \$50,000 per year, more initially



implementation **cost**



stewardship organization costs

phase 1 - july 1, **2020** to june 30, **2023**: \$427,000 to \$478,000/year phase 2 - **after** june 30, **2023**

- ✓ <u>satellite scenario</u>
 - annual operating cost range: \$404,000 to \$865,000
 - **capital** cost range: \$860,000 to \$1,445,000
- ✓ <u>stand-alone scenario</u>
 - annual operating cost range: \$404,000 to \$865,000
 - **capital** cost range: \$1,760,000 to \$2,957,000



effective + efficient implementation

H.560 contributes to effective/efficient implementation:

- clear technical covered product definitions
- broad product scope
- sufficient state **resources** + **authority** to administer + enforce
- allowing all local government collection programs/facilities to opt to be part of a collection plan
- collection convenience in all counties
- environmentally sound management
- performance targets + other info essential to evaluating the program





effective + efficient implementation



recommended changes to H.560 to improve program implementation:

- to reduce costs while still providing convenient collection, consider:
 - > strategically placed regional facilities instead of a facility per county
 - smaller satellite facilities that feed into larger permanent facilities (satellite scenario, possibly larger groupings of full-scale and satellite facilities)
 - **expansion of existing facilities** to serve one or more satellite facilities
 - use of facilities not currently routinely used as HHW collection facilities
 - allowing rural counties to be served by a seasonal facility or rover events that bring HHW back to a regional permanent facility



effective + efficient implementation



recommended changes to H.560 to improve program implementation:

- require minimum county participation rate + minimum hours
- add a public awareness performance goal
- provide for penalties
- add broader environmentally sound management requirements



potential impacts on VT's HHW management system

collection convenience:

180 percent increase nine new permanent collection sites

local government cost savings:

(equals stewardship organization costs)

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potential impacts on VT's HHW management system

material diverted:

<u>first 2 years</u>: 197 additional tons per year diverted

by 2nd year: HHW landfilled reduced to 443 tons (from current rate of 640 tons/year)





alternative models

Model	Reduces Municipal Cost?	Specifically Provides for Resident Convenience?	Additional Considerations
Vermont Pesticide Product Registration Program	Yes, but does not cover full costs of HHW management	No	 Allocates funding for education related to proper purchase, application, and disposal of household pesticides Lacks performance measures to evaluate program effectiveness
Tire Fee Model	Varies- may/may not cover cost of recycling/disposal & cleanup of illegally dumped tires	No	 Unlike model EPR programs, lacks: performance measures to evaluate program effectiveness, education/outreach requirements to increase consumer awareness sustainable funding (may or may not cover the cost of recycling/disposal)
State Grants/Funds	Yes, but generally does not cover full costs of HHW management	No	 Not sustainably funded May be intermittent
Voluntary Industry Product Stewardship	Yes, but generally does not cover full costs of HHW management	May provide increased convenience	 Voluntary programs for batteries and mercury thermostats have low recycling rates. VT has found it necessary to pass EPR laws to increase recycling rates. Not sustainably funded May be intermittent, may not provide consistent recycling service to citizens throughout the state Does not provide level playing field



thank you!

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questions?



